# Level 3 Certificate Mathematical Studies 

1350/2A - Paper 2A - Statistical techniques

Mark scheme

Version/Stage: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

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| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 a}$ | 71.5 | B1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1b | Graph 1: EU immigration in the UK <br> Identify ' $m$ ' as millions or state what ' $m$ ' means <br> Reposition 'm' <br> Use grid/graph paper to enable more accurate readings <br> Extend the all curves to 2045/ same point <br> Add a broken axis <br> Add a line for high net migration <br> The starting point for each line should be the same <br> Graph 2: Brexit's impact on the pound <br> Use a key <br> Indicate what 'NIESR' or 'OECD' stands for <br> Use lines/points rather than bars <br> Switch or remove the higher and lower labels <br> Add more organisations <br> Add space between each column <br> Add (horizontal) grid lines <br> Make it clear which currency they are comparing with | E4 | E1 for each valid improvement with a maximum of E2 for each graph <br> Ignore any additional but incorrect suggestions <br> Not label the axes <br> Not make lines distinct from each other <br> Not define 'high' or 'low' <br> Not make a bar chart <br> SC1 (two errors identified but no suggestions for improvement) <br> SC2 (three errors identified but no suggestions for improvement) <br> eg. Don't know what ' $m$ ' stands for, line not extended to 2045 etc |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 c | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
|  | $14600000000 \div 52$ <br> or $1.46 \times 10^{10} \div 52$ <br> or $14.6 \div 52$ <br> or <br> [280 000 000, 281000 000] | M1 | oe |
|  | [280 000 000, 281000 000] and No | A1 | oe <br> SC1 $14600000000 \div 48=304$ million and No |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 350000000 \times 52 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 3.5 \times 10^{8} \times 52 \\ & \text { or } \\ & {[18000000000,18300000000]} \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe |
|  | [18 000000 000, 18300000000 ] and No | A1 | oe <br> SC1 $350000000 \times 48=16.8$ billion and No |
|  | Alternative method 3 |  |  |
|  | 14.6 billion $\div 350$ million | M1 |  |
|  | 41.7 weeks and No or <br> 41.7 and 52 and No | A1 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | For use of [48, 52) use SC1 rule |  |  |
|  | Use of $365 \div 7$ or $365.25 \div 7$ in place of 52 is correct |  |  |
|  | Allow use of words such as million/billion or standard form rather than full ordinary figures |  |  |
|  | 'Exaggeration' implies No |  |  |
|  | For final answer, allow self-correction |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1d | Tim <br> Alternative method 1 |  |  |
|  | $(46500001-33577342) \div 46500001$ or $12922659 \div 46500001$ or 0.278 or $33577342 \div 46500001 \text { or } 0.72$ | M1 | oe <br> Condone interchange of 33577342 with accept [0.26, 0.285] or [27, 28]\% <br> accept $[0.715,0.74]$ or $[71.5,74] \%$ |
|  | 0.278 or $27.8(\%)$ and No or 72 and 80 and No | A1 | accept $[0.27,0.28]$ or $[27,28] \%$ accept $[71.5,74] \%$ |
|  | Tim <br> Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $0.2 \times 46500001$ or 9300000 and 46500001 - 33577342 | M1 | accept [9 200 000, 9400 000] <br> accept [46 000 000, 13000 000] <br> Condone interchange of 33577342 with 33551983 |
|  | 9300000 and 12922659 and No | A1 |  |
|  | Kelly <br> Alternative method 1 |  |  |
|  | ```\(16141241 \div 12\) or 1345103 and \(17410742 \div 1345103\) or \(12.9(\ldots)\)``` | M1 | allow reverse order |
|  | 12.9(...) and Yes or 12.0(...) and Yes | A1 |  |
|  | Kelly <br> Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | ```16141241\div17410742 or [0.925,0.928] or 12\div13 or 0.923``` | M1 | allow reverse order |
|  | [ $0.925,0.928$ ] and 0.923 and Yes | A1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## Kelly <br> Alternative method 3

\(\left.\begin{array}{|l|c|l|}\hline 33551983 \div 25 \times 12 or 16104951 .(84) \& M1 \& Condone interchange of 33577342 with <br>
or <br>
or <br>

33551951983\end{array}\right]\)\begin{tabular}{l}
<br>
\hline 16104951 and 17447031 and Yes <br>

\hline | Kelly |
| :--- |
| Alternative method 4 | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

| $12 \div 25$ or 0.48 <br> or <br> $13 \div 25$ or 0.52 | M1 | oe |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0.48 and 0.52 and Yes | A1 | oe |

