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GCSE

COMBINED SCIENCE: SYNERGY

Higher Tier Paper 2
Life and environmental sciences

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8465/2H

Wednesday 23 May 2018

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

At the top of the page, write your surname and other names, your centre number, your candidate number and add your signature.



For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- the periodic table (enclosed)
- the Physics Equations Sheet (enclosed).

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Answer ALL questions in the spaces provided. Do not write on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



INFORMATION

- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO



0 1

A solar water bag can be used to heat water for an outdoor swimming pool.

A student wanted to find out if the colour of the solar water bag affects the temperature increase of the water inside the bag.

FIGURE 1, on page 6, shows some of the equipment used.



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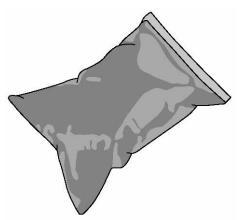


FIGURE 1

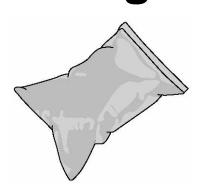
Black bag

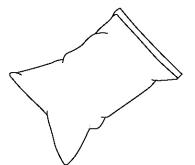


Pale blue bag



Pale green bag White bag





This is the method used.

- 1. Fill each bag with water.
- 2. Place the four bags on the ground outside.
- 3. After three hours, measure the temperature of the water inside each bag.
- 4. Repeat steps 1–3 on the next two days.



01.1	Suggest THREE changes the student should make to this method to get valid results. [3 marks]
	1
	2
	



The student repeated the investigation using an improved method.

The results obtained were valid.

TABLE 1 shows the results.

TABLE 1

Colour of bag	Temperature increase in °C			
	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Mean
Black	44.0	31.4	43.4	39.6
Pale blue	38.5	23.6	38.1	33.4
Pale green	37.9	23.7	37.7	33.1
White	25.3	23.4	24.2	X



0 1	. 2	The student used a thermometer
		to measure the temperature of
		the water inside each bag.

What was the resolution of the thermometer? [1 mark]

Resolution =	°C

0	1]-[3	Suggest ONE reason why the temperatures increased less on Day 2 than on Day 1 and Day 3. [1 mark]



Repeat of TABLE 1

Colour of bag	Temperature increase in °C			
	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Mean
Black	44.0	31.4	43.4	39.6
Pale blue	38.5	23.6	38.1	33.4
Pale green	37.9	23.7	37.7	33.1
White	25.3	23.4	24.2	X

01.4	Calculate the mean temperature increase for the white bag. [1 mark]

Mean	temperature	increase =
		°C



0 1.5	Which colour of bag would be best to use to heat water?
	Give a reason for your answer. [2 marks]
	Colour
	Reason
[Turn ov	/erl



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02	Dravet syndrome is caused by a genetic mutation.
	Dravet syndrome causes epileptic seizures. An epileptic seizure is caused by unusual brain activity.
02.1	Mutations often happen when cells divide.
	Give ONE other cause of genetic mutations. [1 mark]



0 2.2 Scientists have transferred the mutated gene for Dravet syndrome into zebrafish using genetic engineering.

This means the scientists could test a new drug to treat Dravet syndrome on the zebrafish.

Which TWO of the following are used during the process of genetic engineering? [2 marks]

Tick TWO boxes on the opposite page.



Enzymes
Placebos
Vaccines
Vectors
White blood cells



0	2	. 3	Scientists used the genetically
			engineered zebrafish to test the
			new drug.

Describe the processes that then need to happen to test the new drug before it can be used to treat all children with Dravet syndrome. [6 marks]



9



0 3

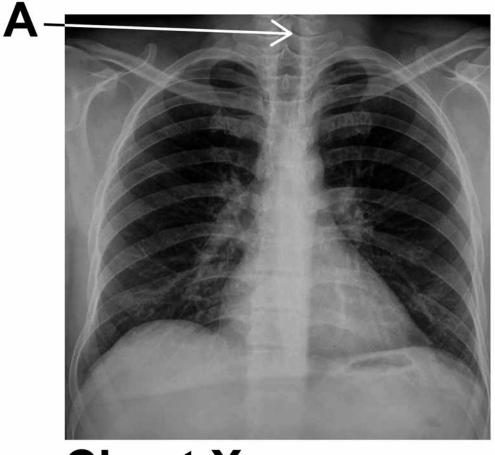
A man with breathing difficulties goes to hospital.

