UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

# www.papacanbridge.com MARK SCHEME for the November 2005 guestion paper

# 9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/03

Paper 3 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 25

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published Report on the Examination.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the Report on the Examination.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the November 2005 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

		Mary .
Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	GCE A LEVEL – November 2005	9701

### **Question 1**

### Supervisor's results

Check all subtractions in Tables 1.1 and 1.2. Select the titre average.

## Calculate, correct to 2 decimal places, the ratio: Volume of FA2 x Titre

Cambridge.com Record this value on the front of the Supervisor's script and as a ringed value by Table 1.2 on each candidate script.

### Candidate's results

Check all subtractions in Tables 1.1 and 1.2. The subtraction of titration results labelled as rough need not be checked unless the candidate has included them in the volumes used to calculate the average.

### Calculate, correct to 2 decimal places, Volume of FA 2 diluted x Titre

Record this value by Table 1.2 on the script and calculate the difference to the Supervisor's ratio. Award accuracy marks for differences as follows:

Accuracy mark		Spread Penalty	,
Mark	Difference to Supervisor	Range used / cm <sup>3</sup>	Deduction
6	Up to 4.50	0.20+ to 0.25	1
5	4.50+ to 6.75	0.25 to 0.30	2
4	6.75+ to 9.00	0.30+ to 0.40	3
3	9.00+ to 13.50	0.40+ to 0.50	4
2	13.50+ to 18.00	0.50+ to 0.70	5
1	18.00+ to 22.50	Greater than 0.70	6
0	Greater than 22.50		·

Deduct from the accuracy mark one mark for each of the following errors:

- (i) Final burette readings in Tables 1.1 and 1.2 not recorded to 2 decimal places or in the wrong place in a Table,
  - or "impossible" burette readings (e.g. 23.47 cm<sup>3</sup>) recorded at any point in the tables.

6

- (ii) No two recorded (uncorrected) titres within 0.1 cm<sup>3</sup>.
- An incorrect average calculated or no selection of at least two titres for the (iii) calculation of the average. Selected titres may be ticked or used in a calculation of the average.

### THERE IS A MAXIMUM DEDUCTION OF TWO MARKS FROM THE ACCURACY MARKS

e 2	Mark Scheme Syllabus	
	GCE A LEVEL – November 2005 9701	
		ap.
		101
	calculations, ignore evaluation errors if working is shown. e an answer is given with no working the Examiner is to check the appropriate working a	nd th
	er must be given correct for this working.	
	Mark Scheme Syllabus   GCE A LEVEL – November 2005 9701   calculations, ignore evaluation errors if working is shown.   e an answer is given with no working the Examiner is to check the appropriate working and er must be given correct for this working.	
(c)	Give one mark for Volume of FA 2 diluted 250 x 1.00	
	200	1
(d)	Give one mark for answer to (c) x Titre 1000	
-		1
(e)	Give two marks for answer to (d) $x = \frac{1}{2} + x = \frac{1000}{25}$	
	2 25 (one) (one)	
	No marks are to be awarded if the answer to (d) has not been used unless the answer been started again from first principles	has
	been started again from first principles.	2
(0)		
(f)	Give one mark for answer to (e) x a clearly calculated $M_r$ ( $M_r$ does not have to be correct)	
	and	
	If full marks have been given in (c) to (e), give <b>one mark</b> for an answer within 1% of the answer calculated by the examiner from the candidate's results.	e
	The correct answer is given by: <b>Candidate's Accuracy "product"</b> $\times$ 1.6096 $\times$ 10 <sup>-2</sup>	
		2
(a)	Give one mark for 38.10 - answer to (f)	
(g)		1
		•
(h)	Give one mark for answer to (g)	
()	and 18	
	Give one mark for moles of water calculated in first part of (h)	

Total for Question 1 = 15

		2.
Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	GCE A LEVEL – November 2005	9701

Page	3	Mark Scheme GCE A LEVEL – November	2005	Syllabus 9701	A. Papaca	
uestic	on 2	<b>FA 4</b> is red lead oxide, Pb <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> .		Observations [6]	Papacambridge.c.	
(a)	and ac Cautic longer Filter t further	er half of the solid <b>FA 4</b> provided to a boiling-tube d about 7 cm depth of dilute nitric acid. <b>Dusly warm</b> the tube until the orange solid is no visible. he mixture and retain both filtrate and residue for tests. the residue with water.	Give <b>one mark</b> for c			OTT
(b)	and he	er the remaining <b>FA 4</b> to a hard glass test-tube eat strongly. y, with a suitable test, the gas evolved.	Give <b>one mark</b> for ic giving an appropriate splint/splint burns mo brightly	e test, e.g. relight	ts glowing	

### Tests on the filtrate

(c)	To 1 cm depth of the filtrate from <b>(a)</b> in a test-tube, add aqueous sodium hydroxide until there is no further change.	Give <b>one mark</b> for white precipitate soluble in excess sodium hydroxide
(d)	To 1 cm depth of the filtrate from <b>(a)</b> in a test-tube, add aqueous ammonia until there is no further change.	Give <b>one mark</b> for white precipitate insoluble in excess ammonia
(e)	To 1 cm depth of the filtrate from <b>(a)</b> in a test-tube, add aqueous potassium iodide.	Give one mark for yellow precipitate

### Tests on residue

(f)	Cautiously place 1 cm depth of concentrated hydrochloric acid into a boiling-tube and add an equal amount of water.	
	Add to the tube some of the residue from <b>(a)</b> and warm gently. Identify, with a suitable test, the gas evolved.	Give <b>one mark</b> for identifying the gas as chlorine <u>and</u> giving an appropriate test, e.g. bleaches indicator paper
	Immediately the gas is identified rinse the contents of the tube into the sink.	

6

Give one mark for correctly identifying the cation as Pb<sup>2+</sup> and giving one pieces of supporting evidence

Give one further mark for a second piece of supporting evidence

Give one mark for correctly identifying FA 4 as an oxidising agent/oxidant

Give **one mark** for giving a correct piece of evidence to support this behaviour.

4

Total for Question 2 = 10 Total for Paper = 25