UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

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## for the guidance of teachers

## 9700 BIOLOGY

9700/51

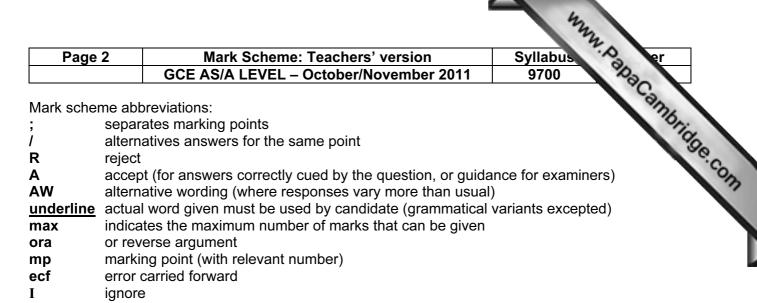
Paper 5 (Planning, Analysis and Evaluation), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



**AVP** alternative valid point (examples given as guidance)

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Question	uestion Expected answer		Extra guidance			Ma
(a) (i)	oxygen production / conce (light) transmission / absor	<ul> <li>A <u>amount</u></li> <li>R oxygen unqualified</li> <li>A descriptions e.g. reduction in light passing through</li> <li>R light intensity.</li> </ul>			MMMN PapaCa.	
(ii)	2 of: light intensity; carbon dioxide concentrati speed of stirrer; mass of alga (suspension) <u>volume</u> of alga( suspensio distance of light meter from position of oxygen probe;	<ul> <li>A light in terms of distance from lamp / same (wattage) bulb</li> <li>ignore size of container / references to quantities of liquid or water</li> <li>A weight</li> <li>ignore number of cells</li> <li>ignore amount / concentration / quantity for mass or volume</li> </ul>			id [max 2]	
(b) (i)	subtract the transmission (		ne transmission fi ae / just water	on (for each wave lengt rom the transmission	h) [1]	
(ii)	oxygen concentration;		e given, mark the volume / amount	e first / quantity / meter readir	ig [1]	
(c)	<ol> <li>2 of:</li> <li>ref. to idea of different different solvents ;</li> <li>ref. to idea that some soluble in some solver</li> <li>ref. to the idea that so solubility in solvent 1 ;</li> <li>ref. to second solvent separated by solvent</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>separated I</li> <li>A if refer to</li> <li>A if refer to been found</li> <li>A some pig</li> </ol>	ar that the pigme by solvent 1 / clu pigments 1 and ' 'not knowing' if a	6 or 4 and 5 all the pigments have rated more easily in one	[max 2]	

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Question	Exp		Extra guid	ance	Ma	
	<i>reliability:</i> 13. ref. to repeating to con anomalies; <i>safety (max 1):</i> 14. ref. to solvents / algae 15. ref. to safe disposal o	<ul> <li>13. ignore ref. to means unqualified <ul> <li>A finding means of Rf values / AW</li> </ul> </li> <li>14. e.g. flammable – no naked flames / AW <ul> <li>toxic – in fume cupboard / ventilated space / covered containers / gloves / goggles <ul> <li>corrosive or allergy to algae / solvents – gloves and goggles</li> <li>lgnore low risk / radiaton</li> </ul> </li> <li>A spot / dot / number 4</li> </ul></li></ul>			M. Papacann Ma	
(e) (i)	strain <b>B and</b> pigment S / A				[1]	
(ii)			<ol> <li>A Rf 0.19 / A it has the solvent 2</li> <li>A if the ran</li> <li>A if the ran</li> </ol>	ge 470 – 530nm ge 490 – 510nm	2) blvent 1 / a low Rf in n is given	[max 2]
(iii)	1 of: allows the alga to use a greater variety of wave lengths / use blue end of spectrum / short wave length (for photosynthesis); may allow strain <b>A</b> to survive better / photosynthesise in deeper water;		ecf for incorrec	t pigments <b>R</b> or <sup>-</sup>	<b>T</b> in <b>(i)</b>	[1]
					Total:	[20]

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Question	Exp	Extra guidance			Ma Philip	
2 (a)	<pre>1 × 2 of: Mark as prose. One mark for the factor, one mark for a suitable method of controlling the factor temperature; keep breeding units in temperature controlled room / incubator / thermostatically-controlled water bath; culture medium for larvae; ref. to same composition / idea of sufficient ; oxygen (supply / concentration); ref. to suitable covering / container that allows oxygen / air entry; pH ; ref. to using a buffer ;</pre>		ignore volume /	nutrient / namec mass		ManaCambrid [1] [1]
(b)	ref. to a method of magnifying the abdomen;		glass	e / hand lens / bir ectron microscop	nocular / magnifying pe	[1]
(c)	offspring are in approxima description	tely 9:3:3:1 ratio / correct	/ types / combin parents / four di <b>A</b> named recom ebony and long <b>A</b> linkage would	ations that are d	ey and short wings / nd short wings bes	
(d) (i)	there is no (significant) diff expected ratio ;	erence between the observed and	the null hypothe (significant) diffe			[1]

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estion	Expected answer				Extra guidance			Ma
(ii)	Offspring phenotype	0	E	$\frac{(O-E)^2}{E}$		1 mark for E column 1 mark for $\frac{(O-E)^2}{E}$ column <i>ecf from E</i>		
	grey bodies long wings	15	16	0.06	A as fractions ignore number	- of decimal place	S	
	grey bodies short wings	19	16	0.56	1 mark correct addition to $\chi^2$ to <b>2 decimal</b> places <b>A</b> 1.40 from rounded up figures <b>ecf</b> from $\frac{(O-E)^2}{E}$			
	Ebony bodies long wings	13	16	0.56	ecf from E	<u> </u>		
	Ebony bodies short wings	17	16;	0.06;				
			$\chi^2 =$	1.24 (/5);				[3]
(iii)	one less degree	of freedom	n than number of cate	egories ;	phenotypes / ro (sets of) results	ws / (sets of) ob	types of offspring / servations/ categories / e.g. 4 – 1	[1]
(iv)	1 of : not significant; results are due t	o chance ;			ecf of the candi R answers which quantify significa qualify significa between the me	ance. e.g. more nce. e.g. 'there is eans'	l chi square / less significant s a significant difference reliability / accuracy / AW'	[max 1]
							Total:	[10]