FIGURE 2 shows his lung scan and chest X-ray.

FIGURE 2



Lung scan



Chest X-ray



03.1	What is pa	rt A? [1	mark]
	Tick ONE k	OOX.	
	Brond	hus	
	Capill	ary	
	Trach	ea	
	Vein		



03.2	Give ONE advantage of using the LUNG SCAN, rather than the chest X-ray, to diagnose problems with the man's breathing system. [1 mark]
03.3	Give ONE advantage of using the CHEST X-RAY, rather than the lung scan, to diagnose problems with the man's breathing system. [1 mark]



	Z 1
03.4	Aerobic respiration and anaerobic respiration are the two types of cell respiration.
	Give THREE differences between aerobic and anaerobic respiration. [3 marks]
	1
	2
	3



0 3 . 5	A health website contains the following advice:
	Stop smoking and you will be healthier and live longer.
	Explain why stopping smoking will improve a person's health. [6 marks]





0 4	Owls are predators of mice and voles.
04.1	Which of the following are biotic factors that would affect owl populations? [2 marks]
	Tick TWO boxes.
	Availability of food
	Carbon dioxide levels
	Moisture levels
	New diseases
	Oxygen levels
	Soil pH



Scientists collected population data for mice, voles and owls from one woodland over two years.

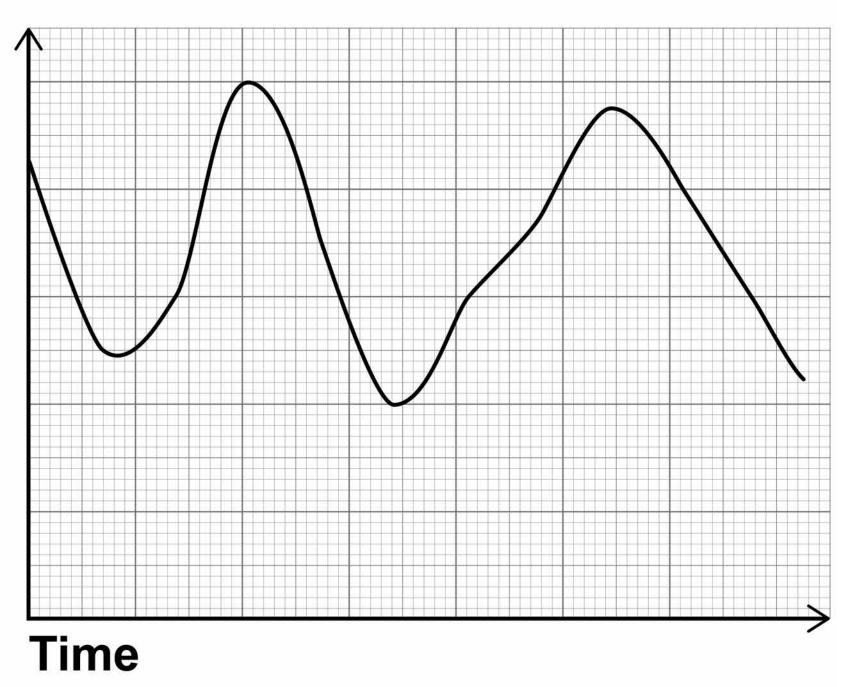
04.2	The scientists collected the data using sampling techniques.
	Suggest why the population data collected may not be accurate. [2 marks]



FIGURE 3 shows how the total number of mice and voles changed over two years.

FIGURE 3

Total number of mice and voles per 1000 m²





0 4.3 The number of owls also changed over the same time period.

The changes in the numbers followed a typical predator—prey relationship.

Sketch a line on FIGURE 3, on page 26, to show how you would expect the number of owls to change. [3 marks]



04.4	What would happen to the number of voles if the population of mice decreased?
	Give reasons for your answer. [2 marks]



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[0 5]	Millions of people get salmonella food poisoning each year.
0 5 . 1	A new vaccine has been developed to protect people against salmonella food poisoning.
	Explain how the vaccine prevents people becoming ill with salmonella food poisoning. [5 marks]





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Students investigated the effect of lack of sleep on ion time. reacti

9

This is the method used.

