

ADVANCED

General Certificate of Education

January 2011

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Biology

Assessment Unit A2 1

assessing

Physiology and Ecosystems

[AB211]

MONDAY 24 JANUARY, AFTERNOON



TIME

2 hours.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper. Answer **all nine** questions.

You are provided with **Photograph 4.5** for use with Question 5 in this paper.

Do not write your answers on this photograph.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 90.

Section A carries 72 marks. Section B carries 18 marks.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

You are reminded of the need for good English and clear

presentation in your answers. Use accurate scientific terminology in all answers.

You should spend approximately **25 minutes** on Section B. You are expected to answer Section B in continuous prose. Quality of written communication will be assessed in **Section B** and awarded a maximum of 2 marks.

For Examiner's use only

Marks

Question

Number

1 2

3

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6948.11**R**

Section A

Read the following passage about the development of a community over a period of time and write the most appropriate word(s) in the blank spaces to complete the account.

The initial colonisation of bare	rock is by	species.
Over time as the soil develops	s, more species colonise the are	ea, a process
known as	succession. The final stable co	ommunity is
known as the	community. If this final cor	nmunity is
destroyed by fire a more rapid	succession	on may take
place.		

Tank

2	(a)	Auxins and gibberellins are both plant growth substances which
		promote cell elongation in different parts of the stem. State which
		parts of the plant stem are stimulated by

Auxins and gibberellins are both plant growth substances which promote cell elongation in different parts of the stem. State which parts of the plant stem are stimulated by	r Only mark
Auxins	12
Gibberellins	[1]

(b) Growth in plants involves the division of cells which subsequently increase in length.

In an experiment, the effects of two "growth substances" on both cell division and cell elongation were compared with an untreated control plant. Each treatment resulted in longer stems than the untreated control. The specific effects on cell division and cell elongation are shown in the table below.

	Treatment with an artificial growth substance		
	Untreated Control	1-naphthaleneacetic acid (NAA)	2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D)
Cell division – average number of new cells produced /cells day ⁻¹	3.9	3.8	5.9
Cell elongation – average increased length of each new cell/µm	30	48	24

Ising the information in the longation produced by each	table, explain the increase in stem treatment.	
. J		

(a)	The drug nicotine, found in the leaves of the tobacco plant, binds to
	the acetylcholine receptor sites in synapses. After binding to these
	receptor sites, nicotine acts in a similar way to acetylcholine.

	all drugs taken by humans, including nicotine and alcohol, affe	ect r Only	
The	e drug nicotine, found in the leaves of the tobacco plant, binds acetylcholine receptor sites in synapses. After binding to these eptor sites, nicotine acts in a similar way to acetylcholine.		· Os
(i)	Using your understanding of the nerve synapse, describe precisely where nicotine would bind.		3
		_[1]	
(ii)	Describe and explain the effect of nicotine on the nervous system.		
		 [3]	
		_ []	
(iii)	Unlike acetylcholine, nicotine is not broken down within the		

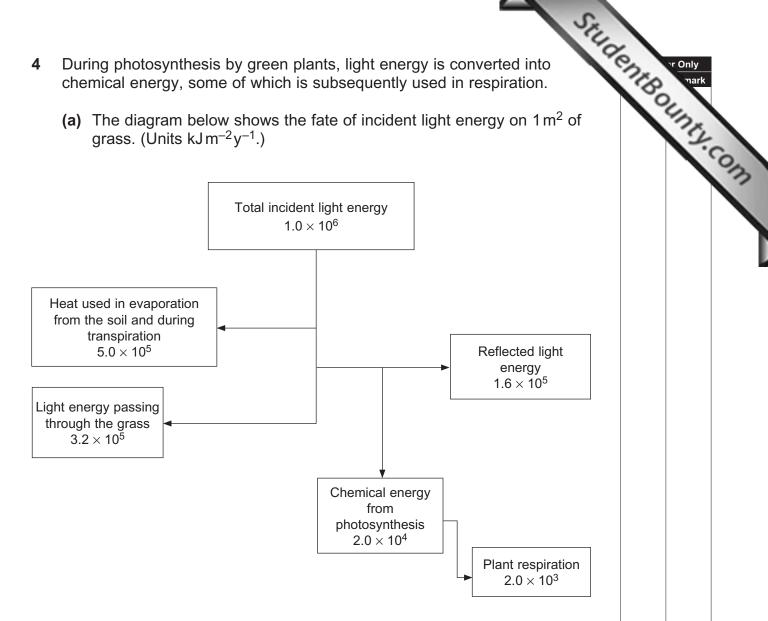
(111)	Unlike acetylcholine, nicotine is not broken down within the
	synapse. Suggest one possible consequence of nicotine
	remaining in the synapse.

