

<b>Candidate Forename</b>						<b>Candidate Surname</b>				
<b>Centre Number</b>						<b>Candidate Number</b>				

**OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS  
GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION**

**A221/01**

**TWENTY FIRST CENTURY SCIENCE  
BIOLOGY A**

**Unit 1: Modules B1 B2 B3 (Foundation Tier)**

**THURSDAY 14 JANUARY 2010: Morning**

**DURATION: 40 minutes**

**SUITABLE FOR VISUALLY IMPAIRED CANDIDATES**

**Candidates answer on the Question Paper**

**A calculator may be used for this paper**

**OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS:**

**None**

**OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:**

**Pencil**

**Ruler (cm/mm)**

**READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF**

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number on the first page.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer **ALL** the questions.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided, however additional paper may be used if necessary.

## **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **42**.

# **BLANK PAGE**

**Answer ALL the questions.**

**1 Ranjit has tuberculosis.**

- (a) Put **rings** around the correct words to explain how Ranjit's body reacts to the tuberculosis bacteria.

Ranjit's body  
has

a nervous
a reproductive
an immune

system to  
protect him from  
the bacteria.

Some white blood cells

infect
engulf
vaccinate

the invading  
bacteria.

Other white blood  
cells produce

antibodies
antigens
antiseptics

in response to  
the bacteria.

[3]

**(b) Ranjit recovers. He is unlikely to get the disease again.**

**Put a tick (✓) in the box next to the BEST explanation why.**

**His body reacts more quickly to a second infection.**

**Ranjit still has the disease.**

**You only ever get a disease once.**

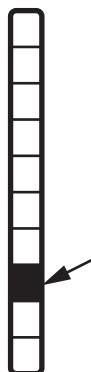
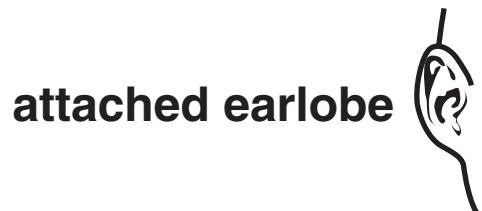
**[1]**

**[Total: 4]**

**2 Steve and Mary are brother and sister.**

**One pair of their chromosomes contains the gene for earlobe shape.**

**One of this pair of chromosomes is inherited from their mother.**



gene for earlobe shape

**Steve's chromosome**



**Mary's chromosome**

**(a) Shade in the gene for earlobe shape on Mary's chromosome.**

**[1]**

**(b) The second chromosome of the pair comes from their father.**

Free earlobes are **DOMINANT** and attached earlobes are **RECESSIVE**.

Steve has free earlobes but Mary does not.

Complete these sentences.

Put a **ring** around the correct word in each case.

Different forms of the gene are called

<b>alleles.</b>
<b>DNA.</b>
<b>chromosomes.</b>

Both Mary's alleles for earlobe shape are

<b>dominant.</b>
<b>different.</b>
<b>recessive.</b>

[2]

- (c) Mary looks a bit like her mother and a bit like her father.

Put a tick (✓) in the box next to the correct explanation.

Mary has lived with her parents for so long she has grown to look like them.

Mary has inherited a combination of alleles from both parents.

Children always look like their parents.

Mary inherited more alleles from her mother than she did from her father.

[1]

[Total: 4]