- 1. Each student sleeps for a different amount of time.
- 2. Each student then completes a reaction time test the computer five times. O

key on the keyboard when they hear a sound played at random. The computer program asks the students to press a

TABLE 2, on page 36, shows the results of the investigation.



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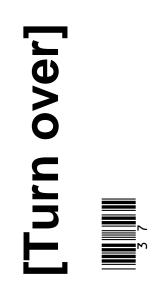


TABLE 2

Student	Number of hours	Reaction time in milliseconds	time in	millise	conds
	of sleep	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Mean
А	8	229.6	253.3	233.4	238.8
В	9	298.3	2'808	269.1	292.0
C	4	211.2	218.9	206.5	212.2
D	2	449.3	445.2	441.9	445.5
E		712.0	6'212	715.3	715.1



6.1 Calculate the percentage decrease in mean reaction time when the number of hours of sleep increases from 1 hour to 8 hours. [2 marks]		Percentage decrease in reaction time =	
90			





06.2	Apart from using a computer program, describe ONE other method of measuring reaction time. [4 marks]



06.3	A computer program measures reaction time accurately.
	O

Suggest ONE other reason why the students used a computer program to measure reaction time.

[1 mark]



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	71
06.4	A student concluded that lack of sleep increases reaction time.
	Suggest TWO reasons why the data generated from the students' method may NOT allow a valid conclusion to be made. [2 marks]
	1
	2



Scientists investigated the effect of lack of sleep and the effect of alcohol consumption on the human nervous system.

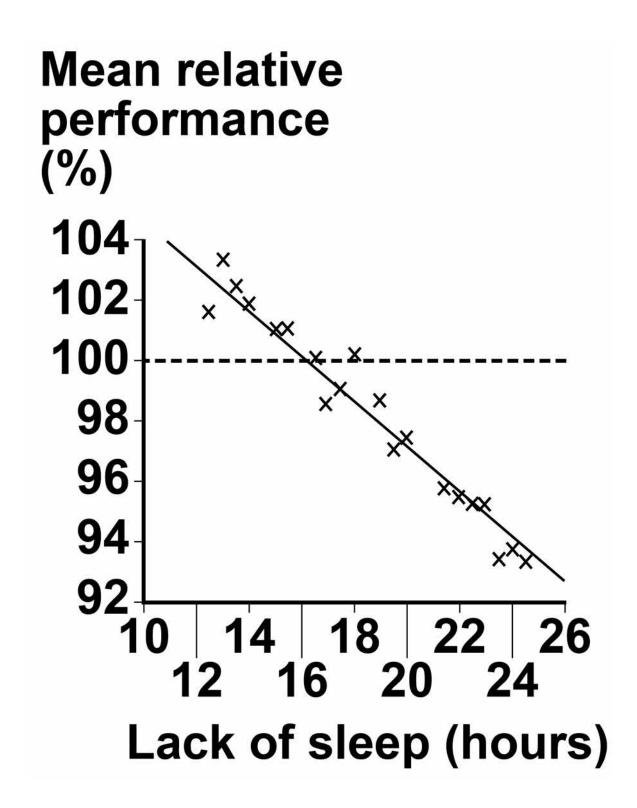
This is the method used.

- 1. Each person completes an accuracy test using a computer.
- 2. Their average score is taken as 100%.
- 3. Half of the group are kept awake for 24 hours.
- 4. The other half of the group drink alcohol until their blood alcohol level reaches 0.12%.
- 5. Each person repeats the accuracy test at regular intervals using a computer.