[1]

[1]

reco to C	e drug alcohol, binds with gamma aminobutyric acid (GABA) eptors in synapses. After binding, alcohol acts in a similar way GABA – the inside of the neurone membrane becomes more lative, a state known as hyperpolarisation.	Stud	ENHOU!	nly mark
(i)	Suggest one way in which alcohol causes the inside of the membrane to become more negative.			T.COM
		[1]		
(ii)	Alcohol is known to inhibit the nervous system. Suggest how the inhibition may be brought about.	nis		
		[2]		
(iii)	Suggest one consequence of alcohol inhibition of the nervous system.			

(a) The diagram below shows the fate of incident light energy on 1 m² of grass. (Units $kJm^{-2}y^{-1}$.)



(i) Calculate the percentage of the total incident light energy which is converted into chemical energy. Show your working.

> ____[2] Answer

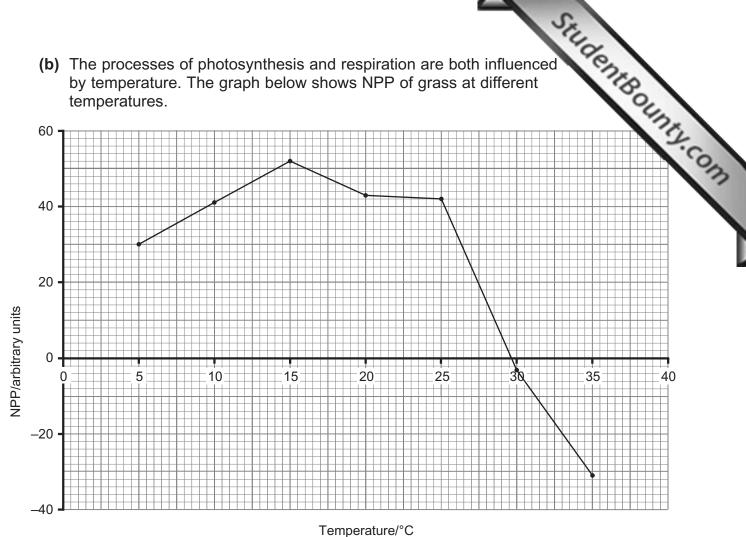
(ii) Define the term Net Primary Production (NPP).

_____[1]

(iii) Calculate NPP for the grass.

Answer

(b) The processes of photosynthesis and respiration are both influenced by temperature. The graph below shows NPP of grass at different temperatures.



(i)	Explain the negative NPP values above 30 °C.

_____[2]

ss is a suitable species for cropping as silage in early summer.
38

_ [1]

(c)	Explain two	advantages	of using	silage	to feed	cattle	over	allowing
	the cattle to	graze the fie	ld.					

[2]

[1]

	e growth of maize in Ireland has been improved by the introduction photodegradable plastic. The photographs 4.5 X and Y show	Studente	nly nark
pho	otodegradable plastic strips with maize seedlings growing through forations in the plastic.	SOLL	18
(a)	Suggest one advantage of the plastic being photodegradable.		T. COM

(b) The plastic strip influences the temperature of the soil underneath. The table below shows the average soil temperatures for May and June underneath a plastic strip (at the centre and at its edge) and in soil lacking plastic cover.

Manth	Soil temperature/°C				
Month	Under plastic cover		No plastic cover		
	Centre	Edge			
May	14.9	13.0	11.4		
June	19.9	17.7	16.0		

(i)	Using the information in the table, explain why the use of plastic strips improves the growth of maize.

(ii) Examine photographs 4.5 X and Y and suggest two additional advantages of growing maize under plastic.

1	
2	
	[2

(c) The growth of maize under plastic was investigated at two sites in Ireland: Carrick-on-Suir, Co. Tipperary (in the South-East) and Dromore, Co Down (in the North-East). Five varieties of maize were tested. The table below shows the relative performance of the varieties at the two sites. (100 represents the overall average for the five varieties at both sites.)