## Kelly

Alternative method 5

| $16141241 \div 12$ or 1345103 and <br> $17410742 \div 13$ or 1339288 |  | M1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1345103 and 1339288 and Yes |  | A1 |  |
| Larissa |  |  |  |
| $2000000+16141241$ or 18141241or$2000000+33577342$ or 35577342or$2000000+33551983$ or 35551983 |  | M1 | Condone interchange of 33577342 with 33551983 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 18141241 \div \\ & 35577342(\times 100) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18141241 \div \\ & 35551983(\times 100) \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe Condone interchange of 33577342 with 33551983 |
| 0.509(...) or 0.51 and No (from using 35577 342) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5102(\ldots) \text { or } \\ & 0.5103 \text { and Yes } \\ & \text { (from using } \\ & 35551 \text { 983) } \end{aligned}$ | A1 | oe <br> A1 for the correct answer and statement SC1 for 54.(...)\% |

## Additional Guidance

Be careful not all possible alternatives are shown for this question.
Any fully correct method gains full marks.
Condone interchange of 33577342 with 33551983

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Alternative method 1 - Euros |  |  |
|  | $1.08 \div 0.9$ or 1.2 | M1 |  |
|  | $17000 \times$ their 1.2 or 20400 | M1 | Allow 1.08 or 1.188 or 1.19 in place of 1.2 to obtain 18360 or 20196 or 20230 |
|  | $253000 \times 1.125$ or 284625 | M1 | oe |
|  | their $284625 \times 1.08$ or 307395 | M1 | oe |
|  | their $20400+307395$ or 20400 + their 307395 or 327795 | M1 |  |
|  | 327795 and Yes | A1 | SC4 for 325755 or 327591 or 327625 |
|  | Alternative method 2- Pounds |  |  |
|  | $1.08 \div 0.9$ or 1.2 | M1 |  |
|  | $17000 \times$ their 1.2 or 20400 | M1 | Allow 1.08 or 1.188 or 1.19 in place of 1.2 to obtain 18360 or 20196 or 20230 |
|  | $253000 \times 1.125$ or 284625 | M1 | oe |
|  | their $20400 \div 1.08$ or 18888 .(89) or <br> $327500 \div 1.08$ or 303240. (74) | M1 | oe |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { their } 18888 .(89)+284625 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 18888 .(89)+\text { their } 284625 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 303513 .(89) \end{aligned}$ | M1 |  |
|  | ```303 513.(89) and 303 240.(74) and Yes``` | A1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { SC4 for } 301625 \text { or } 303325 \text { or } \\ 303356 .(4815) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Alternative 2: Method of $17000 \div 0.9(=18888.89)$ scores the $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{M} 1,2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{M} 1$ and $4^{\text {th }} \mathrm{M} 1$ |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3a | 1.379 | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer |  |  |  |  | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3b | PMCC | 0.619 | 0.970 | -0.0153 | -0.608 |  | B1 for two diagrams correctly matched |
|  | Diagram | D | A | C | B |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 3c | No <br> and <br> increase of wind speed causes the <br> speed of the blades of the windmill to <br> increase <br> or <br> the speed of the blades of a windmill <br> is dependent on the wind speed <br> or <br> should be the other way round | B1 | oe |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4 a}$ | Plots the points $(20,27)$ and $(30,23)$ | B1 | $\pm 1 / 2$ small square |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4 b}$ (i) | $(10,21)$ and $(25,38)$ | B1 |  |
