

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

PHYSICAL SCIENCE 0652/62

Paper 6 Alternative to Practical

October/November 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 60

Published

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Question	Answers	Marks
1(a)	1.10 g;	1
1(b)	Only very slightly soluble inwater/insoluble (in water);	1
1(c)(i)	225 ;	1
1(c)(ii)	0.9375 / 0.94 (accept 0.9);	1
1(d)(i)	filter funnel and filter paper shown and labelled ;	1
1(d)(ii)	0.16;	1
1(d)(iiii)	(1.10 - 0.16) = 0.94;	1
1(e)(i)	0.9375/1.10 × 100 = 85/85.2 (%); ecf from (a) and (c)(ii)	1
1(e)(ii)	$0.94/1.10 \times 100 = 85/85.5$ (%); ecf from (a) and (d)(iii)	1
1(f)	(Magnesium carbonate) reacts like calcium carbonate/also gives carbon dioxide/results in too much carbon dioxide/is not in the residue;	1
	Total:	10

Question	Answers	Marks
2(a)(i)	copper/Cu;	1
2(a)(ii)	23. <u>0</u> ; 38.5 ;	2

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Question	Answers	Marks
2(b)(i)	54(.0), 41.5, 30(.0), 15.5 ; ecf	1
2(b)(ii)	vertical scale linear and uses more than half of grid; minimum of 3 points plotted correctly to within half a small square; best straight line through origin;	3
2(b)(iii)	agrees as all points close to/on straight line (through origin);	1
2(c)(i)	exothermic;	1
2(c)(ii)	lid/insulation around cup/more accurate thermometer/repeat with different concentrations (extra points);	1
	Total:	10

Question	Answers	Marks
3(a)	note the reading on either side and find mean/shown on a diagram/measure cube and mark the mid point;	1
3(b)(i)	36 (.0);	1
3(b)(ii)	21 (.0) cm;	1
3(b)(iii)	14 (.0) cm;	1
3(c)(i)	84.4 g ;	1
3(c)(ii)	56 to 56.2666; 56/56.3g (2/3 significant figures);	2

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Question	Answers	Marks
3(d)	any 2 centre of gravity of the rule not at the 50 cm mark; difficulty in obtaining balance of ruler; pivot not at right angles to edge of rule; cube irregular; ruler mass rounded;	max 2
3(e)	a smaller and b greater;	1
	Total:	10

Question	Answers	Marks
4(a)(i)	slit in a card (after lamp) ;	1
4(a)(ii)	light ray bends towards the normal as it enters water solution \mbox{and} meets P_w ; incident and refracted rays are parallel ;	2
4(a)(ii)	1.1 cm (± 0.1 cm);	1
4(a)(ii)	both angles of incidence and refraction correctly labelled ;	1
4(a)(ii)	2.0 cm (± 0.1 cm);	1
4(a)(ii)	the angle of refraction is greater when the light ray passes through glass/glass bends light more than water;	1
4(b)(i)	reasonable accurate reflected ray drawn ; reflected angle marked between drawn normal and ray ;	2
4(b)(ii)	70°;	1
	Total:	10

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Question	Answers	Marks
5(a)(i)	ammonia/NH ₃ ;	1
5(a)(ii)	white precipitate/white solid;	1
5(a)(iii)	add silver nitrate ; white precipitate ;	2
5(a)(iv)	blue ppt.;	1
5(b)(i)	measuring cylinder/pipette/burette;	1
5(b)(ii)	UI; red to green;	2
5(b)(iii)	salt would be impure/salt would be coloured;	1
5(b)(iv)	heat;	1
	Total:	10

Question	Answers	Marks
6(a)	64 (F); 49 (G);	2
6(b)	axes labelled with units; suitable scales chosen for axes using at least half of grid; at least 4 points plotted $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square for each container; smooth curves drawn (and labelled);	4
6(c)(i)	G is better (no mark) because the temperature fell more rapidly/lower curve;	1

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Question	Answers	Marks
6(c)(ii)	named non-metallic material for F , e.g. polythene/wood/plastic; named metallic material for G , e.g. copper/metal;	2
6(d)	value in region 21 to 40 °C ;	1
	Total:	10