A

## AQA

Surname $\qquad$
Other Names

Centre Number

Candidate Number
Candidate Signature

## GCSE <br> STATISTICS

Higher Tier Paper 1

## 8382/1H

Thursday 13 June 2019 Afternoon
Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

For this paper you must have:

- a calculator
- mathematical instruments.

At the top of the page, write your surname and other names, your centre number, your candidate number and add your signature.
[Turn over]


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## INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Answer ALL questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross out any work you do not want to be marked.


## INFORMATION

- The marks for the questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more answer paper and graph paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer booklet.

DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO

Answer ALL questions in the spaces provided.

1 Amol wants to take a SYSTEMATIC sample of size $\mathbf{5 0}$ from the $\mathbf{1 0 0 0}$ students in his school.

He numbers all the students from 0001 to 1000
He chooses the student numbered 0014 as his random starting point.

Circle the number corresponding to the next student who will be in his sample. [1 mark]
0015
0020
0034
0064


2 A library opens every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
The librarian records the number of books borrowed each day for a period of 4 weeks.

| DAY | BOOKS BORROWED |
| :--- | :--- |
| M | 47 |
| W | 33 |
| F | 39 |
| M | 51 |
| W | 34 |
| F | 42 |
| M | 52 |
| W | 32 |
| F | 45 |
| M | 56 |
| W | 39 |
| F | 46 |

What type of moving average would be suitable for these data?

Circle your answer. [1 mark]

> 3-point 4-point 5-point 7-point
[Turn over]

3 Pierre is investigating how the mileage of a second-hand car affects the car's value.

What type of variable is the make of a car in Pierre's investigation?
Circle your answer. [1 mark]
response
independent
dependent
$4 \quad A$ and $B$ are events with
$P(A)=0.5$
$P(A$ and $B)=0.3$
Circle the value of $P(B \mid A)$. [1 mark]
0.15
0.2
0.6
0.8

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[Turn over]


5 A college has a rule that no student should work more than 6 hours per week in a part-time job.

The college principal wants to find out how many students work for more than this.

He decides to carry out a census of all 3600 students in the college.

All students were asked to complete a questionnaire in one of their classes.

One of the questions on the questionnaire was

Do you usually work for more than 6 hours per week in a part-time job?

Only 75\% of the students answered the question.
Of these students, 216 said that they did usually work for more than 6 hours per week in a part-time job.

5 (a) What percentage of the students answering the question usually worked for more than 6 hours per week in a part-time job? [2 marks]

## Answer <br> \%

[Turn over]

## BLANK PAGE

5 (b) Give TWO reasons why the percentage of students in the college who usually work more than 6 hours per week in a part-time job is likely to be greater than your answer to PART (a). [2 marks]

Reason 1 $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Reason 2 $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
[Turn over]

6 A bird charity places nest boxes in three woodlands, Staple Woods, East Valley Woods and Stourness Woods.

The pictogram shows the number of nest boxes it places in each woodland.

| Staple Woods |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| East Valley Woods | $\hat{0}\rangle \hat{0}\rangle \hat{0}\rangle \hat{0}$ |
| Stourness Woods |  |

KEY: 〇 represents $\qquad$ nest boxes

6 (a) The charity places 24 more nest boxes in East Valley Woods than it places in Stourness Woods.

Show that

0represents 15 nest boxes. [2 marks]
[Turn over]

At the end of the year, the charity checks the nest boxes to see if they have been occupied by birds.

The bar chart shows the number of occupied nest boxes in two of the woodlands.

Number occupied


6 (b) Mandy claims that a greater proportion of the nest boxes in Staple Woods were occupied than the boxes in East Valley Woods.

Is she correct?
Tick $(\checkmark)$ one box.


You MUST show your working. [3 marks]
[Turn over]

## REPEAT OF DIAGRAMS

| Staple <br> Woods |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| East Valley Woods | $0\rangle 0\rangle 0\rangle 0\rangle$ |
| Stourness Woods |  |

KEY: $\bigcirc$ represents $\qquad$ nest boxes

Number occupied


6 (c) The charity finds that exactly 10\% of all the nest boxes have been occupied.

