UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

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## for the guidance of teachers

## 9395 TRAVEL AND TOURISM

9395/01

Paper 1 (Core Paper), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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Q. No.	Expected Answer	Mark	Focus	mbri
1 (a)	<ul> <li>Identify and explain three ways in which the rules and regulations will help to conserve the Kruger National Park's natural environment.</li> <li>Award one mark for each correct identification up to a maximum of three identifications plus up to a further one mark for each of three valid explanations.</li> <li>Ways to include: <ul> <li>Stay in vehicles (1) – limits impact (1).</li> <li>Do not speed (1) – prevents harm/damage (1).</li> <li>Do not feed (1) – alters food chain (1).</li> <li>No disturbance/removal (1) – limits ecosystem change(1).</li> <li>No firearms (1) – limits poaching (1).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	6	1.2.2	A (3) AO3 (3)
1 (b)	<ul> <li>Explain two negative environmental impacts that are likely to occur at sites such as the one shown in Fig. 2.</li> <li>Award one mark for each correct identification up to a maximum of two identifications plus up to a further one mark for each of two valid explanations.</li> <li>Valid impacts based on Fig. 2 to include: <ul> <li>Honeypot site (1) – congestion and overcrowding clearly evident (1).</li> <li>Noise pollution (1) – large numbers (1).</li> <li>Litter (1) – many groups/picnics (1).</li> <li>Fire risk (1) – cooking/smoking (1).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	4	1.2.2	AO1 (2) AO3 (2)

Pa	ge 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabu		ne: Teachers' version Svllabus		Syllabus Syllabus	
,	<b>j</b>	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2012	9395	ep.	2		
(c)	<i>leisure</i> <i>tourists</i> The mo • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	isitors to the Kruger National Park will be international travellers. Discuss the benefits of car hire to such ore typical benefits of car hire include: Convenience Cost effective for families/groups Door-to-door journeys Luggage easily carried Touring remote areas/route flexibility Ability to sightsee at will etc. rel of response criteria (1–2 marks) will identify up to two appropriate benefits, ng some detail but will be mainly descriptive. (3–4 marks) can be awarded for an analysis of selected clearly indicating how the leisure travellers will benefit as	6	1.1.4	A (2) AO4 (2)		
(d)	Level 3 about th better a <i>Many d</i>	of hiring a car. (5–6 marks) can be awarded for evaluative comment the significance/importance of particular benefits. The answers will have a reasoned conclusion. <i>Eestinations have both natural and built visitor attractions.</i>	9	1.1.1	AO1		
	familiar travelle Clearly the can apply. A tourism <u>Use lev</u> Level 1 Candida identifia explana and lac is little o Level 2 Candida identifia of the q these a Level 3 Candida include attractio aspects The can	ference to <b>one built</b> visitor attraction with which you are <i>discuss its appeal to different types of international</i> <i>r.</i> the details <b>must</b> be specific to the attraction chosen. If didate writes in simply generic terms, then <b>6 Max</b> will All built attractions are valid, as is reference to business when appropriate. <i>rel of response criteria</i> (1–3 marks) ate identifies some valid reasons for the popularity of an able built attraction. Information may be a list of features, ations are incomplete and arguments partial (if present) k coherent organisation or reasoned conclusions. There or no attempt to discuss. 2 (4–6 marks) ate identifies a number of valid reasons relating to an able attraction and candidates will show an understanding uestion and include explanations/analysis of a number of spects clearly indicating the nature of the appeal. 4 (7–9 marks) ates will show a clear understanding of the question and detailed identification and explanation of a particular on, clearly indicating the relative importance of selected s of the appeal to particular types of international traveller. ndidate effectively evaluates a range of reasons leading id conclusion.			(3) AO3 (3) AO4 (3)		