	Carrick-on-Suir	Dromore	
Variety	Grain yield	Grain yield	
Nancis	102	125	
Loft	104	123	
Hudson	117	102	
Rival	111	58	
Janna	108	50	

Comment on the influence of the site on the relative performance of the varieties in the investigation.						
the varieties in the investigation.						
r						

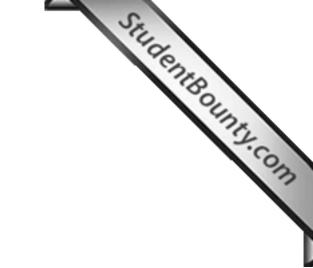
(d) In recent years, maize silage has become a significant component of the feed on many dairy and beef farms in Ireland.

Student Bounty.com In an investigation into the benefits of feeding cattle with a grassmaize silage mixture compared to grass-only silage, the weight of the finished beef cattle was found to be greater when maize was included in their diet.

The table below shows other comparisons made during the investigation.

	Grass silage	Grass plus maize silage
Mean amount eaten /kg dry matter day ⁻¹	8.38	9.08
Energy absorbed/MJ day ⁻¹	104	111
Energy stored in the carcass/MJ day ⁻¹	5.0	5.9

(i)	Using the information in the table, explain the increased weight of cattle fed on the grass-maize silage.					
		[2]				
(ii)	Suggest two reasons why so little of the absorbed energy is stored in the carcass.					
	1					
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		[2]				

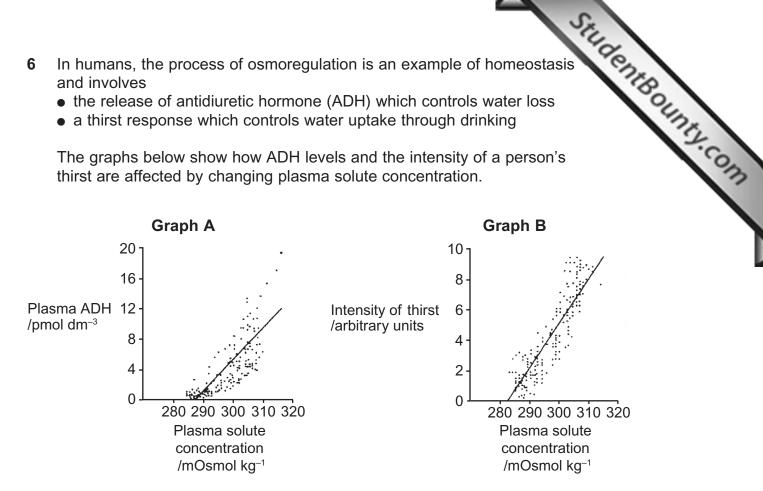


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(Questions continue overleaf)

- In humans, the process of osmoregulation is an example of homeostasis and involves
 - the release of antidiuretic hormone (ADH) which controls water loss
 - a thirst response which controls water uptake through drinking

The graphs below show how ADH levels and the intensity of a person's thirst are affected by changing plasma solute concentration.



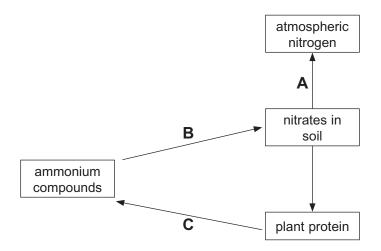
plasma solute concentration on plasma ADH levels.

Examin Marks	er Only Remark

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[Turn over

7 (a) The diagram below summarises part of the nitrogen cycle.



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[3]

Identify the processes labelled A to C.

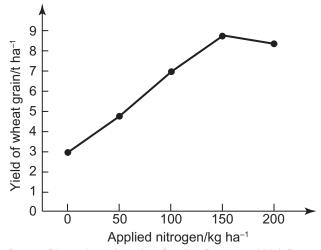
Α				

В _____

C _____

(b) Nitrogen-containing compounds can be added to soil by the use of artificial fertilisers. There are both economic and environmental reasons for determining the amount of artificial fertiliser to add to cereal crops, such as wheat.

An investigation was carried out to determine the effect of adding different levels of artificial fertiliser on the amount of wheat grain harvested. The results are shown in the graph below.



Source: Plant science in action. Caroline Barnes and Nick Poore. Hodder and Stoughton ISBN 0-340-60099-3

- Reindeer (Rangifer tarandus) have been introduced to remote oceanic islands to provide a source of meat for sailors on whaling ships.
- SHILDEN BOUNTS, COM (a) On South Georgia, in the South Atlantic Ocean, reindeer were first introduced in 1909. The reindeer graze the lowland grass community of plants when this is not covered by winter snow. In the winter months the deer graze the lichen-rich banks, where less snow accumulates.