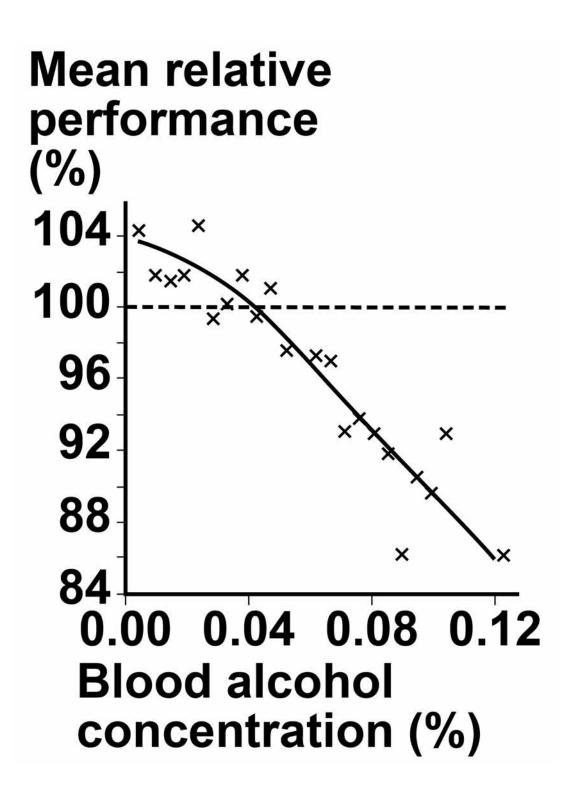
FIGURE 4 and FIGURE 5, on pages 43 and 44, show the results of the investigation.



FIGURE 4









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0 6.5 Mean relative performance is a comparison with the person's original score. For example, 50% means their accuracy on the test was half of their original score.

If your blood alcohol concentration is above 0.08% it is against the law to drive in the UK.

A newspaper states the following:

Driving whilst tired is as dangerous as driving after drinking alcohol.

Evaluate the newspaper's statement.

Use information from FIGURE 4 and FIGURE 5 on pages 43 and 44. [4 marks]



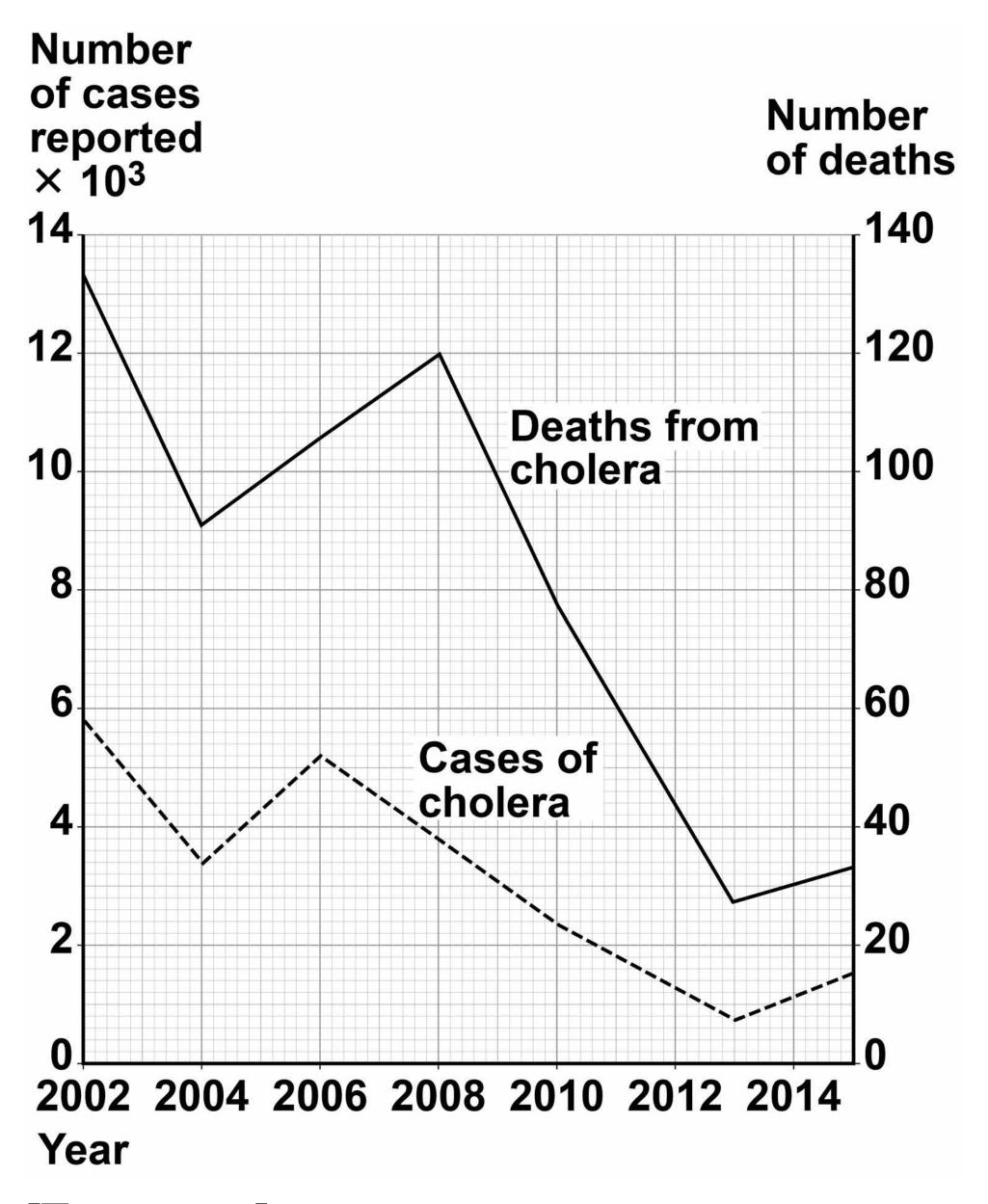
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07	Getting safe drinking water is a problem for millions of people.
	Cholera is a waterborne disease.
	FIGURE 6, on page 49, shows data about cholera from one area of Africa.
07.1	What percentage of cases of cholera reported in 2004 resulted in deaths in 2004?
	Give your answer to 2 significant figures. [4 marks]
	Percentage deaths =