Pa	ge 4			.D	er_	
		GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2012	9395	12	2	
2 (a)	custome with the Award o following • A • E • C	A = External 3 = External C = External	4	1.3.1	Sampl.	
(b)	Suggest organisa Award o valid way descripti • In d • S • S • F • N	D = Internal. The and describe <b>three</b> ways in which a travel and tourism ation can find out the opinions of its <b>external</b> customers. In emark for the correct identification of each of three ys/methods and award a second mark for an appropriate ion of each such as: Informal feedback (1) – customers express their opinions direct to staff (1). Surveys (1) – comments recorded by staff (1). Suggestion box (1) – customers deposit (1). Suggestion box (1) – meet to consider (1). Mystery shopper (1) – reports on their experience from customer perspective (1).	6	1.3.3	AO1 (3) AO2 (3)	
2 (c)	<ul> <li>'benchmithen methow suchawed then methow suchawed the familiar.</li> <li>This is a requirem three difference dif</li></ul>	avel and tourism organisations use a system called barking', which involves setting standards of quality, and asuring performance against these standards. Explain the a system might apply to <b>three</b> job roles within a ravel and tourism organisation with which you are new style of question to examine the syllabus beent that candidates be aware of the ways in which fferent types of staff within a particular organisation quality customer service. No marks are awarded for the of the organisation or the identification of job roles. to award one mark for the identification of each of three arked. For example, within a particular <b>hotel</b> : <b>Reception</b> : answer the phone (1) – within 5 rings (1). <b>Naiting staff</b> : smile (1) – greet each guest (1). <b>Bar staff</b> : keep bar surface clean (1) – wipe each spill 1). case, the benchmark should be measurable in some	6	1.3.3	AO1 (3) AO3 (3)	

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		GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2012	9395	100	6
					an
ز ز	/ou are	erence to <b>one</b> travel and tourism organisation with which familiar, discuss the ways in which it meets the needs of <b>nal</b> customers.	9	1.3.1	Ac (3)
	alid ne) • E • ر	will vary according to the nature of the organisation but eds can relate to: Employment terms & conditions lob prospects Fraining & development			AO4 (3)
	• [ • ( c	Disabilities Dperational procedures on an inter versus intra- departmental basis. ndidate writes in simply generic terms, then a limit of <b>6</b>			
	<b>Max</b> will				
<u> </u>	Use leve	el of response criteria			
t 2 1 2 2	hree va and tour <b>_evel 2</b> <b>4 mark</b> about or	<ul> <li>(1 to 3 marks): the candidate identifies/describes up to lid internal customer needs within an identifiable travel rism organisation.</li> <li>(4 to 6 marks):</li> <li><b>s</b>] – the candidate makes valid analytical comment(s) me aspect of the organisation's internal customer</li> </ul>			
[   	about tw <b>_evel 3</b>	arks] – the candidate makes valid analytical comment(s) to or more aspects. (7 to 9 marks):			
r i [ i t	elation nternal <b>8–9 ma</b> n relatic o which	<ul> <li>s] – the candidate makes valid evaluative comment(s) in to one or more aspects of the chosen organisation's customer service operational efficiency.</li> <li>arks] – the candidate makes valid evaluative comment(s) on to two or more aspects and comes to a conclusion as aspects are most significant to the organisation's of internal customer service.</li> </ul>			
3 (a) /	dentify	four Asian source markets for Laos tourism.	4	1.1.4	AO2
	rom: • 7 • \ • (	ne mark for the correct identification of each of four Thailand /ietnam China Cambodia Myanmar.			

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Q.	er
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2012	9395	No.	
	· · · ·		ľ	C.
tourism destina The ke stated of each explana •	only Fig. 5, identify and explain <b>two</b> ways in which Laos appears to be at an early stage of the Butler model of ation evolution. y indicative factors of an early Butler stage are clearly in Fig. 5, so award one mark for the correct identification of two ways and award a second/third mark for atory amplification of each, such as: Limited infrastructure (1) - EXPLORATION (1) - Very small tourist numbers and few, if any, tourist facilities (1) or could argue that limited DEVELOPMENT was taking place. Backpackers (1) – also suggests Exploration (1) – tend to go to undeveloped areas (1). Homestays (1) – clear evidence of INVOLVEMENT (1) - Small numbers of tourists, mainly independent travellers, with some local facilities being developed (1).	D	1.2.3	AC (4)
<b>c)</b> <b>Sugges</b> <i>might</i> r Award negative explanation the follow • •	ng (1 + 1 + 1) × 2 format. Is and explain three negative socio-cultural impacts that esult from the development of this type of tourism. one mark for the identification of each of three valid re impacts and award a second mark for an appropriate atory contextualisation of each. Likely negatives include owing : <b>Commodification</b> (1) Tourism can turn local cultures into commodities and traditional activities conform to tourist needs and expectations (1). <b>Loss of authenticity /staged authenticity (</b> 1) Adapting cultural activities for tourists as if they were real life is known as staged authenticity can cause resentment (1). <b>Adaptation to tourism demands</b> (1) can lead to <b>Culture clash</b> In some destinations tourists often fail to respect local customs and moral values (1). <b>Crime</b> (1) The presence of a large number of tourists with a lot of money to spend, and often carrying valuables such as cameras and jewellery, increases the attraction for criminals and brings with it activities like robbery and drug dealing (1). <b>Sex tourism</b> (1) The commercial sexual exploitation of children and young women has paralleled the growth of tourism in many parts of the world and some see prostitution as easy money (1). <b>Changing attitudes</b> (1) In the early stages of tourism development there will only be a few visitors who will be made to feel very welcome. With increasing visitor	6	1.2.2	AO1 (3) AO2 (3)

