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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9700 BIOLOGY

9700/51

Paper 51 (Practical 2), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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Mark scheme	es abbreviations:	S	A.
> ;	separates marking points		On.
> 1	alternative answers for the same point	•	82
> R	reject		i,G
> A	accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or g		On
> AW	alternative wording (where responses vary more than u	sual)	7
<u>underlir</u>	ne actual word given must be used by candidate (gramma	tical variants excepted)	

Mark schemes abbreviations:

indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given max

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uestion	Expected answer		Extra guidance		Mark	13
(a) (i)) (i) 2 of; axes correctly oriented and labelled; appropriate values and curve shown;		Allow as minimum rate on y axis and Allow time ⁻¹ and Do not allow rate of		Mark	Р
(ii)	given in one answer, man For 1 and 2 – ignore a method of control. 2 × 2 of: 1. light intensity; use light of (same wattage 2. light wave length; use a known filter / colour	ed filter / coloured light bulb;	Ignore carbon dio and pH. Allow a light in a d			
	4. (quantity) of indicator /	mass / volume of chloroplast; suspension;	Do not allow from	the same plant.	[2] [2]	P M
(iii)	Take care that the question idea of:	on is not being repeated for 'expose to light'.			[1]	М
	keeping covered / not add	ling acceptor (until ready to measure), ne for colour to disappear/ change from blue to	Allow any idea tha switched on until n out. Allow a formula.	nt the light is not measuring is carried	[1]	D

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Question Expected answer		Extra guidance	Mark	alul	
(b)	idea of: (ADP and inorganic p dependent reaction);	hosphate) will increase the rate (of the light	Ignore photosynthesis.	Mark [1]	Р
			Total:	[9]	P5 M3 D1
(a)		e / solution Y causes extra population growth / to on growth occurs without hormone;	Allow if the answer implies that any effect on population / cells is due to solution Y / hormone.	[2]	М
(ii)	2 of: 5. ref. to grid volume 0.2 6. ref. to factor × 250 to grid volume (0.004 mm³)	is uniform; unting e.g. exclusions / number of squares; $mm \times 0.2 \ mm \times 0.1 \ mm = 0.004 \ mm^3;$ estimate number of cells per mm³ / dividing by the	 3. Allow reference to number of cells. 4. Allow any recognised systematic method of measuring. 5. Allow any other sizes identified from diagram e.g. 0.1 × 0.1 × 0.1. 6. Allow marks from a formula. 	[2]	M
(c) (i)	mean = <u>6.2;</u>			[1]	D
(ii)	$\frac{(6.2-3.0)}{3} \times 100 = 107(\%$);	Do not allow fraction / decimal answers. Allow 106 if calculation shows 6.18 being used to find the percentage. Allow ecf for wrong mean in (c) (i).	[1]	D

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Question	Expected answer		Extra guidance		Mark	and
(d)	support: 1. mean value of experim 2. percentage increase in 3. bottom of range higher (than control) / AW; does not support 4. range overlaps / ref. t samples which are the sa e.g. control 6 and experim control samples have san allow any refs. to limitation 5. ref. to insufficient replic 6. no statistical test of diffi is significant / no chi squa	nental 8 which are both 6.5 / some ne value as experimental mean	any where in the ar 3. Idea that the figure of the range are experimental culture	ures at the lower end all higher in the e / ora the top end of the higher for the	 	E
				Total	[12]	M4 D4 E4
3 (a) (i)	ref to suitable units for cheref. to a sample of 3 or mo	measuring testis e.g. mass / volume / length; osen method e.g. g / kg / cm³ / cm;	length. Allow several / man Allow as a formula.	fish mass withou	t [3]	М

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Question	Expected answer		Extra guidance		Mark	Cann
(ii)	t-test; data is a continuous / sho in means;	ows a normal distribution / comparing differences	Allow ref. to lack bars.	c of overlap of error	Mark	D
(iii)		es / fewer spermatogonia / less sperm produced; cells / less hormones (so fail to mature);			[1]	С
 (b) 1.ref. to values between 60–120 (ng per g lipid)show greatest increase in damage / fragmentation; 2. ref. to values above 120–180 (ng per g lipid) show that increase in (CB-153) concentration has little effect; 3. ref. to no overlap in error bars between values at 60 and 120 (ng per g lipid) indicates the difference (in damage) is likely to be significant; 4. ref. to above 120–180 (ng per g lipid) error bars have a lot of overlap so (increase in damage) not likely to be significant; 		CB-153) causes n 2. Allow ref. to no	r concentration (of nore(DNA) damage. on-linear relationship / nreshold / shows a		С	
				Total:	[9]	3 M 3 D 3 C