UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Specimen for 2007 (version 2)

GCE A LEVEL

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MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 30

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 9700/05

BIOLOGY PLANNING, ANALYSIS AND EVALUATION

Question Expected answer

- 1 (a) (i) As the concentration of carbon dioxide increases the rate of photosynthesis increases (until another factor becomes limiting);
 - (ii) *Independent:* concentration of carbon dioxide/hydrogen carbonate solution;

Dependent: Volume/amount of gas/oxygen collected; Accept, rate of photosynthesis

(b) any 5 of:

ref. to a range of hydrogen carbonate solutions of known concentration; Accept, ref. to expose to atmosphere with different known concentrations of CO₂

- ref. to gas syringe plunger fully inserted;
- ref. to inserting stopper after attaching syringe;
- ref. to equilibration time before measuring any gas produced;
- ref. to reading volume after specific time;

time to collect stated volume;

ref. to repeating each measurement;

AVP (e.g. detail of means of ensuring that gas syringe is read accurately/consistently); 5 M

(c) identification of 4 appropriate variables;

quantity of aquatic plant - same mass/number of leaves/same plant;

volume of test solution - same volume of each concentration;

temperature – immerse the test solution in water bath at same temperature/use an air conditioned room;

light intensity – use same light source at same distance from plant/means of controlling and measuring light intensity (in dark room/enclosed box); wave length – use same light source with same voltage/current/power/light temperature

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(d) 1 of:

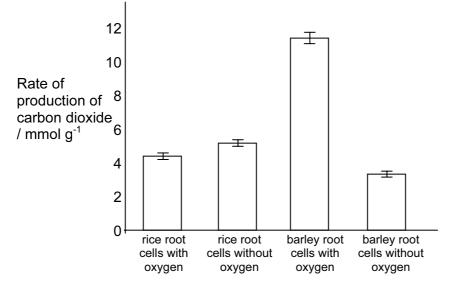
gases dissolved in the pond water are removed/only gases from the plant are collected; microscopic plants that may use carbon dioxide are killed; 1 M



 (e) 1 of: hazard associated with hydrogen carbonate solution; hazard associated with the source of the pond water;

		4	apa	
estio	n	Expected answer	Co	m
(a)	(i)	0.14;	1	Tidge
	(ii)	barley root cells with oxygen is less reliable than the others;		Com
		spread of data /standard deviation/standard error is greater;	2	D
		OR		1
		significant difference between (all of/any of) treatments;		
		error bars do not overlap;		
	(iii)	axes correct orientation and labelled;	1	D
		all plots correct (means 4.5,5.5,11.4,3.3);	1	D
		error bars plotted from standard error;	1	D
		error bars correctly placed and plotted;	1	D
			 spread of data /standard deviation/standard error is greater; OR significant difference between (all of/any of) treatments; error bars do not overlap; (iii) axes correct orientation and labelled; all plots correct (means 4.5,5.5,11.4,3.3); error bars plotted from standard error; 	estionExpected answer(a) (i)0.14;1(ii)barley root cells with oxygen is less reliable than the others; spread of data /standard deviation/standard error is greater;2ORORsignificant difference between (all of/any of) treatments; error bars do not overlap;1(iii)axes correct orientation and labelled; all plots correct (means 4.5,5.5,11.4,3.3); error bars plotted from standard error;1

(allow error carried forward if standard deviation used)



(b) 3 of ref. to:

rice without oxygen grows better than rice with oxygen;

rice is adapted to grow in anaerobic/water logged conditions, grows better than barley without oxygen;

rice can tolerate the ethanol produced by anaerobic respiration/barley seeds killed by ethanol produced by anaerobic respiration;

aerobic respiration releases more energy than anaerobic, barley grows	3	С	
faster/more with oxygen;			
		7D	

Total 10 3C

Question **Expected** answer

3 (a)
$$\frac{(7.5-6.2)}{6.2} \times 100 = \frac{1.3}{6.2} \times 100 = 0.21 \times 100 = 21\%;$$

accept 21.0% or 20.97% reject 45% as obvious but incorrect

(b) support

mean value of experimental cell culture is higher (than control); bottom or range higher / top of range higher, in experimental cell culture (than control) / AW;

does not support

range overlaps / ref. to specific examples of control and experimental samples which are the same (e.g. control 6 and experimental 8 which are both 6.5);

ref. to possible anomalies / specific named anomaly from the list experimental samples 4 or 7 / control samples 3 or 5 or 10;

ref. to insufficient replication (for such variable data);

no statistical test of difference carried out / do not know if the difference is significant / no chi squared test / no t-test / no standard error bars plotted;

only one concentration tested / ref. limited range / AW;

[max 4]

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[1]