Pa	ge 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	yllabus 🔗 er	
	0	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2012	9395	800	
; (d)	With refer how touris This is a c such as L	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2012 Tence to examples with which you are familiar, discuss and evelopment can regenerate destinations. Common phenomenon around the world and locations iverpool's Albert Dock and Cape Town's V&A t are excellent examples. The process can be shown	9395	MANN Dana 1.2.2	Cambra A. (3) AO4 (3)
	can lead t formerly of <u>Use Level</u> Level 1 (1 three valid Level 2 (2 [4 marks] about one [5–6 mark about two Level 3 (7 [7 marks] relation to [8–9 mark in relation	es can rightly point out that the development of tourism o physical, economic and social regeneration of leclining areas. <u>I of Response Criteria</u> I to 3 marks): the candidate identifies/describes up to d ways such as those indicated above. I to 6 marks):   – the candidate makes valid analytical comment(s) e way. <b>ks]</b> – the candidate makes valid analytical comment(s) or more ways. I to 9 marks):   – the candidate makes valid evaluative comment(s) in o one or more ways. <b>ks]</b> – the candidate makes valid evaluative comment(s) in o one or more ways. <b>ks]</b> – the candidate makes valid evaluative comment(s) in o one or more ways. <b>ks]</b> – the candidate makes valid evaluative comment(s) in o one or more ways.			
4 (a)	Award on following Im Re Pr Co	<b>pur</b> responsibilities of the Seychelles Tourism Board. e mark for the correct identification of each of the STB's responsibilities: plementing national tourism policy esearch oduct development p-ordination with tourism offices and representative pencies abroad.	4	1.1.4	AO2

Page	8	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2012	Syllabus 9395	Paba	er
• •		t and explain <b>three</b> ways in which a national tourist board to "supervise tourism enterprises".	6	1.2.1	ambri
\ 6 2	valid wa explana appropr olanning	one mark for the correct identification of each of three hys/methods and award a second mark for an appropriate tion of each. The example of the DTCM in Dubai is very iate as the DTCM is the principal authority for the g, supervision and development of the tourism sector.		1.2.1	Ac (3)
	ł	The DTCM has now taken over the <b>licensing</b> of hotels, notel apartments, tour operators, tourist transport companies and travel agents(1) – control and regulation 1).			
	•   ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	ts <b>supervisory</b> role (1) also covers all tourist, archaeological and heritage sites, tourism conferences and exhibitions, the operation of tourist information services and the organisation and licensing of tour guides(1).			
	•	<b>Fraining</b> schemes are operated (1) awards are given for exceeding set <b>benchmarks</b> (1).			
• •	•	<i>three</i> ways in which tourism is able to make a ution to the national economy".	6	1.2.2	AO1 (3) AO2
١	valid wa explana • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	one mark for the correct identification of each of three hys/methods and award a second mark for an appropriate tion of each. Fourism expenditures generate income (1) and can stimulate the investment necessary to finance growth in other sectors(1). Generation of foreign exchange earnings(1). Tourism is one of the top five export categories for as many as 83% of countries and is a main source of foreign exchange earnings for at least 38% of countries(1). The WTO estimates that travel and tourism's direct, ndirect, and personal tax contribution worldwide was over US\$ 800 billion (1) thus allowing development (1). The rapid expansion of international tourism has led to significant employment creation (1). Tourism can generate jobs <b>directly</b> and <b>indirectly</b> through the supply of goods and services needed by tourism-related businesses (1). Money is earned from tourism is returned to the local economy (1) and has a great multiplier effect (1).			(3)

