

GCSE **URDU**

8648/WF Paper 4: Writing (Foundation) Report on the Examination

8648 June 2019

Version: 1.0



General comments

The paper discriminated well between higher and lower ability students at this tier. Many students were able to gain marks in all questions and it seemed that the vast majority had been entered at the appropriate tier which was pleasing.

Many students showed a good knowledge of the vocabulary required for the tasks and had the grammatical knowledge to deal with the different tasks.

The ability to write using different time frames was tested in Questions 3 and 4 and there was evidence that a good number of students were confident in this area.

Where students failed to score marks, this was where inaccuracy caused a delay in communicating messages. This was mainly due to inaccurate verb formation or students writing extended responses, far longer than the suggested word count, which created more scope for error.

Another barrier to achievement was omission or misinterpretation of the bullet points in Questions 2 and 4. Where a student's grammatical knowledge was lacking, this would invariably lead to some loss of clarity which had a negative impact on communication and quality of language.

In Questions 2 and 4, many students far exceeded the recommended word count and very often, in so doing, made more errors which meant they got a lower mark for quality of language than they may otherwise have done.

Question 1

Advice to students and teachers

- Teachers are reminded that students are required to write four sentences about what is in the photo. Each sentence is marked separately and is worth a maximum of two marks
- Students should include a verb, but keep the sentences short and simple to make sure they
 communicate a clear message.
- Always join the Urdu letters and do not write phonetically using the English alphabet.

Question 2

Teachers are reminded that there are 10 marks for Content and 6 marks for Quality of Language. Students are required to write approximately 40 words in total about four different bullet points. All bullet points are compulsory and must be covered, but there is no need for equal coverage of the bullets.

Content

The criteria for assessment address both coverage of the bullet points and clarity of communication. The most successful responses were concise and addressed all bullet points. The first and third bullet points, 'کھانا پینا' and 'کھانا پینا' were the most accessible and students addressed these well. Where other bullet points were omitted, this obviously limited the marks that could be awarded. In addition, inaccurate language that led to a delay in communication, and hence 'lapses', had an impact on marks awarded for Content.

Quality of language

Many students were able to score three marks and above. There were good attempts at variety, for example different ways of expressing opinions and different persons of the verb. Where students failed to score marks, this occurred when verb formations were not accurate and where they had attempted to write much more than the 40 words and therefore created more scope for error.

Advice to students

- Aim to write roughly the number of words required.
- Mention all of the bullet points. Attempt to write something about them rather than omitting them.
- Tick off the bullet points once you have addressed them.

Question 3

For this question, there are 5 marks for Conveying key messages and 5 marks for Application of grammatical knowledge of language and structures. Given that the level of demand of the messages was aimed at covering grades 1 to 5, the question differentiated well, with vast majority of students able to score some marks.

Conveying key messages

My brother is very clever.	Many students struggled with 'ذہین' .
I live in a big house near the park.	Many students struggled with 'رہتا/ریتی ہوں' and 'رہتا/ریتی ہوں'
At school I like History and English.	Misspellings of 'تاریخ' that created a different meaning were not accepted eg 'تاریک'.
I like swimming because it is good for my health.	'Health' was not widely known.
Last Sunday, I went to London.	The past tense 'میں لندن گیا/گئی' was not always well produced. 'پچھلے اتوار' was also not widely known.

Application of grammatical knowledge of language and structures

Minor errors did not prevent award of marks for conveying key messages provided they were communicated. Because of this, when awarding marks for application of grammatical knowledge of language and structures, inaccurate language was considered.

Advice to students

- Practise high frequency words and phrases.
- Check carefully that all aspects of the translation have been addressed accurately, particularly the little words as mentioned above.
- If you are not sure how to translate something, have a go as it may score you a mark. Leaving it blank will not.
- Check verb tenses and endings.

