**Cambridge International Advanced Level** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

## 9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/42

Paper 4 (Problem Solving – Supplement), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2014 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>®</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

® IGCSE is the registered trademark of Cambridge International Examinations.



Ρ	age 2		Μ	ark Scheme	9			Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge Inte	ernational	A Level – C	October/No	ovember 20	014	9706	42
1	(a)								
-	(4)			\$000	)				
		Profit from operation	IS	3752	(1)				
		Finance costs (W1)		(132	• •				
		Profit before tax			(1) OF				
		Тах			) (1) OF				
		Profit for the year		· · ·	(1) OF				
		W1: Finance co	sts:		_ ( )				
		1 800 × 8% (1) >	(11/12 (1)	= 132					
									[6]
									1-1
	(b)								
	• •				\$000				
			Share	Share	Rev	Gen	Ret I	Earnings	Total
			Capital	Premium	Reserve	Reserve		•	
		Balance at 01 June	25 000	5000	1000	Zero	295	50 <b>(1) row</b>	33 950 <b>(1</b>

	Capital	Premium	Reserve	Reserve		
Balance at 01 June 2013	25000	5000	1000	Zero	2950 <b>(1) row</b>	33 950 <b>(1)</b>
Final dividend					(1 000) <b>(1)</b>	(1000)
01.09.13 Share issue	5000 <b>(1)</b>	500 <b>(1)</b>				5 500
01.10.13						
Rights issue	6 000 <b>(4)</b>					6000
01.11.13						
Revaluation			1500 <b>(1)</b>			1 500
01.02.14 Interim dividend					(1 080) <b>(5)</b>	(1080)
01.02.14				500 (4)		
Transfer				500 <b>(1)</b>	(500) <b>(1)</b>	
01.03.14 Profit					2715 <b>(1)</b>	2715
31.05.14	00.000	<b>F F O O</b>	0.500	500		
Balance at 31 May 2014	36 000	5500	2500	500	3085 (1) OF row	14/ 585 (1) <b>UF</b>

## <u>Workings</u>

Rights issue  $(25\,000 + 5000)$  (1) / 5 (1) × \$1 (1) = \$6\,000\,000 (1)Revaluation 7 500 000 - 6 000 000 (1) = \$1 500 000 (1)Interim dividend (25 000 000 + (1) + 5 000 000 (1) + 6 000 000 (1) × 0.03 (1) = \$1 080 000 (1)Final dividend (25 000 000 × 0.04 = \$1 000 000 (1)[20]

- (c) The final dividend is not a liability (1) at the statement of financial position date. (1) It is therefore disclosed as a note to the accounts. (1) Non adjusting event (1) treated in next financial year (1)
- (d) A bonus issue would result in 1 share for each 5 held being given to the existing shareholders. (1)
   This is a bookkeeping exercise and a reserve is debited (1) and no cash is raised. (1)
   Therefore, the expansion plans of Aston plc would not be assisted. (1)
   [4]

Page 3		3		Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper
			Cambridge	International A Level – October/Novem	ber 2014	9706	42
	(e)	(i)	amount imp	arrying amount of property, plant and equip airment has occurred. <b>(1)</b> able amount is the higher of the net realisa			
		(ii)	Asset 1 Asset 2 Asset 3 Total loss to	310 No impairment 55 income statement = 310 + 0 + 55 = 365	(1) (1) (1) (1) OF		[4]
							[Total: 40]
2	(a)	Coi	ntribution	(50 - 31.1) (1) × 20000 = \$378000 (1)			
		Net	t cash flow	378000 - 120000 (1) = \$258000 (1) OF			
		Pro	ofit	258000 - 150000 (1) = 108000 (1) OF			[6]
	(b)		18.9 <b>(1</b> )	0000 (1) = <u>270000</u> = 14286 units (1) OF 18.9 714300 (1) OF			[5]

(c) Purchase of machinery should be included in year 0 (1) as that is when the cash flow arises (1). The annual cash flows to be discounted should not include depreciation (1) as depreciation does not involve the movement of funds (1). NPV based on net cash flows and not profit (1). [max 4]

