# CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Level

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

# 9713 APPLIED INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

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9713/32 Paper 3 (Written B), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

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	Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	er er
		GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2014	9713	100
1	(a) Three d	lescriptions from:		Candy.
		check in for flight choice of (available) flight times/desti choices/reserve seating for flights	inations	Tale
	Hotel ro	om reservation for accommodation		COM
		tal reservation at destination airport travel insurance		
	Special	meal requests on board flight		

#### 1 (a) Three descriptions from:

Online check in for flight choice of (available) flight times/destinations Seating choices/reserve seating for flights Hotel room reservation for accommodation Car rental reservation at destination airport travel insurance Special meal requests on board flight Special requirements for disabled travellers Chaperones bookings for children travelling alone

Frequent flyer/loyalty scheme for discounts/facilities

[3]

## **(b)** Four from:

Choose home country/select choice of departure airport Choose destination country/select choice of destination airport Select flight departure date from dropdown list/ calendar Select flight departure time from dropdown list/ calendar Select/choose connection times Select flight return date from dropdown list Select flight return time from dropdown list Select number of travellers Select type of seat/class of travel Submit to check availability Enter details of each traveller Select payment method and submit payment details

[4]

#### (c) One from:

Digital ticket sent by email/download exists as digital record (of booking/reservation) in airline computer system

Contains reservation number and e-ticket number

Print/download confirmation details/tickets

[1]

#### (d) Four from:

Travel opportunities/availability can be researched at any time and at own pace Quickly compare prices and facilities of flights

Prices may be cheaper online/online offers available

Bookings can be made at any time

Bookings can be made from anywhere with internet connection

Bookings can be made quicker than via the telephone or personal visit to airline

No chance of double bookings

Immediate confirmation of booking/information about unavailability of flights can be (re-) printed by customer/airline at any time so ticket cannot be lost

[4]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2014	9713

#### 2 (a) Two from:

Fewer (many) premises so reduced costs can provide assistance/availability for longer had can manage staff/resources more efficiently so reduce costs

Reduces vulnerability to single points of failure within communication systems

Reduces costs of forwarding calls to multi-site locations

Reduces costs of line rentals as calls are queued within company system

**[21** 

## (b) Advantages from:

No need to go to travel agents
Assistance always available
Can access assistance from anywhere/use mobile devices

#### **Disadvantages** from:

No direct personal contact with airline personnel

Use of untrained/non-expert operators

May not be treated as urgent/centre may screen the call and not answer immediately

Touch tone/menu system may be complicated/difficult to use

Long waits for call to be answered

May be asked the same information several times

Need access to a telephone/mobile or cell phone

People with (hearing) disabilities may find using call centres difficult

(Regional) accents of operators may be difficult to understand

Maximum 4 marks if all advantages or all disadvantages.

[6]

#### (c) Two from:

Can queue calls waiting for attention
Can route calls to next available operative
Displays caller number
Combines voice and data input to the computer system
Supervisor can intervene in call

[2]

### 3 (a) Three descriptions from:

Sensors to detect e.g. movements large/high resolution

monitors...to display video/images of simulations

Joystick/yoke to move items/change direction

Headphones/set to output audio/hear instructions or warnings

Loudspeakers to produce ambient sounds

Microphone/headset microphone to input sound/voice [6]

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#### (b) Three descriptions from:

Not real so safer/safety/no danger of being hurt/not so stressed as using a real aircraid Unusual scenarios can be rehearsed/practised

Can practise/revisit different scenarios/situations/specific aspects of flying aircraft

Can practice take-off/landings at particular airports

Can record/replay actions taken to check progress

**[31** 

## **4 Descriptions** from:

Input costs/values....

example: wage/salary/ICT/insurance costs
Calculate the total the company costs
Input price of tickets/projected/ticket sales
Input required/desired profit margins
Use goal seek to determine breakeven/ profit level
Use "what if" scenarios by altering data/values/costs
Run the model to compare it with actual situation

[6]

#### 5 (a) Five from:

Site navigation via menus physically disabled people

Reading text is difficult for visually impaired

Understanding images/plans/layout is difficult for visually impaired

Poor choice of colours/contrasts/too many animations is difficult for visually impaired

Following commentaries/audio instructions/movie or video soundtracks is difficult for hearing impaired