Complete the bar chart, repeated on the opposite page, to show the number of occupied nest boxes in Stourness Woods, shown in the pictogram opposite. [3 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
[Turn over]

7 Information about the population of Australia in 2017 is shown in the population pyramid, on the opposite page.

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics

7 (a) In 2017, there were 1.6 million males aged 0 - 9 years.
Complete the population pyramid, on the opposite page. [1 mark]

[Turn over]

7 (b) Carla is investigating the hypothesis,
The percentage of those aged 80 and over who are male is greater in 2017 than in 1997.

In 1997 there were,

- 330000 females aged 80 and over
- 170000 males aged 80 and over.

Investigate Carla's hypothesis.
You MUST show your working. [4 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

8 Charlie wants to investigate how people do most of their travelling.

She begins by asking 30 of her friends how they travel to school.

8 (a) Write down a question that Charlie could ask. [1 mark]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

8 (b) The frequency table shows Charlie's results.

| Method of Travel | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- |
| Car | 3 |
| Bus | 6 |
| Walk | 18 |
| Cycle | 2 |
| Train | 1 |

Charlie says,
" $10 \%$ of these friends come to school by car, so $10 \%$ of all students come to school by car." Comment on BOTH PARTS of Charlie's statement. [2 marks]
" $10 \%$ of these friends come to school by car"
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
"10\% of all students come to school by car"

## [Turn over]

## 24

8 (c) Charlie hears on the news that more people than ever are using cars to travel and roads are getting busier.

She sees this graph on a news website.
Billion passenger
km per year


## KEY

- Cars, vans and taxis
---- Rail

Source: adapted from Department for Transport


Comment, with a reason, whether or not the graph confirms that,

8 (c) (i) more people are using their cars to travel. [1 mark]

8 (c) (ii) roads are getting busier. [1 mark]
[Turn over]

8 (d) Using the graph on page 24, make TWO statements about RAIL travel over the years. [2 marks]

8 (e) Charlie decides to look into rail travel in more depth.

She asks 12 of her friends how many times they have been on a train in the last year. The results, in ascending order, are

$$
\begin{array}{llllllllllll}
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 6 & 7 & 387
\end{array}
$$

Charlie says,
"The average number of times my friends have been on a train in the last year is 34 "

8 (e) (i) Which measure of average did Charlie work out?

Show working to support your answer. [2 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$

8 (e) (ii) Comment on the use of this measure of average in this context. [1 mark]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
[Turn over]

8 (e) (iii) Discuss the suitability of TWO other measures of average Charlie could use.

Suggest which would be the best measure of average to use. [3 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

8 (f) Name ONE piece of primary data used in Charlie's investigation. [1 mark]

8 (g) Name ONE piece of secondary data used in Charlie's investigation. [1 mark]

8 (h) Give ONE way that Charlie could have improved the data collection at any point in her investigation. [1 mark]

## [Turn over]

$9 \quad$ An online retailer wants to estimate the probability of an order being delivered by the following day.

The retailer tracks a sample of orders made each week during FEBRUARY 2019.

|  | Number of orders <br> sampled | Number of these orders <br> delivered by the <br> following day |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| WEEK 1 | 740 | 647 |
| WEEK 2 | 815 | 752 |
| WEEK 3 | 795 | 691 |
| WEEK 4 | 840 | 745 |

9 (a) (i) Use the data to find the best possible estimate of the probability of an order being delivered by the following day. [2 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$

9 (a) (ii) What could the retailer have done to get a more reliable estimate of this probability? [1 mark]
[Turn over]

## BLANK PAGE

9 (b) In FEBRUARY 2018 the retailer delivered 5 out of every 6 orders by the following day.

Discuss whether the company was likely to have been more successful at delivering orders by the following day in FEBRUARY 2019 or in FEBRUARY 2018.

