

**ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY GCE
SOCIOLOGY**

The Individual and Society

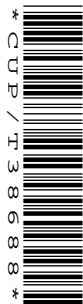
MONDAY 19 MAY 2008

2532

Morning
Time: 1 hour

Additional materials (enclosed): Answer Booklet (8 page)

Additional materials (required):
None



INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet.
- Read each question carefully and make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer **one** question.
- Write your answer on the separate Answer Booklet provided.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks for each question is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- You will be awarded marks for the quality of your communication where an answer requires a piece of extended writing.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **60**.

This document consists of **4** printed pages.

Answer **one** question.

- 1 Study **Item A** carefully and then answer parts **(a)** to **(d)**.

Item A

We can learn a lot about people from food. What people eat, changes over time as well as across cultures. Consider the wide range of food in supermarkets today compared with the past. There is a wide range of culturally diverse places to eat in Britain: Thai restaurants, balti houses and sushi bars, for example, offer a variety of tastes. Some people avoid certain foods because of their cultural beliefs. Furthermore, we don't just sink our teeth into something tasty at random. What we use to eat with varies between cultures, as do the rituals surrounding a meal.

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Original Source

- (a)** Using **Item A**, identify and briefly explain **two** ways in which food is linked to culture. [8]
- (b)** Identify and briefly explain **two** features of culture. [8]
- (c)** Outline and briefly evaluate **two** ways in which religion influences social behaviour. [18]
- (d)** Discuss the view that the contemporary UK is a culturally diverse society. [26]

[Total: 60 marks]

- 2 Study **Item B** carefully and then answer parts **(a)** to **(d)**.

Item B

National identity is clearly a complex thing. But just what is the basis of national identity? How do we pinpoint things to include in a discussion of national identity? When asked about this, people have different ideas about what to include. For example, being able to speak the language could be a determining factor, but alone is insufficient. What about attitudes and behaviour? Are these relevant? Respect for political institutions and laws have been seen as very relevant. In addition, the ideas of belonging to a particular nation state and having citizenship have also been deemed important factors in forming a sense of national identity. 5

Original Source

- (a)** Using **Item B**, identify and briefly explain **two** factors that form the basis of national identity. [8]
- (b)** Identify and briefly explain **two** ethnic identities in the contemporary UK. [8]
- (c)** Outline and briefly evaluate **two** ways in which people are socialised into a national identity. [18]
- (d)** Discuss the view that British identity is changing. [26]

[Total: 60 marks]

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