- 3 A science class has students of many different heights.**

**Which two factors BEST explain why?**

**Put ticks (✓) in the boxes next to the TWO best answers.**

**The students are all in the same age group.**

**Height is controlled by several different genes.**

**Height is affected by environmental factors such as lifestyle.**

**Height is affected by the number of children in the class.**

**All children grow at the same rate.**

**The students are all the same sex.**

**[2]**

**[Total: 2]**

**4 Fetuses can be tested to see if they have the alleles that cause genetic disorders.**

**(a) Which two decisions may parents have to make after the results of a genetic test on the fetus?**

**Put ticks (✓) in the boxes next to the TWO most important decisions.**

**They may have to decide whether or not to ...**

**... have a vaccination.**

**... have the pregnancy terminated.**

**... name the baby after a grandparent.**

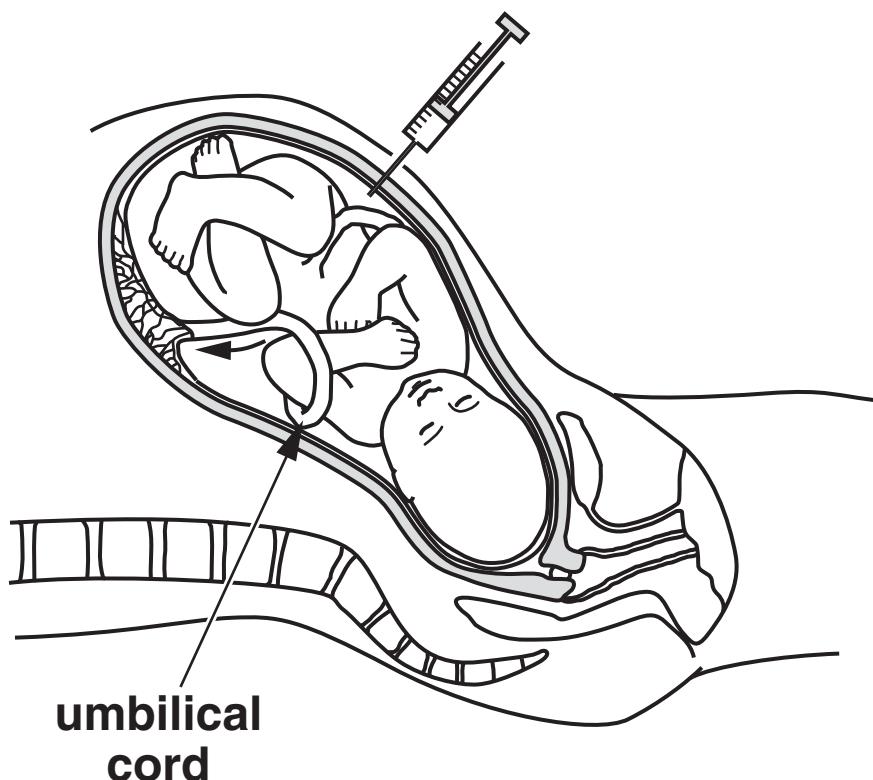
**... have an anaesthetic during the baby's birth.**

**... have any more children.**

**... tell the grandparents the sex of the fetus before it is born.**

**[2]**

**(b) Fetuses are tested by removing a sample of amniotic fluid.**



**The fluid contains cells from the fetus that can then be tested.**

**There is a 1% risk that doing the test could result in the mother having a miscarriage.**

**Using this information, explain clearly TWO things that the parents need to think about BEFORE they decide whether to have the test.**

---

---

---

**[2]**

**[Total: 4]**

**5 Embryonic stem cells may be useful in treating some diseases.**

**(a) Which two statements best describe embryonic stem cells?**

**Put ticks (✓) in the boxes next to the TWO best descriptions.**

**Embryonic stem cells ...**

**... are taken from the stems of plants.**

**... are unspecialised cells.**

**... can be taken from any part of the body.**

**... are the only cells not to divide.**

**... can develop into any other kind of cell.**

**[2]**

**(b) Human embryos can be cloned to make large numbers of stem cells.**

**The stem cells can then be used to treat illnesses that were previously incurable.**

**Some people think using embryos in this way is wrong.**

**Other people do not.**

**Tom says: “*The right decision is the one which leads to the best outcome for the majority of people involved*”.**

**Explain how this idea applies to the cloning of human embryos.**

---

---

---

---

**[2]**

**[Total: 4]**

## **6 Some diseases can be prevented by vaccination.**

**(a) Complete the sentence about vaccines.**

**Choose the best words from this list.**

**A DIFFERENT**

**AN INFECTIOUS**

**A LARGE**

**A SAFE**

**A TOXIC**

**Vaccines are usually made from**

**\_\_\_\_\_ form of the**

**disease-causing microorganism.**

**[1]**

**(b) People argue about vaccination.**

**JANE**

**Nothing is ever completely safe so I will not have my children vaccinated.**

**RAFI**

**On rare occasions vaccines have side effects.  
Vaccination is not worth the risk.**

**PETER**

**As a Government Health Officer I think all children should be vaccinated.**

**STELLA**

**The more children that are vaccinated, the less likely we are to have an epidemic.**

- (i) Which person is using a correlation in their argument?**

**answer** \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

- (ii) Summarise in not more than 15 words both sides of the argument about vaccination.**