|  | Outliers or values outside <br> pattern/regression line or anomalies | E1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4 b}$ (ii) | $J=36-0.39 T$ or $y=36-0.39 x$ |  | ft their $(10,21)$ and their $(25,38)$ <br> allow use of $x$ and $y$ <br> allow 36.0( $\ldots)$ <br> allow $0.3907 \ldots$ or 0.391 not -0.4 <br> B1ft if 36 or -0.39 seen <br> Do not allow $J=36+-0.39 T$ <br> SC1 for $J=34 .(\ldots)-0.3(09 \ldots) T$ <br> SC1 for $J=34 .(\ldots)-0.31 T$ |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4b(iii) | Correct line drawn from $T=0 \text { to } T=45$ | B2ft | ft their equation $\pm 1 / 2$ small square B1 one correct point identified or plotted correct points are $\begin{aligned} & (10,32.1),(20,28.2),(30,24.3), \\ & (40,20.4),(45,18.5) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Any line that goes through $(0,36)$ and $(24,27)$ scores B2 but has to go from $x=0$ until $x=45$ and allow $\pm 1 / 2$ small square |  |  |
|  | ft and work out the regression equation depending on which 2 points are ignored. |  |  |
|  | If no regression equation stated in part 4bii, then part 4biii scores B0 unless a fully correct regression line is drawn, then 4biii scores B2 |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 c | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
|  | $T+J=60$ | M1 | oe <br> can be implied from line of $T+J=60$ |
|  | Line of $T+J=60$ drawn and intersects with their regression line | M1 |  |
|  | 39.(...) | A1ft | ft their value of $T$ found from the point intersection |
|  | 8.09am | A1ft | ft their 39.(...) |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $T+J=60$ | M1 | oe <br> can be implied from $T+36-0.39 T=60$ allow use of $x$ and $y$ eg $x+y=60$ |
|  | $T+36-0.39 T=60$ <br> or $0.61 T+36=60$ <br> or $0.61 T=24$ | M1 |  |
|  | 39.(....) | A1ft | ft their $J=36-0.39 T$ |
|  | 8.09am | A1ft | ft their 39.(...) |
|  | Alternative method 3 |  |  |
|  | Values of $T$ and $J$ worked out from their regression line/equation leading to an arrival time that is not 8.30 | M1 | can be implied |
|  | Values of $T$ and $J$ worked out from their regression line/equation leading to an arrival time closer to between 8.25 and 8.35 | M1 | Must state arrival or leaving time |
|  | Values of $T$ and $J$ worked out from their regression line/equation leading to an arrival time between 8.28 to 8.32 | A1ft | Must state arrival or leaving time |
|  | 8.09am | A1ft | ft their regression line or equation |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Accept an algebraic method if used -see alt2 |  |  |
|  | Answer of 8.09 with no contradiction scores full marks. |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5a | 95\% value $\rightarrow 1.96$ seen | B1 | 1.96 can be implied in C.I calculation |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & (210+301+312+\ldots+245) \div 18 \\ & \text { or } 4551 \div 18 \text { or } 252.8(\ldots) \end{aligned}$ | M1 | Calculate mean <br> Allow one error/omission |
|  | ```their 252.8(...)\pm their 1.96 \times \sqrt{}{}1750\div V18 or their 252.8(..) \pm their 1.96 > 9.86(...) or their 252.8(...) \pm19.3(...)``` | M2 | M2 for correct equation using their value of $1.96$ <br> M1 for one error in the equation |
|  | ( [233.4, 233.6], [272.0, 272.2] ) | A1ft | ft their 1.96 providing all other values in the equation are correct allow reverse order eg: ( [272.0, 272.2], [233.4, 233.6], ) |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | If candidates use 18 or 1750 instead of $\sqrt{ } 18$ or $\sqrt{ } 1750$ can score B 1 M 1 M 1 A0. However, if both 18 and 1750 used instead of $\sqrt{ } 18$ and $\sqrt{ } 1750$ can score B1 M1 M0 A0 |  |  |
|  | The omission of either + or - in the equation counts as one error instead of $\pm$ |  |  |
|  | Premature rounding or truncating (eg $\sqrt{ } 18=4$ ) leading to an inaccurate answer only gain method marks |  |  |
|  | If their $95 \%$ value is $1.69(54)$ leading $(236.17,269.49)$ scores B0M1M2A1ft |  |  |
|  | ISW rounding |  |  |
|  | If ( [233.4, 233.6], [272.0, 272.2] ) seen without method or contradiction score full marks |  |  |