FIGURE 6





07.2	A student concluded that a cholera epidemic occurred in 2008.
	Give ONE reason for and ONE reason against the student's conclusion.
	Use information from FIGURE 6, on page 49. [2 marks]

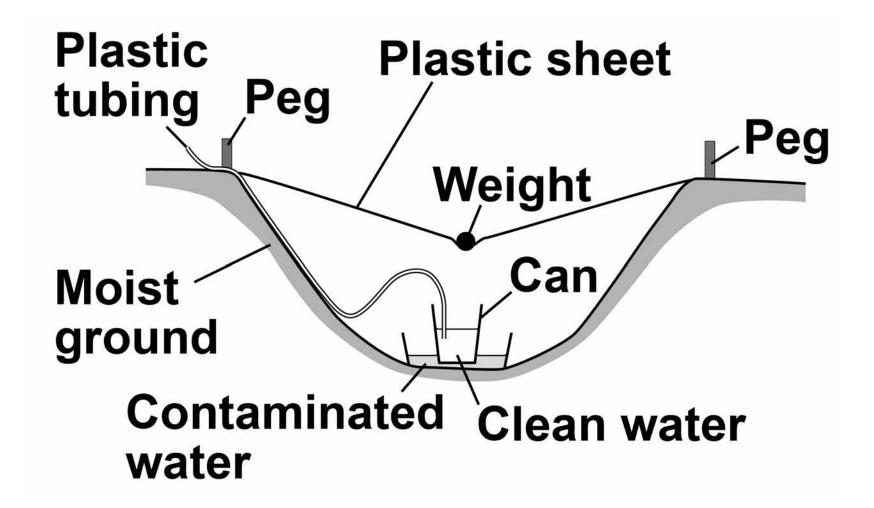


07.3	A different student concluded that a cholera epidemic had occurred in 2002.
	Why can we NOT be sure of this from the data given in FIGURE 6, on page 49? [1 mark]
07.4	Suggest TWO possible ways in which cholera might spread in one area of Africa. [2 marks]
	2
[Turn ov	

5 1

0 7.5 There are a number of ways to provide clean and safe water for people.

FIGURE 7 shows a simple method for collecting clean water. This method is called solar distillation.



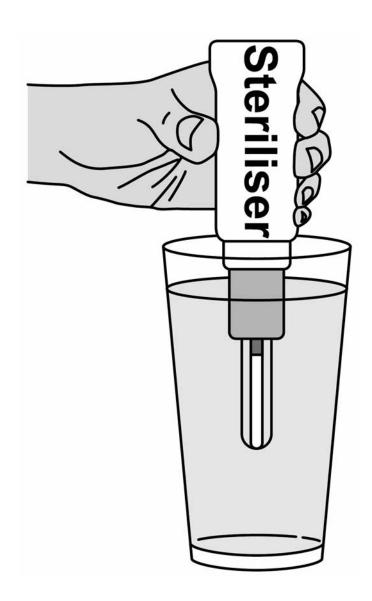


Explain the processes that occur in
the method shown in FIGURE 7, on
page 52, to provide clean drinking
water. [5 marks]



0 7.6 Another method of making water safe to drink is to use a portable steriliser.

