CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

9185 CHEMISTRY (US)

9185/51

Paper 5 (Planning Analysis and Evaluation), maximum raw mark 30

www.PapaCambridge.com

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

		my
Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2014	9185

Question	Expected Answer	My
(a) (i)	$2Mg(NO_3)_2 \rightarrow 2MgO + 4NO_2 + O_2$ allow correct multiples	[1]
(ii)	40.3 g MgO, 48.0 dm³ NO ₂ , 12.0 dm³ O ₂ Units must be given allow ecf from equation in (i)	[1]
(b) (i)	Directly heated vessel labelled (magnesium) nitrate(V) with tube at exit	[1]
	Gas stream led into a liquid labelled alkali which will absorb the nitrogen(IV) oxide/NO ₂	[1]
	Collects a gas in a syringe or over a liquid, provided it is properly connected	[1]
	All parts of the apparatus are connected and air-tight AND nitrogen(IV) oxide absorption precedes oxygen collection.	[1]
(ii)	States a collector volume with unit	
	Correct calculation of mass of magnesium nitrate(V) to a volume that would fit the stated volume of collector. allow ecf on (a)(i) Units of volume and mass required.	[1]
(c)	Mass of magnesium nitrate(V) (at start) and mass of magnesium oxide (at end).	[1]
	Or	
	Mass of heated tube and contents before and after heating and mass of empty tube	
	Mass of container (+ alkali) at start and mass at end	[1]
	Volume of oxygen	[1]
(d) (i)	Heat to constant mass OR heat to constant volume	[1]
(ii)	Let the apparatus cool (to room temperature)	[1]
(e)	Use experimental results to produce moles of magnesium nitrate(V) AND moles of one of the three products. compare with molar ratio in equation as given in (a)(i)	[1] [1]
(f)	Make sure all apparatus is airtight/no leakage before heating allow other sensible suggestions regarding exposure to nitrogen(IV) oxide or use of apparatus	[1]
	<u> </u>	

		my
Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2014	9185

			,	
(a)	[M ⁿ⁺ (aq)] / mol dm ⁻³	EMF / V	log[M ⁿ⁺ (aq)]	ambri
	5.00 × 10 ⁻¹	0.94	-0.30	ambrid
	1.00 × 10 ⁻¹	0.96	-1.00	
	4.00 × 10 ⁻²	0.97	-1.40	
	1.00 × 10 ⁻²	0.99	-2.00	
	5.00 × 10 ⁻³	1.00	-2.30	
	2.00 × 10 ⁻³	1.01	-2.70	
	8.00 × 10 ⁻⁴	1.02	-3.10	
	2.00 × 10 ⁻⁴	1.04	-3.70	
	Correctly calculated values			[1]
	All data to 2 decimal places			[1]
(b)	All 8 points present and plot	tted correctly		[1]
	Best fit continuous straight I	ine		[1]
(c)	There are no anomalous po	ints		[1]
	Variations in points due to r	ounding.		[1]
	OR			
	Variations arise from being	to just 2dp.		
(d) (i)	Appropriately drawn lines of	n graph		[1]
	Calculates correctly gradier	it of the graph		[1]
	Uses –0.06/n = gradient to Correct working must be sh			[1]
(ii)	Extrapolates graph to obtain cell to a minimum of 2 dp e.g. (+)0.93(V)	n intercept on <i>y</i> -a	xis and deduces E^{e} for the	[1]
	OR			
	Calculates a value for E ^o u candidate's final value for rand a data point on the can	n calculated in (d		
(e)	E° for M, $(0.80 - 0.93) = -0$ Metal is Pb (allow Sn on -0 allow ecf from (d)(ii)			[1]

		my
Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus er
	GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2014	9185

(f)	$2Ag^{+} + Pb \rightarrow 2Ag + Pb^{2+}$	Myph	de con
(g) (i)	To allow movement of ions OR to maintain charge / ion <u>balance</u>	[1]	Go.
(ii)	If lead given in (e) then only potassium nitrate is suitable	[1]	OM
	If potassium chloride given as unsuitable, then accept precipitations with silver OR lead (ions)	[1]	
	If potassium sulfate given as unsuitable, then accept precipitations with lead (ions) ONLY		ı
	If tin given in (e) potassium sulfate or potassium nitrate are suitable		
	precipitation would occur just with potassium chloride with silver (ions) ONLY		