Give a reason for your answer. [1 mark]
[Turn over]

An IT company employs male and female workers who work either full-time or part-time. The Venn diagram shows some information about the number of workers.


10 (a) The company employs a total of 160 workers. $\frac{3}{4}$ of all workers are full-time.

Complete the Venn diagram. [2 marks]
[Turn over]

10 (b) The manager wants to ask a sample of workers how they feel about changes to the working day.

Declan suggests asking all workers that are at work one Friday morning.

Explain why this is likely to give an unrepresentative sample of all the company's workers. [1 mark]

10 (c) Instead, the manager decides that the sample should be STRATIFIED by gender and type of employment (full-time or part-time).

Work out how many FULL-TIME FEMALE workers there should be in a sample of size 50 [2 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$
[Turn over]

11 The table shows some index numbers relating to the coal industry in the UK between 1910 and 1970 (base year = 1910).

| Year | Index numbers |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Amount of <br> coal produced | Number of mining <br> jobs |
| 1910 | 100 | 100 |
| 1930 | 92.0 |  |
| 1950 | 83.3 | 65.9 |
| 1970 | 54.9 | 27.4 |

## Source: adapted from National Coal Mining Museum for England

11 (a) The number of mining jobs decreased from 1049000 in 1910 to 914000 in 1930.

Complete the table. [2 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

11 (b) (i) Work out the percentage decrease in the AMOUNT OF COAL PRODUCED in the UK between 1910 and 1970. [1 mark]

## Answer <br> \%

[Turn over]

11 (b) (ii) Compare the percentage decrease in the amount of coal produced between 1910 and 1970 with the percentage decrease in the number of mining jobs. [1 mark]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

11 (c) The UK produced 220 million tons of coal in 1950.

Calculate the amount of coal produced in the UK in 1910. [2 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer
million tons
[Turn over]

12 The table shows the birth rate in different parts of the UK in 2006.
The population of each part is also shown.

| Part of UK | Population | Crude <br> birth rate | Number <br> of births |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| England and <br> Wales | 53725800 | 12.46 |  |
| Scotland | 5116900 | 10.88 |  |
| Northern Ireland | 1741600 | 13.36 |  |
| TOTAL FOR UK |  |  |  |

Sources: Office for National Statistics, National Records for Scotland, NISRA

The population of the UK in 2016 was 65648000 The total number of births in the UK in 2016 was 774835

Compare how the crude birth rate in the UK AS A WHOLE in 2016 differs from that in 2006. You MUST show your working.

Complete the table to help you.
Use crude birth rate $=\frac{\text { number of births }}{\text { total population }} \times 1000$
[5 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
[Turn over]

44

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[Turn over]

13 Competitors in the Pairs Figure Skating competition in the Winter Olympics perform twice.

The competitors are awarded points each time. The table shows the points awarded to the top 10 pairs in the 2018 Winter Olympics.

| Names of <br> competitors | Performance 1 | Performance 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  <br> Massot | 76.59 | 159.31 |
| Sui \& Han | 82.39 | 153.08 |
|  <br> Radford | 76.81 | 153.33 |
|  <br> Morozov | 81.68 | 143.25 |
| James \& Cipress | 75.34 | 143.19 |
| Marchei \& Hotarek | 74.50 | 142.09 |
| Zabiiako \& Enbert | 74.34 | 138.53 |
| Yu \& Zhang | 75.58 | 128.52 |
| Seguin \& Bilodeau | 67.52 | 136.50 |
|  <br> Guarise | 74.00 | 128.74 |

Source: www.bbc.co.uk

13 (a) Calculate the value of Spearman's Rank Correlation Coefficient between the points scored in the two performances.

Use $r_{s}=1-\frac{6 \sum d^{2}}{n\left(n^{2}-1\right)}$ and $\sum d^{2}=50$
[2 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Answer $\qquad$
[Turn over]


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13 (b) Interpret your answer to PART (a) in context. [1 mark]

14 A machine fills packets with sweets.
The target mass for the bag of sweets is 120 grams.

Samples of packets are taken from the machine each day to check the machine is working correctly.

