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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/23

Paper 2 (Structured Questions – Core), maximum raw mark 90

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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	GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2010	9706	100
1A (a) (i)			Candy.
	James and Gemma		96
<u>Incom</u>	e Statement (Trading and Profit and Loss) and Approp	riation Accoun	ıt Co
	for the six month period ending 30 June 2009		On
	\$	\$	\$

1A (a) (i)

General Expenses

James and Gemma Income Statement (Trading and Profit and Loss) and Appropriation Account for the six month period ending 30 June 2009

	\$		\$		\$
Revenue (sales)					90 000
Less Cost of sales					
Opening Inventory (Stock)	6 300				
Purchases	70 000	_ (1)			
			76 300		
Less Closing Inventory (Stock)			16 300	_	
Cost of sales					60 000
Gross Profit					30 000
Less Expenses (Working 1)					
General expenses			6 000	(1)	
Depreciation			5 100	(1)	
Loan interest			1 350	(1)	
				_	12 450
Profit for the year (Net Profit)					17 550
Less Salaries:					
James			0		
Gemma			3 000	(1)	
			3 000	_ ` `	
Less Interest on capital:					
James (90 000 × 8% × 6 / 12)	3 600	(1)			
Gemma (60 000 × 8% × 6 / 12)	2 400	(1)			
		_ (- /	6 000		
				-	9 000
					8 550
					0 000
Balance of profits shared:					
James			4 275	(1)	
Gemma			4 275	-	
					8 550
Working 1					
Total expenses	25 525				
Depreciation (1 st Half of the Year)	5 100				
Depreciation (2 nd Half of the Year)	5 725				
Loan Interest	2 700	45 (000 × 6% =	= 2 70)0pa
Edan intoroot		_ '0'		_ / (Д

12 000

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James and Gemma Income Statement (Trading and Profit and Loss) and Appropriation Account for the six month period ending 31 December 2009

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Page 3		: Teachers' version		abus	<u>r</u>
	GCE AS/A LEVEL -	October/November 20	010 97	06	
(ii)				D	3.
		James and Gemma			Orio
<u>Inco</u>	me Statement (Trading			n Account	So
	ior the six mont	h period ending 31 Dece	ember 2009		.6
		\$	\$	\$	Mbridge.com
Revenue (sales)			150 000		
Less Cost of sa					
Opening Invento	ry (Stock)	16 300			
Purchases		104 000			
			120 300		
Less Closing Inv	entory (Stock)		20 300	<u> </u>	
Cost of Sales				100 000	_
Gross Profit				50 000	
Less Expenses					
Canaral avnana			6 000	(4)	
General expense Loan interest	28		1 350	(1) (1)	
Depreciation			5 725	(1)	
_ op				13 075	
Profit for the yea	r (Net Profit)			36 925	_
Less Salaries:					
James			0		
Gemma			3 000	(1)	
			3 000		
Less Interest or	n canital:				
James (115 000	-	4 600 (1)		
Gemma (60 000	•	•	., 1)		
Gomma (oo ooo	X 0 70 X 0 7 12)	2 100 (7 000		
				 10 000	
				26 925	_
Ralance of prof	its shared: (2 : 2 : 1)				=
James	ita aliaicu. (Z . Z . I)		13 462.50		
Gemma			13 462.50	(1)	
				26 925	_
					=

Page 4	1		Ma	rk Scheme:	Tead	hers' versi	on		Syllab		20	ar .
. ago	•	GCE		A LEVEL –					970	3	ODS.	
(b)											Cal	Mbr.
Drawings	Jan 15 2		(1)	Gemma 18 300	(1)	Balance b/ Interest on Salaries		James 12 000 8 200) ((1) (1)	Gemma 9 000 4 800 6 000	(1) (1)
Balance c/d		737.50 937.50		19 237.50 37 537.50		Share of P	=	17 737 37 437 22 737	7.50 7.50	=	17 737.50 38 037.50 19 237.50	· , , - =
												[6]
Spr Hol Sha	ditiona read ri liday / ared w	al capita	ss cov									[3]
1B (i)	240	000 / (1	8 000) + 22 000) /	2 = 1	12 (1) times	(1)					
(ii)	24 0	00 / 500	000	= 4.8 (1) %	(1)							
(iii)	63 0	00 / 64	000 =	= 0.98 (1) : 1	(1)							[6]
											[Tota	l: 30]
2 (a) 300) units	s (1) @ S	\$20 (1) = \$6 000	(2 cf	or 1 of)						[4]
(b)	I	ncome	State	F ment (tradin		Bridgewate		of Febr	uary 2	009		
						\$	\$		\$;		
		Sales							182 0	000	(1)	
		Openin Purcha	_	entory (Stoc		7 000 (1)	104.000	,				
		Closing Cost of		ntory (Stock s)		104 000 6 000		98 0	000		
		Gross F	Profit						84 0	000	(1of)	
												[5]

