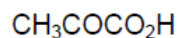
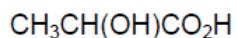
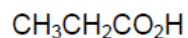


1. Nov/2022/Paper_11/No.31

Three colourless liquids with the following formulae are contained in separate unlabelled bottles.



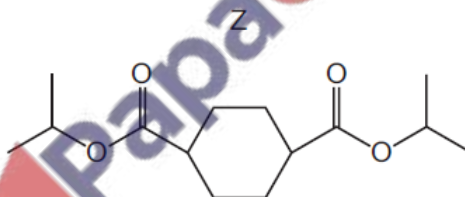
Which two tests, carried out on separate samples of each liquid, will successfully identify each liquid?

	test 1	test 2
A	NaHCO_3	2,4-DNPH reagent
B	NaHCO_3	Tollens' reagent
C	warm acidified dichromate	2,4-DNPH reagent
D	warm acidified dichromate	Tollens' reagent

2. Nov/2022/Paper_11/No.32

An alcohol, X, reacts with a dicarboxylic acid, Y, to form a double ester, Z.

The diagram shows the structure of the ester.

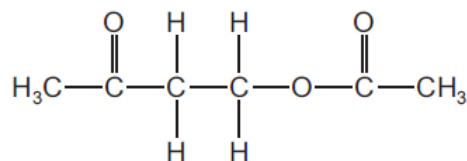


Which row about the reactants forming ester Z is correct?

	the class of alcohol X	the shape of the ring in Y
A	secondary	non-planar
B	secondary	planar
C	tertiary	non-planar
D	tertiary	planar

3. Nov/2022/Paper_11/No.36

Compound X reacts with ethanoic acid in the presence of an H^+ catalyst to produce the compound shown.

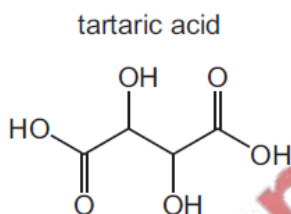


What is the molecular formula of compound X?

- A $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O}$ B $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}_2$ C $\text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}$ D $\text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}_2$

4. Nov/2022/Paper_12/No.26

The structure of tartaric acid is shown.



Which statements about tartaric acid are correct?

- 1 A molecule of tartaric acid has more than one chiral centre.
- 2 The molecular formula of tartaric acid is $\text{C}_4\text{H}_4\text{O}_6$.
- 3 One molecule of tartaric acid produces four hydrogen ions in aqueous solution.

- A 1, 2 and 3 B 1 and 2 only C 2 and 3 only D 1 only

5. Nov/2022/Paper_12/No.27

A carboxylic acid, P, has no chain isomers. It reacts with an alcohol, Q, that has only one positional isomer.

What could be the ester formed from a reaction between P and Q?

- A butyl propanoate
B ethyl butanoate
C pentyl ethanoate
D propyl pentanoate