

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2009

**Science: Biology** 

Paper 1 Foundation Tier

[G0901]



## **WEDNESDAY 20 MAY, AFTERNOON**

TIME

1 hour

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper.

Answer all fourteen questions.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 80.

Quality of written communication will be assessed in question **14(d)** Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

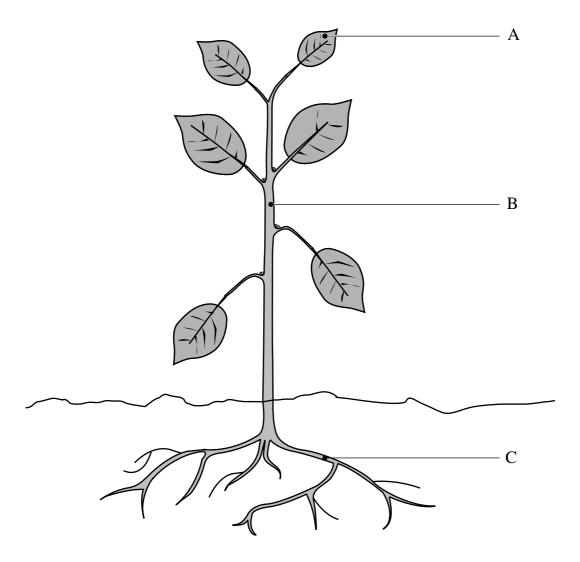
For Eve	minon's				
For Examiner's use only					
Question Number	Marks				
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					

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Total Marks	

1 The diagram shows a plant.

<b>Examiner Only</b>				
Marks	Remark			



(a) Name the plant organs A and B.

٨	Г1	1
А	11	ı
- <del>-</del>	1 -	1

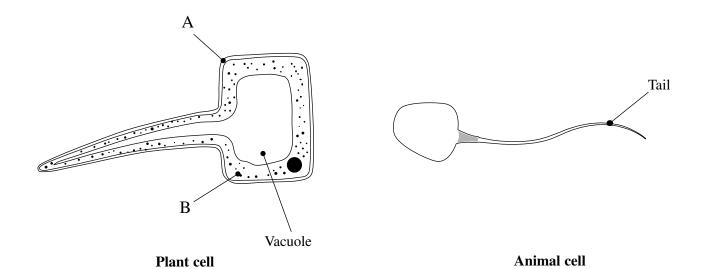
(b) Give two functions of C.

\_\_\_\_\_\_[2]

(c) Name one other organ of a plant not shown in the diagram.

1	1	
-	-	

The diagrams show two specialised cells. 2



(a) Name parts A and B.

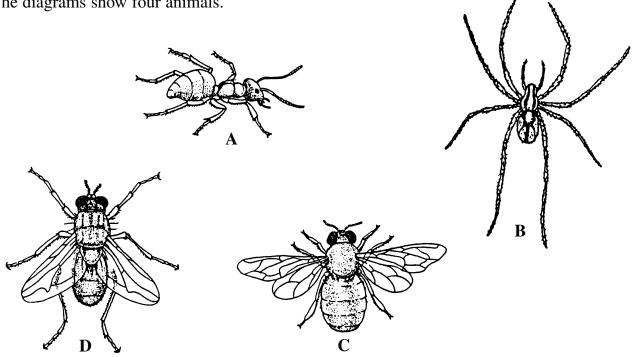
A	·	[1]

[1]

(b) Give the function of the tail on this animal cell.

\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(c) On the animal cell draw and label the nucleus. [2] **3** The diagrams show four animals.



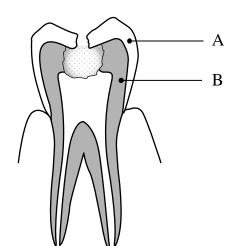
(a)	Use the key to identify the animals and place the correct letter in each
	box.
	1 W

1.	wings present	go to 2	
	No wings	go to 3	
2.	Two wings	Musca	[1]
	Four wings	Bombus	[1]
3.	Six legs	Formica	[1]
	Eight legs	Pisaura	[1]

(h	)	Name	the	groun	to	which	animals	<b>A</b> .	C	and 1	D	belong.
(L	"	Ttanne	uic	group	w	WILL	ammais	л,	$\mathbf{c}$	and		octong.

		Г1
		[1

4 The diagram shows tooth decay.



Source: G. Jones, M Jones, BIOLOGY GCSE edition, Cambridge University Press, 1987

(a) Name parts A and B.

