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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9700 BIOLOGY

9700/51

Paper 5 (Planning, Analysis and Evaluation), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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Mar	k schemes	abbreviations:		Cally
>	;	separates marking points		O.
>	1	alternative answers for the same point		Q.
>	R	reject		26.
>	Α	accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or go	uidance for e	xaminers)
>	AW	alternative wording (where responses vary more than us		2
>	<u>underline</u>	actual word given must be used by candidate (grammati	cal variants	excepted)

Mark schemes abbreviations:

indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given max

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Question	Expected answer	Extra guidance	Mark	MA
1 (a) (i)	oxygen / gas / air, produced (by photosynthesis);	Do not allow: use / production of carbon dioxide / respiration / bubbles Allow: losing / releasing oxygen, etc.	[1]	M
(ii)	 7 of: independent variable 1. a method of varying light intensity or use low light intensity; 	e.g. lamp (with standard bulb) and vary distance / lamp at same distance and vary wattage / lamp at same distance and use filters of different thickness / AW		
	2. ref. to a method of measuring light intensity;	2. e.g. (light) meter / photodiode / light dependent resistor / photometer / low wattage / 60 or below Allow ref. to using a camera meter		
	3. ref. to a method of eliminating other light sources;	e.g. dark room or box for measurement		
	4. ref. to testing leaf discs for the two locations separately; dependent variable	4. often implied		
	5. ref. to a method of measuring photosynthesis by rising of discs;	5. Do not allow: counting bubbles / leaves rising		
	6. ref to time taken;	6. e.g. time for (all or a specified number of) discs to rise / specified time and count the number of discs floating / distance risen in stated time		
	standardising variables (max 3)	Allow: ecf time for bubble counting		
	7. ref. to discs from more than one leaf (from each location);			
	8. ref. leaf discs all being same diameter / size / number / mass.9. ref. to same volume of hydrogen carbonate solution (in syringe);	8. Allow: use same straw for cutting 9/10 Watch for confusion with hydrogen carbonate indicator –		
	 ref. to using fresh hydrogen carbonate solution for each measurement / same concentration of H carbonate; 	but ecf		

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Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2010	Syllabus 9700	Paper 51		Mark	S.
Question	Expected answer		Extra guidance		Mark	and
	11. ref. to method of standardising temperature;		11. water bath / incu	bator / controlled		
	12. ref. to acclimatising before measuring;		Do not allow: room t Do not allow: pH for variables	temp standardising		
	Reliability 13. ref. to repeating at least three times and taking mean	ı;	13. Allow: several or Allow: to remove	_		
	safety: 14. ref. to low risk investigation / AW or any suitable safe precaution;	ety concern +	outliers 14. e.g. hydrogen ca eye protection dry hands to preven AW	t electrical shock /		
			Do not allow: be care w	-	[7]	М
(b) (i)	x – light intensityy – rate of photosynthesis;		light – e.g. arbitrary candela / 1/d² allow, watts / kilowa			
	suitable unit on one axis; Ignore other units		photosynthesis. e.g. Allow: ecf for unit ma	1/time / arbitrary	[2]	D
(ii)	(rate of) photosynthesis / gas production / oxygen production (discs) is higher (than exposed discs) at low intensity		Allow: reverse argur	ity		
	photosynthesis / gas production / oxygen production begi intensity in shade leaf discs;	ns at low <u>er</u> light	Ignore: 'initial' if the rate Do not allow: answe e.g. starts sooner / b	ers that imply time		
	Allow: at high(er) light intensity shade leaves level off / AW, whill continue to rise / AW;	st sun leaves	Ignore: idea that pho at higher light intens assume that 'it' or 'th	otosynthesis stops sities		
			leaves if not stated i		[2]	Е

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Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2010	Syllabus 9700	Paper 51		Pap	C
(c) (i)	<u>0.2mm²</u> ;		must have u	units.	[1]	and
(ii)	185;; two marks if some working shown look for working if answer wrong if 0.196 used ecf and take 188 or 189 – whole nos. or if other values in (c) (i) ecf by checking the calculation	าไу		1/0.2 = 5 5 × 37 = 185 n correct but answer not to table allow both marks	[1]	D
(iii)	there is no difference in the, number / frequency, of stome sun, leaves and, shaded / shade, leaves;	ata in, exposed /	e.g. the (obs are the sam there is no o leaf types)	variation on the basic idea served) means / number, ne difference (between the two	[1]	D
(iv)	t-test; comparing two means / means have a similar standard de has a normal distribution / is continuous / is not discrete;		compared ecf if the te	w: 2 sets of data are being est name is incorrect rect reason for the t-test.	[2]	D
(d)	1 of: sun leaves have (fewer stomata) as more likely to lose was transpire; ora shade leaves have (more stomata) to increase gas / CO ₂ AW;		photosynthed Do not allow absorption Watch out for more stomat qualification Assume cor leaves if not	mment applies to shade	[1]	С
				Total:	[19]	

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	ref. to thickness / volume / consistency / concentration of, agar / depth wells / volume of wells / distance of antigen wells from test organism veref to temperature; ref. to volume serum / antigen volume; (ii) the serum / antibody / antibodies (from the test organisms); (iii) 2 lines / 1 thick line, between 2 and antigens; 1 line between 1 and antigens; 1 line between 1 and antigens; 2 of: 1. ref. to all antibodies not forming precipitates / AW; 2. ref. to sensitivity / AW; 3. ref. to more qualitative / difficult to quantify;			6.
2 (a) (i)	ref. to thickness / volume / consistency / concentration of, agar / depth of wells / volume of wells / distance of antigen wells from test organism wells; ref to temperature;	Do not allow: amount for any quantitative answer Do not allow: pH	[1]	P
(ii)	the serum / anti <u>body</u> / anti <u>bodies</u> (from the test organisms);	Do not allow: if antigen also mentioned Allow: organism from which serum / antibody came Ignore amount / volume etc.	[1]	Р
(iii)		test organism 1 2 test organism 2 antigen X + antigen Y Allow: 2 marks if lines do not intersect		
		If the lines are reversed / spread outside dish max. 1 Do not allow: if the lines are inverted / lines cross wells	[2]	С
(b)	 ref. to all antibodies not forming precipitates / AW; ref. to sensitivity / AW; ref. to more qualitative / difficult to quantify; ref. to, slow rate / inability to diffuse of some antibodies; 	2. the idea test will not detect low concentrations4. Allow: – if 'slow' is in the context of		
<u> </u>	5. ref to problem of identifying individual antigens / AW;	getting results of tests	[2]	Е

[1] P

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Page 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2010	Syllabus 9700	Paper 51		W. Day	1
(c) (i)	group 1 ref. to the idea of a control; group 2 and 3 ref. to idea of finding how many organisms, give immunit group 4 ref. to idea of finding the number of, inoculations / booste	ty / needed;	Be carefu e.g. how r vaccine w	many are needed (to make the	MM. Add.	Car
(ii)	2 of: ref. to (information that mutant) <i>Plasmodium</i> breeds / dermosquitoes; ref. to breeding mosquitoes / culturing in salivary gland tiref. to extracting (<i>Plasmodium</i>) from salivary glands / cultiplications;	issue / AW;	to salivary	a of a culture medium similar / gland / saliva om the liver of mice	[2]	ı
				Total:	[11]	

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