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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9700 BIOLOGY

9700/51

Paper 5 (Planning, Analysis and Evaluation), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus er
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2010	9700
Mark schemes	s abbreviations:	Cany
;	separates marking points	Tage
I	alternative answers for the same point	COM
R	reject	

Mark schemes abbreviations:

Α accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance on the mark scheme)

AW alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)

underline actual word given must be used by the candidate (grammatical variants excepted)

indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given max

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	Page 3 Mark Scheme: Teachers' GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/No			2010	Syllabus 9700	Paper 51	ade / sun	OBC
Question	Ex	pected answer			Extra g	juidance		and
1 (a) (i)	light + intensity / exposure;			llow light	unqualified or	position in sha	ade / sun	
(ii)	8 of:							
	independent variable: 1. ref. to a systematic	way of obtaining leaves;	1. e.g.	. 3 rd leaf f		g seeds / potte / different heig pht exposure	ed plants hts / all from	
	dependent variables:2. ref. to a method of measuring surface area;					on grid or use iameter(s) of le		
	3. ref. to how surface area is calculated;4. ref. to idea of both sides needed to get total surface area;				es / use formu			
	5. ref. to a method of r 6. ref. to finding dry ma				alance / scale	s n oven until ma	an constant	
		neasuring internode length either on	7. by h	holding aç		use string or	cotton to mark	
	8. ref. to a method of r				otometer / weig to collect wate	gh leaf / place	leaf inside a	
		the transpiration apparatus; tant environment when measuring	9. mea	asure dist	tance moved l	by water / weig af after a stated		
	,	(max. 6)						
	safety: 11. ref. to low risk inves	tigation;			and suitable	precaution if u	se dry mass /	
	reliability			fallergy				
		rking out SA : mass ratio;			mean of three	e idea'		
	14. ref. to calculating sta	andard deviation;	14. igno	ore formu	la			[8]

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	Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/No		Syllabus 9700	Paper 51	To de la constante de la const
(b) (i)	t = 23 - 15 ;		ignore any work	ing in the answe	er	www.PapaCambridg
	$\sqrt{\frac{4^2}{30}}$ + $\frac{3^2}{30}$;		allow 9 / 8.89 ar	od 8.88 8		
	$\frac{(8)}{(0.9)} =$ 8.9 ;		allow ecf for inco	orrect figure fron	n subtraction	[3]
(ii)	total number of measurer measurement /	ments -1 for each set of	allow 2n – 2 / (n – 1) +	+ (n – 1)		
	(30-1) + (30-1) = 58;		60 - 2 = 58			[1]
(iii)	value / 0.2;	alues are greater than the critical at / not due to chance / caused by sure;	if the calculation available allow ecf from (k ignore null hypo	o)(i)	(b)(i) both marks a	are still [2]
(c) (i)	ref. to counting the numb	er of eye piece graticule units;				
,		value of an eyepiece unit with a	allow description	ns / ref. to a star	ndard graticule unit	t value [2]

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	Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers'	version	Syllabus	Paper	.0
		GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/No	ovember 2010	9700	51	ASC.
the	e plants. Do not allow l ata in table 1.1	s about the adaptations shown by marks for answers that restate the		maximise photo	shade leaves have synthesis and sun ter loss.	leaves Annual Review
1. 2. 3. 4.	 EITHER for shade leaves: thinner cuticle increases light penetration; thinner leaf / shorter palisade cells increases light penetration (to inner parts of leaf); spongy mesophyll has more chloroplasts to increase light absorption; cells less densely packed / larger air spaces for better gas diffusion; larger surface area to absorb limited light / enables more photosynthesis with less light availability; 		allow mix and match for sun and shade leaves but take care not to give the same mark twice. candidates should make it clear which type of leaf they are referring to. ignore anything related to growth ignore any references to internodes ignore any references to stomata		nould	
1. 2. 3.	 OR for sun / exposed leaves: thicker cuticle limits water loss; (large / long palisade cells) contain more chloroplasts to absorb maximum light; fewer chloroplasts in spongy mesophyll as little light penetrates / palisade is light saturated; densely packed cells / smaller air spaces reduce water loss; smaller surface area reduces water loss; 					[3]
		100000 11000,				[Total: 20]

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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	Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' v GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/No		Syllabus 9700	Paper 51	ac.
(a) (i)	2 of: length of organism; time for adjustment (to te time of measurement;	emperature);	do not allow siz	e	Paper 51	[2]
(ii)	1 of: activity / age / sex / mass source / type / pH / volun oxygen supply;		do not allow mi	croscope lamp /	light	[1]
(iii)	1 of: counting high rates is err changes in temperature; activity / stress affect hea	•		ontent if not in (ii nicroscope / cool		[1]
(iv)	idea of sufficient measure anomalous results;	ements for reliability / to remove	do not allow ac			[1]
(b) (i)	allows for different startin see the changes more cl	ng points between individuals / can early;	_	dea that 'it is eas	sier to see what is	[1]
(ii)	rate at 30 °C – rate at 25 °C / difference in rate at 30 °C and 25 °C rate at 25 °C × 100;		allow correct us e.g. $\frac{165 - 132}{132}$	e of any figures × 100	from the table	[1]
(iii)	decrease (by at least 50% stop;	%) / falls to a very low value / may				[1]
(c)	doubles with10 °C increa does not support: 20 °C – 30 °C increases b	°C / 10°C – 20°C (as rate approx. se); out does not double / 25°C – 35°C rapidly decreases with temperature		°C' / 'up to 25°C <u>'C – 35°C</u> rapidl <u>y</u>	, y decreases with temperature	[2]