A \_\_\_\_\_

[1]

**Examiner Only** 

В

[1]

When sugary foods collect around teeth plaque may form.

(b) Name the type of microorganism which is found in plaque.

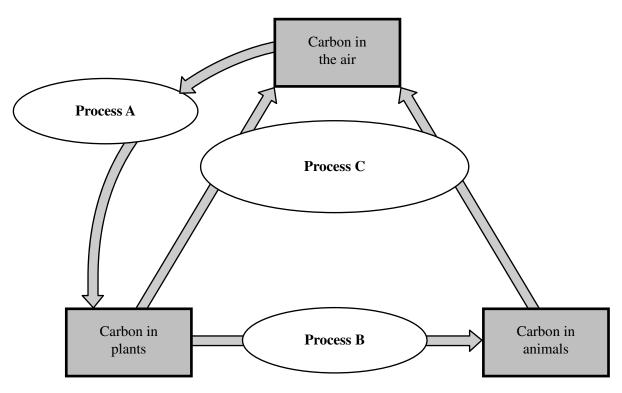
\_\_\_\_\_[1]

(c) Explain how the microorganisms in plaque cause tooth decay.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_[2]

5 The diagram shows part of the carbon cycle.



Cho	oose words from the	e list to help ansv	ver the fol	lowing questions.	Examir Marks	ner Only Remark
	burning	photosynth	esis	respiration		
	fossili	sation	feeding			
(a)	Name processes A	and B.				
	A		_	[1]		
	В		_	[1]		
<b>(b)</b>	Explain how proce			of carbon in the air.		
				[2]		
(c)	Name <b>one</b> food m	olecule, produced	d by plants	s, which contains carbon.		
				[1]		

**6** The table shows some characteristics of 25 pupils in a class.

<b>Examiner Only</b>					
Marks	Remark				

Characteristic	Variations	Number of pupils
Ton our and the o	Yes	19
Tongue rolling	No	6
G	Present	5
Scars	Absent	20
Hair length	Short	13
	Shoulder length	8
	Long	

(a) Calculate the number of pupils in the class who had long hair. Show your working.

[2]
 L .

- (b) Some characteristics are controlled by genes.
  - (i) What is a gene?

				Г1

(ii) Suggest **one** characteristic from the table which is normally controlled by

genes. \_\_\_\_\_

the environment. \_\_\_\_\_[2]

7 (a) Complete the table.

Examiner Only				
Marks	Remark			

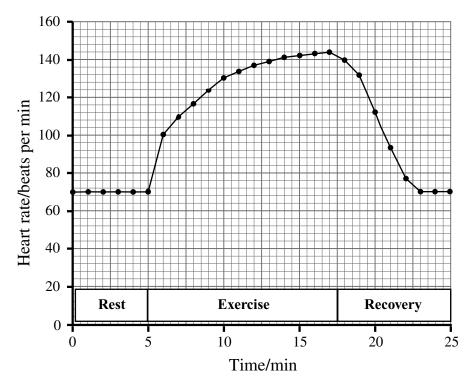
Method to prevent food spoilage	Treatment	Example of food treated this way
	Food kept at –18°C	Ice cream
Refrigeration		
	Heated to high temperature and cooled quickly	Milk

[4]

<b>(b)</b>	Describe how drying preserves food.						
		[2]					

**8** The graph shows the effect of exercise on heart rate.





© Biology for AQA by Anne Fullick published by Heinemann Education, 2001, ISBN 0435583549, reprinted by Pearson Education Ltd, publishers.

Use the graph to answer the following questions.

(a) What is the heart rate at rest?

\_\_\_\_\_ beats per minute [1]

(b) Describe what happens to the heart rate during exercise.

\_\_\_\_\_[1]

(c) Explain why the heart rate changes during exercise.

\_\_\_\_\_

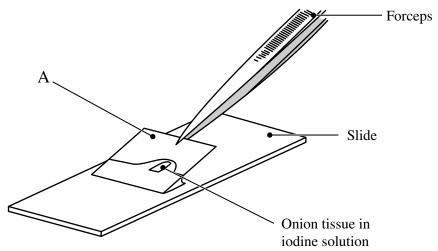
\_\_\_\_\_[2]

(d) Give two other changes to the body during exercise.