FIGURE 8 shows a portable steriliser.



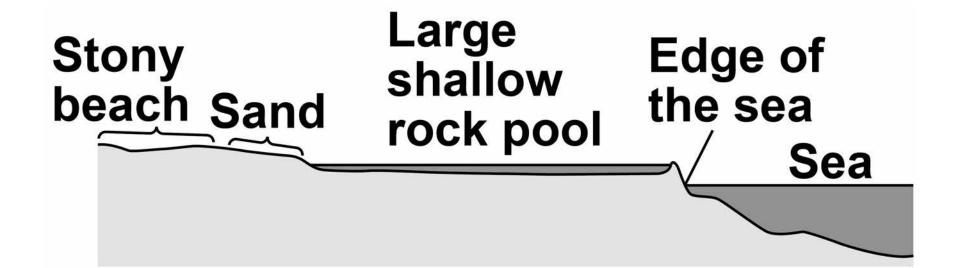


The steriliser emits light.



0 8 FIGURE 9 shows a rocky shore.

FIGURE 9



Students were asked to investigate how the abundance and distribution of different organisms change as you move from the edge of the sea to the stony beach.

0 8 . 1	Describe a method the students could use. [6 marks]





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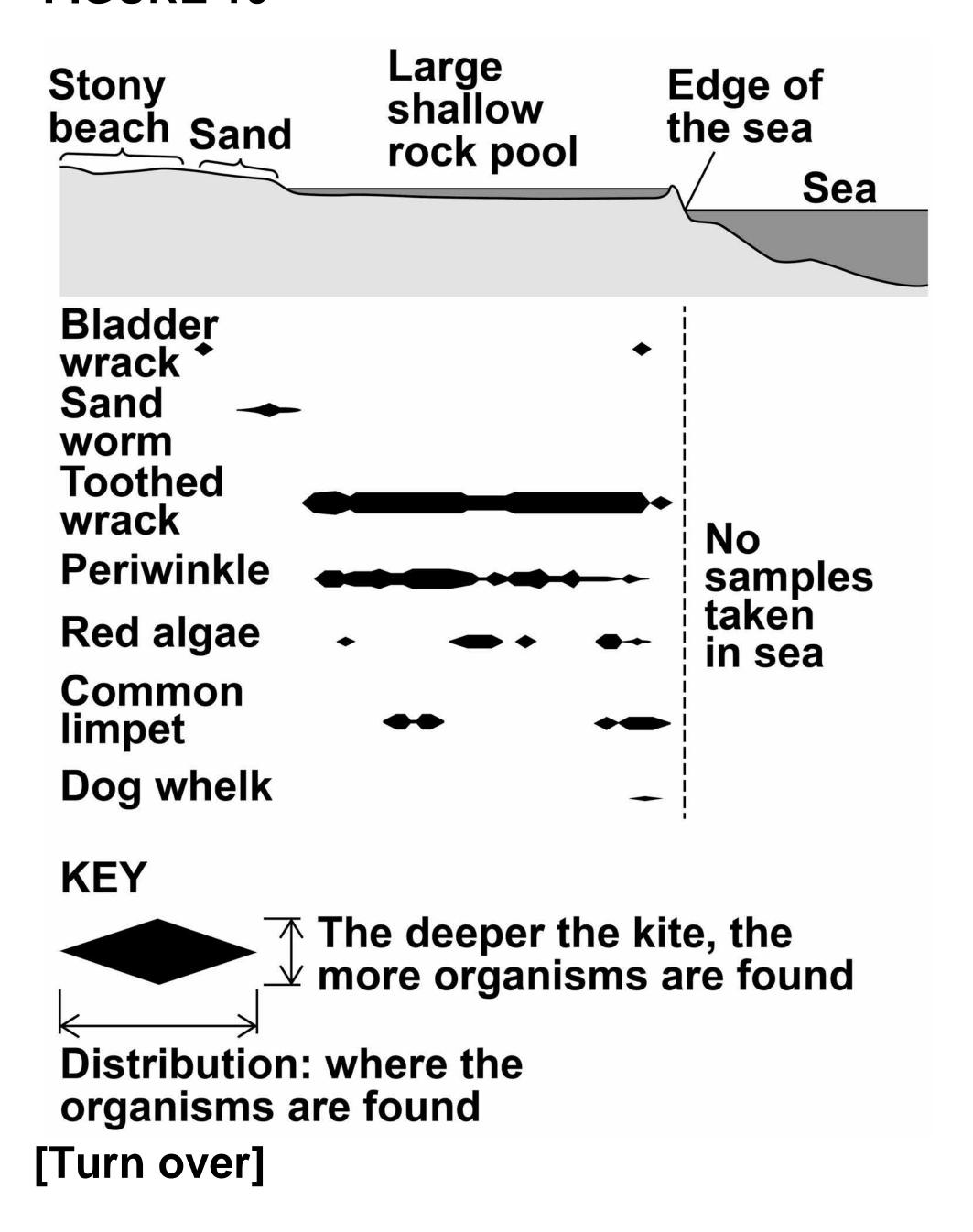