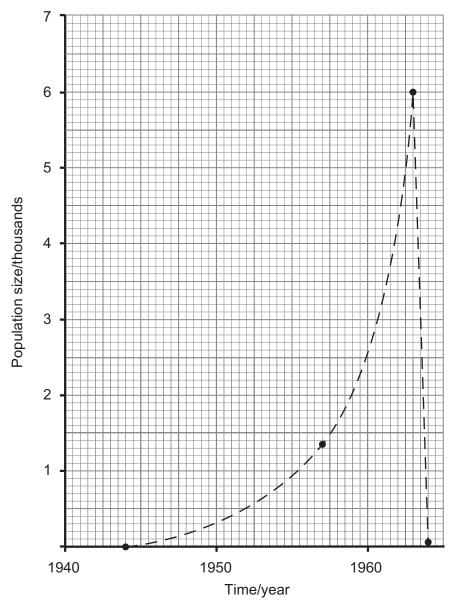
The table shows the plant species present in the lichen-rich banks for an area where there are no reindeer (ungrazed) and where reindeer are present (grazed).

Plant species	Mean percentage cover/%		
	Area ungrazed by reindeer	Area grazed by reindeer	
Vascular plants			
Acaena decumbens	9	5	
Acaena tenera	4	_	
Festuca erecta	17	_	
Phleum alpinum	7.5	_	
Rostkovia magellanica	5	40	
Lichens			
Cetraria islandica	10	_	
Cladonia balfourii	4	_	
Cladonia carneola	_	2	
Cladonia furcata	6	1	
Cladonia rangiferina	10	_	
Ochrolechia frigida	5	2	
Pseudocyphellaria freycinetii	23	5	
Psoroma hypnorum	5	3	
Stereocaulon glabrum	5	_	
Mosses			
Chorisodontium aciphyllum	21.5	40	
Polytrichum alpinum	20.5	40	
Tortula robusta	4	_	

(b) A reindeer population was introduced to St Matthew Island in the North Pacific. The climate, with heavy winter snow falls, and the vegetation cover on St Matthew is very similar to that of South Georgia.

A biologist undertook censuses of the reindeer population on the island in certain years. These showed a huge increase followed by a rapid decline: 29 deer in 1944; 1350 in 1957; 6000 in 1963; and finally only 42 in 1964.

These population numbers are shown in the graph below. The dotted line is the biologist's assumption of the growth curve overall.



Source: David R Klein 'The introduction, increase, and crash of reindeer on St Matthew Island'
Alaska Cooperative Wildlife Research Unit, University of Alaska

Section B

Section B Quality of written communication is awarded a maximum of 2 marks in this section. [2] Give an account of the various immune responses following the entry of bacteria and viruses into the blood at the site of a wound. [16]	Ze l
000.1011 2	34
Quality of written communication is awarded a maximum of 2 marks in this section. [2]	
Give an account of the various immune responses following the entry of bacteria and viruses into the blood at the site of a wound. [16]	

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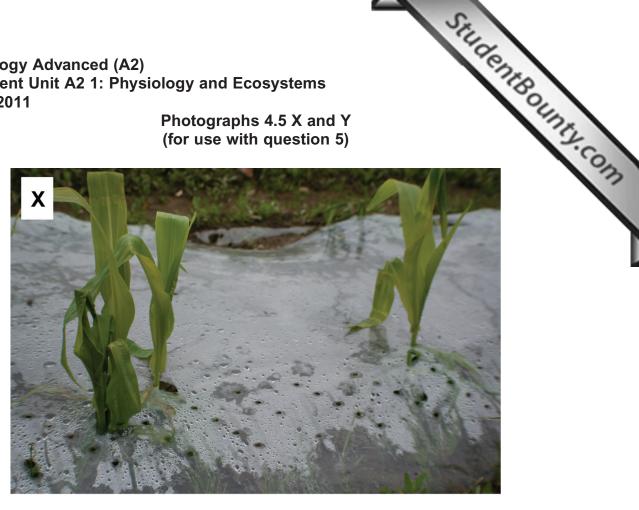
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GCE Biology Advanced (A2) Assessment Unit A2 1: Physiology and Ecosystems January 2011

Photographs 4.5 X and Y (for use with question 5)





Metre wide sheets of photodegradable plastic with maize plants emerging through the perforated plastic

Source: Chief Examiner