Question 4

For this question, there are 10 marks for Content and 6 marks for Quality of Language. Students are required to write approximately 90 words in total about four different bullet points. All bullet points must be covered, but there is no need for equal coverage of the bullets. Students were able to achieve full marks by writing in the region of 90 words. Many did this, but others lost marks for Content because they wrote around half that amount or because they wrote too much and made more errors in so doing. This affected the mark for Quality of language. At this tier, it was the students who wrote concisely and accurately who scored the highest marks.

Content

The criteria for assessment focus on four elements: coverage of the bullet points, development of ideas, clarity of communication and expression of opinions. Students need to be reminded that coverage of bullet points is key, as misinterpreting or omitting even one means that the award of a mark above 6 is impossible, given that for the award of marks in the range 7 - 10, all aspects of the task must be covered. In addition, although students had no difficulty in developing ideas and expressing opinions, there were occasions when inaccuracy led to a lack of clarity of communication (referred to as 'lapses' in the criteria) and this had an impact on marks awarded. Therefore, students who conveyed information in relation to all four bullet points did not necessarily score a mark of 8 and above if there were lapses in clarity.

Question 4.1

More students answered this question than Question 4.2 but students' overall performance was better in Question 4.2 than Question 4.1. The first bullet point about a current part time job was answered well and often, more was written in relation to this bullet point than in response to the others.

The second bullet point was to write about what was liked and disliked about this part time job and many wrote about both. The third bullet point about a previous job, was not done so well at this tier, mainly because of the need to refer to a past event. If the present tense was used, this clearly led to a lack of clarity in the intended message. The fourth bullet about their future job required quite specific vocabulary, which some lacked. However, there were some successful examples of

appropriate responses. They wrote about what job they would like to have in the future and there were plenty of good reasons given for their choices.

Question 4.2

Quality of language

The key features of the criteria for assessment here are variety of language, attempts at complexity, time frames and accuracy. Students were able to show a variety of vocabulary in relation to the four bullet points of their chosen question.

Both questions elicited language which referred to past, present and future events and students had the opportunity to show a knowledge of different tenses. This was not always done successfully, in particular with the bullet points requiring reference to the past.

When giving opinions, many students were able to use different verbs and adjectives which lent greater variety to their writing. Two bullet points per question directly elicited opinions. Complexity at this tier was achieved in various ways: infinitive constructions; subordinate clauses; the use of longer sentences formed using connectives; comparatives; negatives; the use of a range of adjectives and range of tenses.

The other strand in Quality of language is the accuracy of the writing. The more common major errors were with verbs, either with the wrong person or the wrong tense of the verb. Another major error was spelling mistakes. A good number of minor errors, for example of gender or adjectival agreement, at times led to a lower mark.

Advice to students

- Aim to write roughly the suggested number of words.
- Mention all of the bullet points. Attempt to write something about them rather than omitting them. Tick off the bullet points on the question paper once they have been covered.
- Identify which bullet points target the different time frames and check that your verb formation is accurate.
- Make sure you include opinions as required by the task.
- Make sure you write accurately.
- In some cases, the language of the bullet points can be used as part of your response. For example, in Question 4.1, the first bullet point is: ؟ اس وقت پارٹ ٹائم کیا ہے. You are given an ideal start to a sentence: اس وقت میرا پارٹ ٹائم کیام ایک دکان میں ہے۔ If you do this, make sure the spelling is accurate. The fourth bullet point is: \$\frac{2}{2} \frac{2}{2} \frac{2}{2}

are given an ideal start to a sentence: میں چھٹیوں میں ترکی گیا/گئی وہاں بہت سی مسجدیں ہیں۔ بہت سے lf you do this, make sure the spelling is accurate. The fourth bullet point is: اگلے سال 'You are given an opportunity to write about future holidays and you can also include your opinion with reasons.

Mark Ranges and Award of Grades

Grade boundaries and cumulative percentage grades are available on the <u>Results Statistics</u> page of the AQA website.