Understanding instructions is difficult for people with cognitive impairment/learning difficulties Understanding banking process is difficult for people with cognitive impairment/learning difficulties

[5]

#### (b) Software configurations could include e.g.:

Sticky keys feature so that e.g. shift key is not needed for upper case Filter keys to prevent (unintended) multiple key presses
Use of zoom feature/large font size for easier reading
Non-display of images on web site/use of alt text
Use of voice recognition for commands/input of data
Use of text to voice

Eye control software to move cursor

[3]

	Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus er
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6	Explanations from:		Canb
		stomer ID to identify user N known only to customer	Tage
	Ask for ra	ndom digits (from PIN)/characters from password	COM
		age as "SiteKey" known only to user rd reader using customer bank card to generate uniqu	ue TAN

#### 6 **Explanations** from:

Use of customer ID to identify user Use of PIN known only to customer Ask for random digits (from PIN)/characters from password Use of image as "SiteKey" known only to user Use of card reader using customer bank card to generate unique TAN Biometrics unique to individual Security question/answer known only to individual Use of digital certificate to ensure customer is genuine

[6]

#### 7 (a) Five from:

User interface for input of question/query using multiple choice items allow entry of customer's financial details Explanation system to show how to use the advice system Knowledge base editor to enter/amend current financial facts e.g. tax rates/allowances Database of facts/knowledge base to hold/store current financial data e.g. tax rules Rules base to hold/store financial "rules" Inference engine to interrogate database and rules

[5]

#### (b) Two from:

Expert systems do not forget details but humans may do so Copies of expert systems can be made but training humans takes time Expert system advice is more consistent but human advice may not be the same Expert systems give better advice than humans because it is based on the knowledge of many experts Can be more efficient than humans when dealing with many cases/customers More consistent with advice/decisions than humans Documentation is produced automatically

[2]

#### (c) Two from:

Fraud/errors are reduced

Humans can apply judgments/common sense but expert systems cannot Humans can be creative in unusual situations but expert systems cannot Humans can learn from experience but expert systems have to be reprogrammed Experts systems do not recognise when there is no preferred outcome/solution to a financial Costs of installation/costs of training personnel to use it

[2]

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	Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	er
		GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2014	9713	No.
8	Five from e.ç	g.:		Cannot.
	Monitor prog	ntations/slideshow software to enhance lectures/lessor	IS	Tage C
		o allow individual learning		O'M
		to allow learning at own pace		
	Use of intern	et access for research		

## Five from e.g.:

Use of presentations/slideshow software to enhance lectures/lessons Monitor progress with online tests Use of CAL to allow individual learning Use of CBT to allow learning at own pace Use of internet access for research Use for collaborative learning Use of computers in formative assessment

[5]

#### 9 Six from e.g.:

Use of database software to keep records of work done Use of spreadsheet software to analyse test marks Use spreadsheet/database/data manipulation to display progress as graphs or tables Use word-processing software to write reports on students and letters to parents Use mail-merge to create batches of reports Use of email to report progress of individual students Social networks/SMS/text message to communicate with students/parents about general student/school progress [6]

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
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<b>10 (a) Three</b> 0	devices from, max <b>two</b> marks for each:	Canyby.
Network car	rd (NIC):	198
Has uni	ique MAC address	, de
Connec	ets physical layer with data link layer	- OA
Checks	address of received packet to see if it should pass it	t up to host computer
Prepare	es data packet for sending along media	

### **10** (a) Three devices from, max two marks for each:

Hub:

Receives and broadcasts packets to all devices connected to it

Switch:

Receives packets and sends packets only to their specified destination

Router:

Connects networks together/LAN to WAN

Forwards a data packet to its destination on another network

Modem:

Converts analogue signals to/from digital signals for modulation/demodulation onto carrier waves so that ordinary telephone systems can be used

Bridge:

Connects multiple network segments

Translates packets to/from different network protocols

Reconstitutes and sends packets to next segment of network

[6]

Guidance: 1 mark for device

1 mark for description

Description must match device.

#### (b) Three from:

Virtual Private Network

Uses public communications networks such as internet

To provide remote access to a central company network

Users require authentication to use it

Use of data encryption when transferring data

Use of "tunnels/tunnelling" (over public networks)

[3]

[Total: 80]