| Q | Answer |  | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5b | 250 is within their 95\% confidence interval | 250 is not within their 95\% confidence interval | B1 | ft their stated 95\% confidence interval |
|  | Yes or correct | No or wrong | E1 | ft their stated 95\% confidence interval |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | If they didn't write a confidence interval in part 5a, then part 5b scores 0 |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6a | $(5-5.6) \div 1.3$ or $0.46(\ldots)$ | M1 | Standardising to $\mathrm{N}(0,1)$ Condone (5.6-5) or 0.46(...) Allow 1.30(...) for $\sigma$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & {[0.677,0.68]} \\ & \text { or } \\ & 1-[0.677,0.68] \end{aligned}$ | M1 | Correct value of $\mathrm{P}(z>$ their $-0.46(\ldots))$ or <br> Correct value of $\mathrm{P}(z<$ their $-0.46(\ldots))$ <br> Can be implied with values on diagram |
|  | [0.32, 0.323] | A1 | oe allow 0.3 if method seen |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | If candidates use 1.69 inst | score | $0 \mathrm{M1}$ A0 |
|  | If $0.677(\ldots)$ seen, scores M |  |  |
|  | If [0.32, 0.323] without me | diction | ore full marks |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6b | $\begin{aligned} & 0.9 \times 5.6 \text { or } 5.04 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 1.1 \times 5.6 \text { or } 6.16 \end{aligned}$ | M1 | Implied by further values |
|  | (their $5.04-5.6$ ) $\div 1.3$ or -0.43(...) <br> or (their $6.16-5.6) \div 1.3$ or $0.43(\ldots)$ | M1 | Condone (5.6-5.04) or (5.6-6.16) Allow 1.30(...) for $\sigma$ |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 0.33(\ldots) \\ \text { or } \\ {[0.666,0.67]} \end{array}$ | M1 | Correct value of ( $\mathrm{P}(z<$ their $-0.43(\ldots))$ or $\mathrm{P}(z>$ their $0.43(\ldots))$ <br> or <br> Correct value of $(\mathrm{P}(z>$ their $-0.43(\ldots))$ <br> or $\mathrm{P}(z<$ their $0.43(\ldots))$ <br> ft their $\pm 0.43(\ldots)$ |
|  | Must see <br> $1-2 \times 0.33(\ldots)$ leading to $0.33(\ldots)$ or <br> $2 \times([0.666,0.67]-0.5)$ leading to 0.33(...) | A1 | oe or better with correct method |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | If candidates use 1.69 instead of 1.3 can score M1 M0 M1 A0 |  |  |
|  | If $0.33(\ldots)$ seen without any method scores 0 |  |  |
|  | Be careful that 1-0.6664 could lead to $0.33(\ldots)$ but this scores no accuracy mark |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{6 c}$ | $(-) 0.67(45)$ | B1 |  |
|  | Their $(-) 0.67(45)=(T-5.6) \div 1.3$ | M1 | oe <br> Correct equation using any letter |
|  | $4.7(\ldots)($ mmol/l) | A1 | cao has be at least 2 decimal places |
|  | Additional Guidance | If candidates use 1.69 instead of 1.3 can score B1 M0 A0 |  |
|  | ISW rounding |  |  |
|  | If 4.7(...) seen without method or contradiction score full marks |  |  |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{6 d}(\mathbf{i})$ | (Sample mean $=) 5.01$ | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{6 d ( i i ) ~}$ | Increasing the sample size or accept <br> similar explanation | E 1 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 7a | Each member/All members of the <br> population has an equal <br> chance/probability of being chosen <br> or <br> Sample without bias | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7b | allocates a number between 01-25 or $00-24$ or within a range of 25 to each teacher <br> or states that a (different) number to each teacher should be allocated | B1 | oe <br> Not a random number from the table given Can be implied on the table of list of teachers <br> eg Ms Hobbs $\rightarrow(0) 1$ <br> Mr Burns $\rightarrow(0) 2$ <br> Mr Chan $\rightarrow(0) 3$ |
|  | converts the 5-digit random number to a 2-digit number using a consistent method <br> or <br> states a method to convert a 5-digit number to 2-gigit number | B1 | $\text { eg } \begin{aligned} 13962 & \rightarrow 13 \text { or } 62 \\ 70992 & \rightarrow 70 \text { or } 92 \\ 65172 & \rightarrow 65 \text { or } 72 \\ 28053 & \rightarrow 28 \text { or } 53 \\ 02190 & \rightarrow 02 \text { or } 90 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | (rejects their 2-digits $>25$ and) selects their 2-digits $<25$ or states reject 2-digit numbers for | B1 | eg rejects $70,65,28, \ldots$ chooses 13, (0)2, etc |
|  | matches their 2-digits to at least two teachers using valid method | B1 | eg chooses Ms Jaleel and Mr Burns |
|  | Set of names generated by their valid method | B1 | dep on a valid method used |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | The first three B1B1B1 can be scored for describing a correct method and the last B1B1 can be scored for exemplifying the correct method and selecting a correct list of 5 teachers |  |  |
|  | eg 1 Teachers numbered sequentially row by row and first two digits of 5-digit random numbers used and selected row by row Ms Jaleel, Mr Burns, Ms Amat, Mr Davies and Mr Chan <br> eg 2 Teachers numbered sequentially column by column and last two digits of 5-digit random numbers used and selected row by row Ms Gibson, Ms Carr, Mr Lunn, Mr Burns and Mr Singh |  |  |