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

**[Total: 3]**

**7 Antibiotics can be used to cure some diseases.**

**(a) Which microorganisms CANNOT be killed by antibiotics?**

**Put a ring around the correct answer.**

**BACTERIA**

**FUNGI**

**VIRUSES**

**[1]**

**(b) Which of these statements about the use of antibiotics are TRUE and which are FALSE?**

**Put a tick (✓) in the correct box next to each statement.**

**TRUE**

**FALSE**

**Over time bacteria may become resistant to antibiotics.**

**Antibiotics should not be used on mild infections.**

**When you feel better you should stop taking antibiotics so they are not wasted.**

**[2]**

**(c) Trials are carried out to test new drugs.**

**Explain WHO these trials are carried out on and  
WHY they are carried out.**

**Include these words in your answer.**

**HEALTHY      ILL      SAFE      EFFECTIVE**

---

---

---

---

---

---

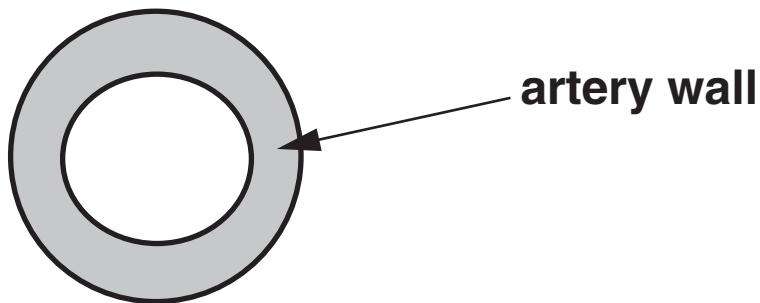
---

**[3]**

**[Total: 6]**

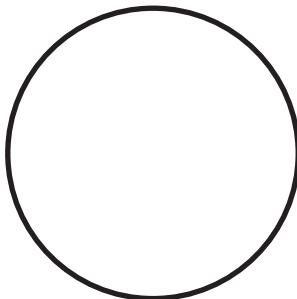
**8 There are many factors that increase the risk of heart disease.**

- (a) When Fred was a young boy a section through an artery supplying his heart muscle with blood looked like this.**



**Fred has eaten a high fat diet for many years.**

**Complete the section diagram below to show what Fred's artery is likely to look like now.**



**[2]**

**(b) Fred now has heart disease.**

**Some lifestyle factors decrease the risk of heart disease.**

**Others do not.**

**Put a tick (✓) in each box next to a factor that REDUCES the risk of heart disease.**

- |                          |                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>poor diet</b>         | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <b>stress</b>            | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <b>cigarette smoking</b> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <b>exercise</b>          | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <b>excess alcohol</b>    | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <b>low fat diet</b>      | <input type="checkbox"/> |

**[2]**

**[Total: 4]**

**9 Scientists study how life began on Earth and how it evolved.**

(a) Put a **ring** around the correct word to complete each sentence.

Life began on  
Earth about 3500

million
billion
trillion

years ago.

There are

millions
hundreds
tens

of different species  
living on Earth today.

Many
Few
None

of the early species  
are now extinct.

[3]

- (b) Three different students were asked to name a process involved in the appearance of different species.**

**These are their answers.**

**Put a tick (✓) in the box next to the correct answer.**

**Petra says NATURAL SELECTION.**

**Julie says SELECTIVE BREEDING.**

**Robert says ARTIFICIAL SELECTION.**

**[1]**

**[Total: 4]**

## **10 Scientists sometimes have different views.**

**Read the views of two different scientists.**

### **SCIENTIST A**

**I think the dinosaurs became extinct because of a giant meteorite impact.**

### **SCIENTIST B**

**I think the dinosaurs became extinct because of poisonous gases and dust released from volcanoes.**

**(a) What scientific question are the two scientists debating?**

**[1]**

**(b) Suggest TWO reasons why the two scientists disagree.**

**reason 1** \_\_\_\_\_

**[1]**

**reason 2** \_\_\_\_\_

**[1]**

**[Total: 3]**

**11 One way the human body is coordinated is by the nervous system.**

**(a) Which of these statements about the nervous system are true?**

**Put ticks (✓) in the boxes next to the TWO correct statements.**

**The nervous system uses ...**

**... effectors that detect stimuli.**

**... short-lived electrical impulses.**

**... receptors to link nerve cells with effectors.**

**... effectors to link receptors with nerve cells.**

**... nerve cells to link receptors with effectors.**

**... long-lived impulses.**

**... slow electrical impulses.**

**[2]**

**(b) The body is also coordinated by the hormonal system.**

**The hormonal system is DIFFERENT from the nervous system.**

**Write down TWO ways that the hormonal system is different.**

**1** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**2** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**[2]**

**[Total: 4]**

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**

---



#### **Copyright Information**

OCR is committed to seeking permission to reproduce all third-party content that it uses in its assessment materials. OCR has attempted to identify and contact all copyright holders whose work is used in this paper. To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced in the OCR Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations, is given to all schools that receive assessment material and is freely available to download from our public website ([www.ocr.org.uk](http://www.ocr.org.uk)) after the live examination series.

If OCR has unwittingly failed to correctly acknowledge or clear any third-party content in this assessment material, OCR will be happy to correct its mistake at the earliest possible opportunity.

For queries or further information please contact the Copyright Team, First Floor, 9 Hills Road, Cambridge CB2 1GE.

OCR is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group; Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.