The sample means are shown on the control chart, on the opposite page, along with the upper action limit and the lower warning limit.

14 (a) The limit lines are symmetrical about the target mass.

Complete the chart, on the opposite page, by drawing in the lower action limit AND the upper warning limit. [2 marks]

14 (b) After one of the samples had been taken the machine operator took an additional sample of sweets to check the machine was working correctly.

After which sample did this happen? [1 mark]

[^0]$\qquad$

Mean
mass
(grams)

[Turn over]

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14 (c) Discuss the significance of the 9th sample mean.

## What should happen to the machine after this

 sample was taken? [2 marks]
## [Turn over]

15 An air museum has aircraft that were used by the UK in the two World Wars.

15 (a) The table shows the maximum speed (mph) of the museum's aircraft from WORLD WAR 2

| MAXIMUM <br> SPEED, $x(\mathrm{mph})$ | Number of <br> aircraft |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $100 \leqslant x<200$ | 6 |  |
| $200 \leqslant x<240$ | 9 |  |
| $240 \leqslant x<280$ | 10 |  |
| $280 \leqslant x<320$ | 6 |  |
| $320 \leqslant x<400$ | 6 |  |
| $400 \leqslant x<500$ | 3 |  |

Complete the histogram, on the opposite page, to show the information. [2 marks]

UK aircraft in World War 2
Frequency density

[Turn over]

15 (b) This histogram shows the maximum speed of the museum's 72 aircraft from WORLD WAR 1

## UK aircraft in World War 1

Frequency
density


Estimate the number of these aircraft that had a maximum speed of between 90 mph and 115 mph . [3 marks]

Answer
[Turn over]

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15 (c) Ewan says that the fastest of the museum's aircraft from World War 1 is slower than all of the museum's aircraft from World War 2 Is Ewan correct?

Tick $(\checkmark)$ one box.


Give a reason for your answer. [2 marks]
Reason $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
[Turn over]

16 The tibia is the bone that connects the knee to the ankle bone.

The lengths of tibia bones in MODERN-DAY adult males have a normal distribution with mean 36.0 cm and standard deviation 2.8 cm .

16 (a) ALMOST ALL adult male tibia bones have lengths that are between $a \mathbf{c m}$ and $b \mathbf{c m}$.

Calculate the values of $a$ and $b$ [3 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$a=$
$b=$

## BLANK PAGE

[Turn over]

16 (b) The lengths of tibia bones in MODERN-DAY adult FEMALES have a normal distribution with mean 33.8 cm and standard deviation 2.2 cm .

16 (b) (i) A tibia bone is discovered measuring 34.5 cm .

Alice says the bone is more likely to be from an adult female than an adult male.

Evaluate Alice's statement.
Use standardised score $=\frac{\text { value }- \text { mean }}{\text { standard deviation }}$
[3 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

16 (b) (ii) In fact, the bone in PART (b)(i) was discovered on an old Roman site and is estimated as being about 1900 years old.

Is the conclusion made in PART (b)(i) likely to be valid?

Explain your answer. [1 mark]
$\qquad$
[Turn over]

16 (c) A number of samples of tibia length for modern-day adult FEMALES were collected.
A histogram is drawn to represent the MEAN VALUES of these samples.

Which normal distribution curve should the histogram most look like?

A


Mean length (cm)
mean $=33.8 \mathrm{~cm}$ s.d. $=2.2 \mathrm{~cm}$

## B



Mean length (cm)
mean $=33.8 \mathrm{~cm}$ s.d. $<2.2 \mathrm{~cm}$

C


Mean length (cm)
mean $=33.8 \mathrm{~cm}$ s.d. $\mathbf{>} 2.2 \mathrm{~cm}$

Circle your answer. [1 mark]
A
B
C

END OF QUESTIONS

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| For Examiner's Use |  |
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| Question | Mark |
| 1 |  |
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## IB/M/IK/Jun19/8382/1H/E2


[^0]:    Answer