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(c) Stock should be valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

IAS states companies should either use the FIFO or AVCO method of stock valuation.

Whichever method is used should be used consistently – Consistency concept.

Prudence concept states that companies should choose the lowest value when valuing the assets.

[6]

(d)

Paula Bridgewater
Income Statement (trading account) for the period ending 31 December 2009

\$ \$

Sales 362 000 (1)

Opening Inventory (Stock) 11 700 (1)

Purchases <u>22 600</u> (1)

34 300

Closing Inventory (Stock) 7 150 (2)

Cost of Sales 27 150

Gross Profit 9 050 (1of)

(Accept any other format or calculation)

[6]

[4]

(e) Depreciation for the period =
$$(6000 - 600) \times 20\% \times 2/12 = $180$$
 (2)
Net Book Value = 3 840 (1) - 180 (1of) = 3 660

(f)

Total Trade Receivables (debtors)

2 400	Bad debt	600 (1)
	Cash / bank	4 300 (1)
<u>6 500</u> (1)	Bal c/d	4 000 (2cf or 1of)
8 900		8 900
	<u>6 500</u> (1)	Cash / bank 6 500 (1) Bal c/d

[5]

[Total: 30]

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				GCE AS/A LEVE	EL – October/Nover	nber 2010	9706	Day
3	(a)	(i)						Papa Cambridge
	` ,	()	Cutt	ing Department	501 600 / 76 000	\$6.60 (1)		Orice
			Pres	ssing Department	450 000 / 72 000	\$6.25 (1)		36
			Production Department Assembly Department		702 000 / 104 000	\$6.75 (1)		
					264 000 / 44 000	\$6.00 (1)		
								[4]
		(ii)						
			Cutting Department		364 800 / 76 000	\$4.80 per DLH	(1)	
			Pres	ssing Department	439 200 / 72 000	\$6.10 per DLH	(1)	
			Prod	duction Department	509 600 / 104 000	\$4.90 per DLH	(1)	

(b)

Statement to show total cost for Job Number SMC20

\$5.30 per DLH **(1)**

Assembly Department 233 200 / 44 000

		\$	\$	
Direct materials			140 156	(1)
Direct labour				
Cutting Department		13 200		
Pressing Department		9 000		
Production Department		16 200		
Assembly Department		6 000	44 400	(1)
Prime cost			184 556	
Factory overheads				
Cutting Department	13 200 / 6.60 = 2 000 (1) × 4.80	9 600	(1)	
Pressing Department	9 000 / 6.25 = 1 440 (1) × 6.10	8 784	(1)	
Production Department	16 200 / 6.75 = 2 400 (1) × 4.90	11 760	(1)	
Assembly Department	6 000 / 6.00 = 1 000 (1) × 5.30	5 300	(1)	
			35 444	=
Cost of production			220 000	(1of)
Administration costs			44 000	(1of)
Total cost			264 000	=

[12]

[4]

			V .	
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(c) Selling price = $264\ 000\ (1of) \times 125\%\ (1) = $330\ 000\ (1of)$

(d) Overheads tend to be related to time.

The company may be labour intensive

Using a departmental labour rate is appropriate if different grades of labour are used in each department.

(2 × 2 marks – 1 for point and 1 for development / 1 further mark for evaluation point)

[5]

(e) Single factory rate
Machine hour rate
Unit cost
% prime cost
% direct labour cost
% direct material cost
Activity based costing

(2 x 1 mark) [2]

[Total: 30]