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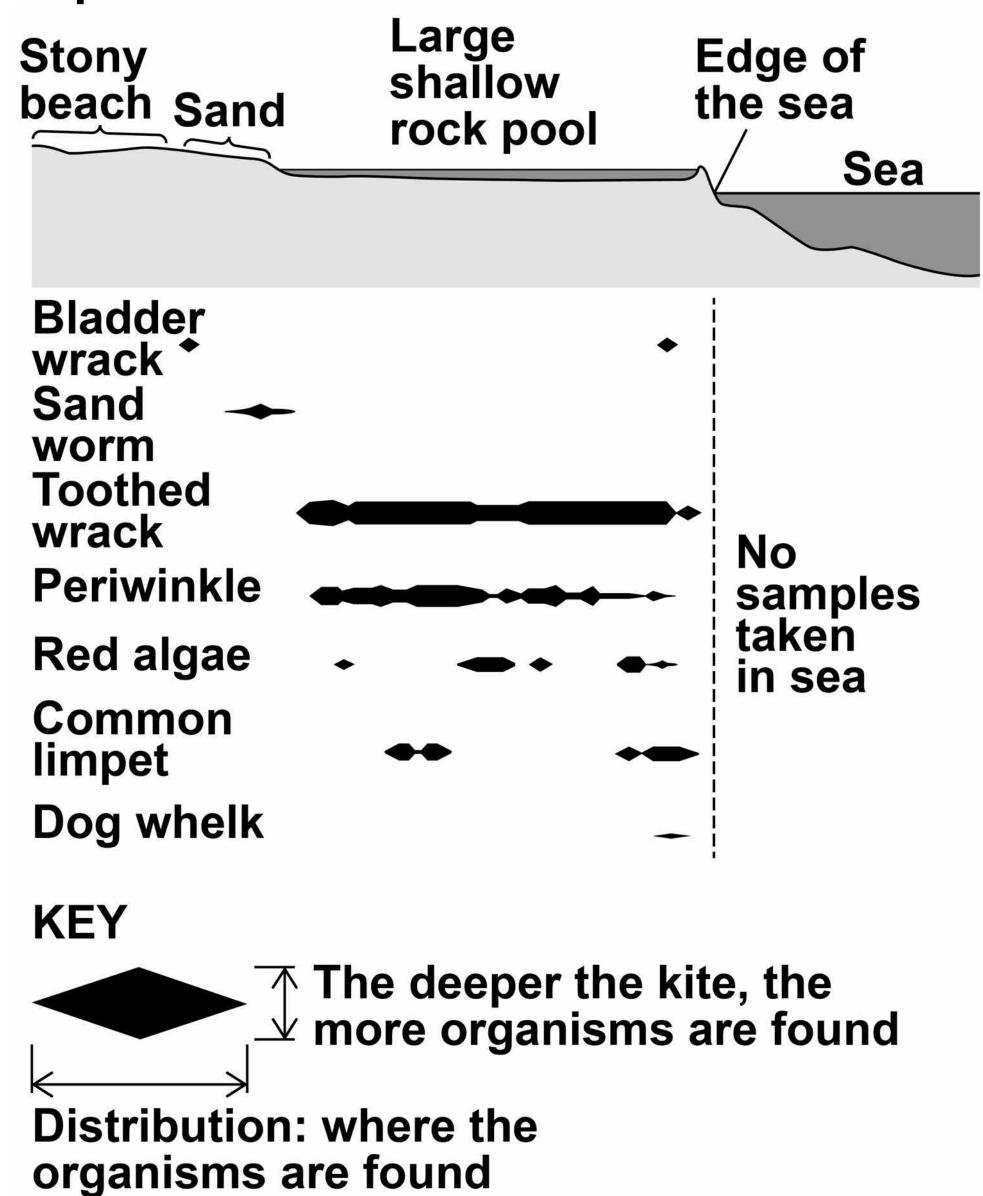
08.2	A kite diagram shows the distribution and number of organisms.		
	FIGURE 10, on page 61, shows a kite diagram of the results from a similar investigation on the same rocky shore.		
	Which organism was most abundant?		
	Give a reason for your answer. [2 marks]		