1.\_\_\_\_\_[1]

2. \_\_\_\_\_\_[1]

**9** The diagram shows a microscope slide being prepared.



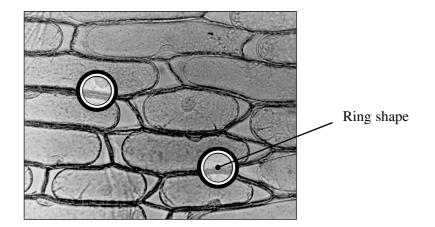
Source: D. G. Mackean, Life Study: A Textbook of Biology, John Murray (Publishers) Ltd., 1981

(a)	Name A.	
<b>(b)</b>	Describe how the forceps are used when preparing a slide.	[1]
		_ [1]
(c)	Explain why the onion tissue is placed in iodine solution.	

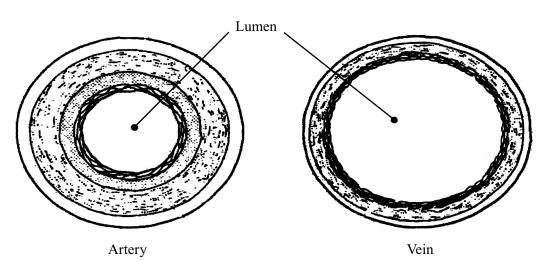
Examiner Only							
Marks	Remark						

The drawing shows the appearance of a prepared slide.





<b>(d)</b>	What causes the ring shapes?	
	Г	1



Source: Human Biology: An Activity Approach, P. Rowlinson, M. Jenkins, Cambridge University Press, 1982

(a) (	Give <b>tv</b>	wo wa	ys the	structure	of an	artery	differs	from a	a vein
-------	----------------	-------	--------	-----------	-------	--------	---------	--------	--------

4	[]	1]	1
- 1			
_	<b>4</b> •		

<b>(b)</b>	Describe how	the composition	of blood in a	n artery	differs	from	that	in
	a vein.							

		[2]

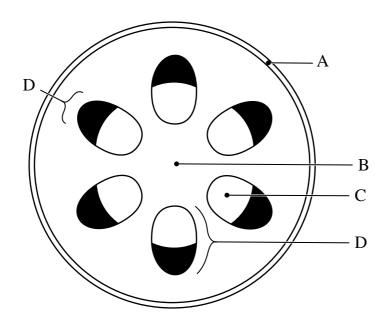
(c) Name the artery which takes blood to the

kidney.	[1]
mane).	[*]

I numb snape	is controlled by a ge	Marks F
The dominant	t allele, T, results in	a normal thumb shape.
The recessive hiker's thumb		thumb to be slightly bent to form hitch-
No	ormal thumb	Hitch-hiker's thumb
(a) Give the j	phenotype of someor	ne whose genotype is <b>TT</b> .
		[1]
		[1]
		to show the possible offspring of a cross
between a		to show the possible offspring of a cross
between a		to show the possible offspring of a cross all thumb and one with a hitch-hiker's
between a thumb.	a person with a norm	to show the possible offspring of a cross all thumb and one with a hitch-hiker's
between a thumb.	Types of gamete	to show the possible offspring of a cross all thumb and one with a hitch-hiker's
between a thumb.	Types of gamete	to show the possible offspring of a cross all thumb and one with a hitch-hiker's  Hitch-hiker's thumb
between a thumb.	Types of gamete	to show the possible offspring of a cross all thumb and one with a hitch-hiker's
Normal thumb	Types of gamete  T	to show the possible offspring of a cross all thumb and one with a hitch-hiker's  Hitch-hiker's thumb
Normal thumb  (c) What por	Types of gamete  T  t	to show the possible offspring of a cross hal thumb and one with a hitch-hiker's  Hitch-hiker's thumb  [3]
Normal thumb  (c) What por	Types of gamete  T	to show the possible offspring of a cross hal thumb and one with a hitch-hiker's  Hitch-hiker's thumb  [3]
Normal thumb  (c) What por	Types of gamete  T  t	to show the possible offspring of a cross hal thumb and one with a hitch-hiker's  Hitch-hiker's thumb  [3]

12 The diagram shows a cross section of a stem.

Examiner Only					
Marks	Remark				



(a) Name parts A, B, C and D.