Page 9       Mark Scheme: Teachers' version       Syllabus         GCE AS/A LEVEL - May/June 2012       9395         (d)       With reference to examples with which you are familiar, discuss the ways in which it is possible for tourist boards "to promote domestic tourism".       9       1.2.1         This requires candidates to think about the role of NTOs in the context of domestic tourism and we should expect consideration to be given to some of the following aspects/functions:       9       1.2.1         A network of TICs - these are positioned in key areas providing easier access & supplying a range of leaflets for local attractions etc.       (3)         Advertising       Promotional campaigns       6         Competitions       Mobile services are provided in some destinations e.g. Singapore at various exhibition and convention venues to cater for business/MICE delegates       A dedicated 24/7 tourist telephone line is available to address enquiries on demand and is thus very convenient/accessible       Internet website with 24/7 availability.	Pa	ge 9	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	· A ·
<ul> <li>consideration to be given to some of the following aspects/functions: <ul> <li>A network of TICs – these are positioned in key areas providing easier access &amp; supplying a range of leaflets for local attractions etc.</li> <li>Advertising</li> <li>Promotional campaigns</li> <li>Competitions</li> <li>Mobile services are provided in some destinations e.g. Singapore at various exhibition and convention venues to cater for business/MICE delegates</li> <li>A dedicated 24/7 tourist telephone line is available to address enquiries on demand and is thus very convenient/accessible</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				9395	Spar.
<ul> <li>consideration to be given to some of the following aspects/functions: <ul> <li>A network of TICs – these are positioned in key areas providing easier access &amp; supplying a range of leaflets for local attractions etc.</li> <li>Advertising</li> <li>Promotional campaigns</li> <li>Competitions</li> <li>Mobile services are provided in some destinations e.g. Singapore at various exhibition and convention venues to cater for business/MICE delegates</li> <li>A dedicated 24/7 tourist telephone line is available to address enquiries on demand and is thus very convenient/accessible</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	4 ( )	14/ith not	ananaa ta ayanan laa yitti yihiah yaya aya familian diaayaa	0	101
<ul> <li>consideration to be given to some of the following aspects/functions: <ul> <li>A network of TICs – these are positioned in key areas providing easier access &amp; supplying a range of leaflets for local attractions etc.</li> <li>Advertising</li> <li>Promotional campaigns</li> <li>Competitions</li> <li>Mobile services are provided in some destinations e.g. Singapore at various exhibition and convention venues to cater for business/MICE delegates</li> <li>A dedicated 24/7 tourist telephone line is available to address enquiries on demand and is thus very convenient/accessible</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	4 (a)	the way	s in which it is possible for tourist boards "to promote	9	1.2.1
• Internet website with $24/7$ availability.		context consider aspects/ • / • / • / • / • / • / • / • / • / •	of <u>domestic</u> tourism and we should expect ration to be given to some of the following /functions: A network of TICs – these are positioned in key areas providing easier access & supplying a range of leaflets for local attractions etc. Advertising Promotional campaigns Competitions Mobile services are provided in some destinations e.g. Singapore at various exhibition and convention venues to cater for business/MICE delegates A dedicated 24/7 tourist telephone line is available to address enquiries on demand and is thus very convenient/accessible		
		[4 mark about or [5–6 ma	<b>s</b> ] – the candidate makes valid analytical comment(s) ne way. <b>urks</b> ] – the candidate makes valid analytical comment(s)		
Level 2 (4 to 6 marks): [4 marks] – the candidate makes valid analytical comment(s) about one way. [5–6 marks] – the candidate makes valid analytical comment(s) about two or more ways.		[7 mark relation [8–9 ma in relation	(7 to 9 marks): <b>s]</b> – the candidate makes valid evaluative comment(s) in to one or more ways. <b>arks]</b> – the candidate makes valid evaluative comment(s) on to two or more ways and comes to a conclusion as to ne(s) are most significant.		