Repeat of FIGURE 10





08.3	The shallow rock pool in FIGURE 10, on page 62, has a HIGHER BIODIVERSITY than the sand or the stony beach. Suggest THREE reasons why. [3 marks]		
[Turn ov	ver] 11		

6 3

0 9

Neon is an element. Neon is used in advertising signs.

FIGURE 11 shows a neon sign.





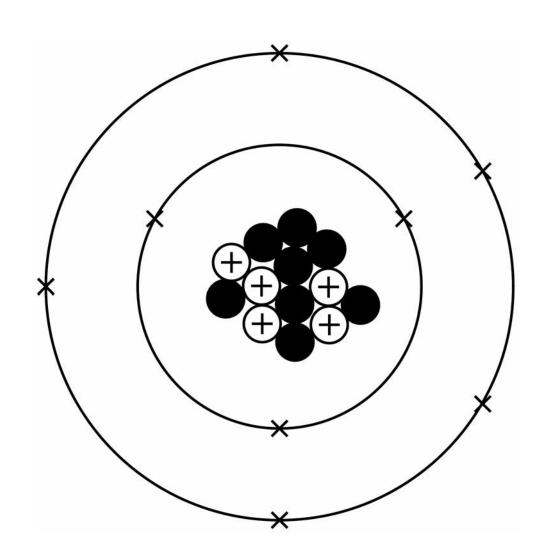
09.1	Explain why the atoms of neon give out electromagnetic radiation when the tube is connected to an electricity supply. [4 marks]		



Some elements can have different isotopes.

0 9.2 An isotope of carbon can be shown as ${}^{13}_{6}$ C

FIGURE 12 shows an INCORRECT diagram of the structure of an atom of ${}^{13}_{6}$ C





Explain why the diagram of the atomic structure shown in FIGURE 12, on page 66, is incorrect. [4 marks]



Carbon-14 $\binom{14}{6}$ C is a radioactive isotope of carbon. Carbon-14 undergoes BETA decay.

FIGURE 13 shows an incomplete nuclear equation for the radioactive decay of carbon-14.

$$^{14}_{6}C \longrightarrow ^{7}_{7}N +$$



0 9.3 Which of the following correctly completes the nuclear equation in FIGURE 13 on page 68? [1 mark]

Tick ONE box.

0	^
–1	е

$$-\frac{1}{0}$$
 e

$$\frac{1}{0}$$
 e



09.4	Explain the change in atomic number in the nuclear equation shown in FIGURE 13, on page 68. [2 marks]

0 9 . 5 The half-life of carbon-14 is 5730 years.

Carbon-14 is used for carbon dating. Carbon dating can tell us how old some objects are.

A skeleton was carbon dated. The results showed that there was only 12.5% of the original amount of carbon-14 left in the skeleton.



	[2 marks]	tne skeleton.
	Age of skeleton =	
		years old
END O	F QUESTIONS	12



There are no questions printed on this page

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Question	Mark		
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