A \_\_\_\_\_

[1]

B \_\_\_\_\_

[1]

C \_\_\_\_\_

[1]

D \_\_\_\_\_

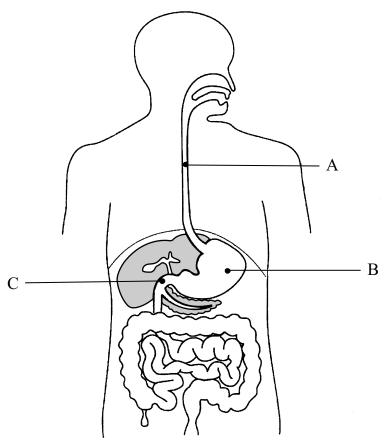
[1]

(b) Describe the function of the phloem.

\_\_\_\_\_[2]

13 The diagram shows the human digestive system.





Source: R. McIlwaine, J Napier, GCSE BIOLOGY for CCEA, Hodder & Stoughton Educational, 2003

(a) On the diagram draw a line

**labelled X** to show where ingestion takes place. [1]

**labelled Y** to show where water is absorbed. [1]

(b) Name parts A, B and C.

A \_\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

B \_\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

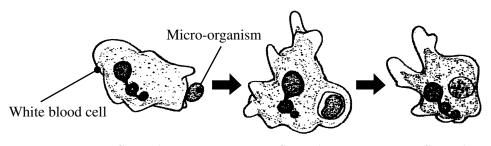
C \_\_\_\_\_\_[1]

(c) Explain why digestion is necessary.

\_\_\_\_\_\_[2]

14 The diagram shows one way white blood cells destroy bacteria.

Examiner Only						
Marks	Remark					



Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3
Source: G. Jones, M Jones, BIOLOGY GCSE edition, Cambridge University Press, 1987

(a)	Name	the	process	shown	in	the	diagram.
-----	------	-----	---------	-------	----	-----	----------

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(	'n	Fvi	nlain	how	the	bacteria	are	destroy	ved
l	W.	) LX	piaiii	now	uic	Dacterra	arc	uesiro	ycu

		Γ1
		1

(c)	Give or	ne other	way	white	blood	cells	fight	infection
(C)	Olve or	ie omei	way	willte	bibbu	CCIIS	ngm	IIIICCIIOII

E 1 3
11
 L * .

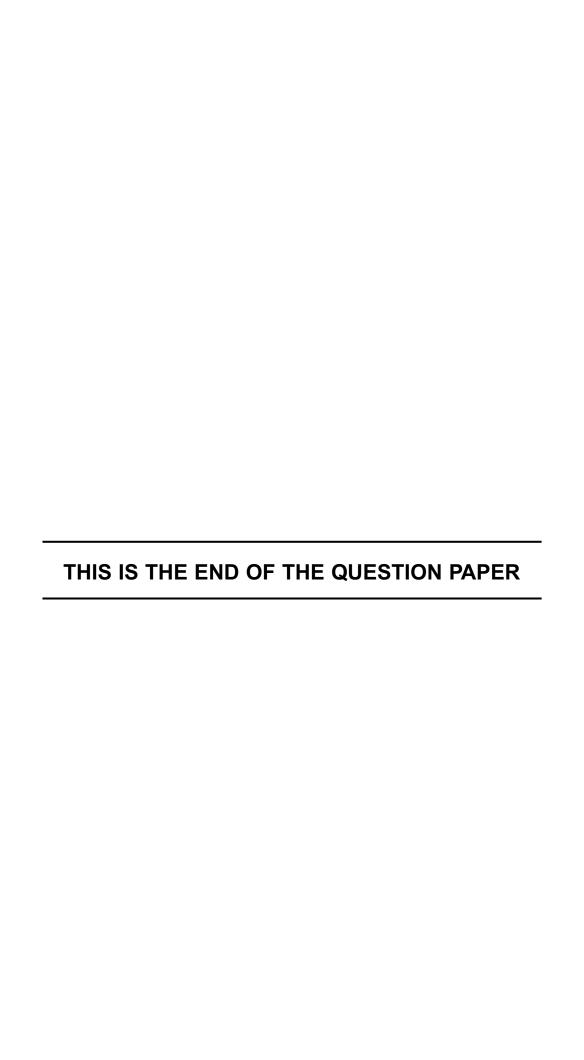
Vaccination is another way of fighting infection.

( <b>d</b> )	Describe	how	Jenner	develo	ped a	vaccine	for	small	oox


\_\_\_\_\_[3]

Quality of written communication

[2]







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