(d)

	Cash flow	Discount factor	Discounted cash flow	
		Tactor	Cash now	
Year 0	(600 000)	1	(600 000)	(1)
Years 1 – 4	258 000 <b>(2) OF</b>	3.169 <b>(1)</b>	<u>817602</u>	(1) OF
		NPV	<u>217602</u>	(1) OF

- (e)  $\frac{217\,602}{600\,000}$  (1) OF  $\times$  100 = 36.27% (2) OF 600\,000 (1)
- (f) <u>217602</u> (1) OF = 68665.8 a year (1) OF 3.169 (1)

<u>68665.8</u> (1) OF = \$3.43 per unit (1) OF 20000 (1)

 $3.43 (1) \text{ OF} \times 100 = 6.86\% (1) \text{ OF}$ 50 (1)

[9]

[6]

[4]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2014	9706	42
(g)	IAS16 (1) import duties and taxes site preparation delivery and handling costs installation and assembly costs of testing/inspection fees regularly replaced parts		
	any five × (1) each		[6]

```
3 (a)
```

[Total: 40]

	Ca	sh budget 201	5		
	Jan	Feb	March	April	
Descinta	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Receipts Cash sales	3000	2600	2800	3200 <b>(1) row</b>	
Credit sales					
1 Month (90% × 50% × 96%)	11232	12960	11232	12.096	
2 Months	11232 10800 <b>}(1)</b>	12 960 11 700 <b>}(1)</b>	11232 13500 <b>}(1)</b>	12 096 11 700 <b>}(1)</b>	
(90% × 50%)					
Loan received			10 000 <b>(1)</b>	1 100 (1)	
Vehicle sale proceeds	25032	27 260	37 532	<u>1100</u> (1) 28096	
Payments	20002	21200	<u>51 552</u>	20030	
Suppliers	16 150 <b>(1)</b>	17 100	14250 <b>(1)</b>	18 050 <b>(1) any 3</b>	
Vehicle purchase		4 500 (4)	12 000 <b>(1)</b>		
Rent Dividend	2 100 (1)	4 500 <b>(1)</b>			
Sales and	3 100 <b>(1)</b>				
administration	6200	6200	6800	7 100 <b>(1) row</b>	
	25450	27800	33050	25150	
Difference	(418)	(540)	4482	2946	
Bank b/f	<u>(1303)</u> (1)	<u>(1721)</u>	<u>(2261)</u>	2221	
Bank c/f	<u>(1721)</u>	<u>(2261)</u>	2221	<u>5 167 (1) OF</u>	[4 ]]
					[15]

© Cambridge International Examinations 2014

Page 5	Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – Octobe	er/November 2014	9706	42
(b)	Budgeted income statement for the four	months ending 30 A	pril 2015	
	Revenue Opening inventory Purchases Closing inventory Cost of sales Gross profit Discount received $69000$ (1) $\times 5\%$ (1) Less: Administration costs Discount allowed $110000$ (1) $\times (45\% \times 4\%)$ (1) Loss on disposal Depreciation Interest Rent Profit for the period	\$ 2 100 <u>65 000</u> (1) 67 100 <u>3 800</u> (1) both 26 800 (1) 1 980 1 000 (1) 540 (1) 1 30 (1) <u>3 000</u> (1)	\$ 116000 (1) <u>63300</u> 52700 (1) ( 3450 <u>33450</u> 22700 (1) (	DF
			( ,	[14]
(c)	Capital expenditure appears in the cash budget b Capital receipts appear in the cash budget but no Non-cash items appear in the income statement Credit items are recorded in the income statemer Examples (max 2)	ot in the income state but not in the cash b	ement. (1) udget. (1)	) [4]
(d)	To plan for cash surpluses so that money can be To plan for cash shortages so that alternative sou	-	• •	[2]

(e) <u>56750</u> (3) = 6.1 times (1) OF 9300 (1)

Note: 56750 (1) OF =  $\frac{22700}{0.4}$  (1) OF

[Total: 40]

[5]