

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

COMPUTER SCIENCE 9608/33

Paper 3 Written Paper

October/November 2019

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 75

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2019 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.



Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
 is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
 referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these
 features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The
 meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	1 mark per bullet point	3
	• Exponent 0010 = 2 • Mantissa 0.1010010 becomes 010.10010 // $\frac{41}{64}$ // 2 + $\frac{1}{2}$ + $\frac{1}{16}$ • Answer 2 $\frac{9}{16}$ // 2.5625	
1(a)(ii)	1 mark per bullet point	3
	• $-3.75 = 100.01000 \text{ //} -4 + \frac{1}{4} \text{ / } 0.25$ • $100.01000 \text{ becomes } 1.0001000 \text{ Exponent } = +2$ • Answer: Mantissa = $10001000 \text{ Exponent } = 0010$	
1(b)	Only the range is increased (no effect on precision)	1
1(c)	 1 mark per bullet point to max 1 There is no exact binary conversion for some numbers More bits are needed to store the number than are available 	1
1(d)	First term: Overflow Second term: Underflow	2

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)(i)	35 is not a variable	1
2(a)(ii)	:= is not an operator	1
2(a)(iii)	9 is not a digit	1
2(b)	1 mark for each bullet point	6
	<pre><operator>::=</operator></pre>	

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	1 mark per bullet point to max 2	2
	 Provide a set of standards for transmission of data that gives a known/accepted set of rules for transmitting and receiving data This enables communication/compatibility between devices from different manufacturers/platforms etc. 	
3(b)	1 mark per bullet point to max 3	4
	 Carrier Sense Multiple Access (with) Collision Detection Before transmitting a device checks if the channel is busy If it is busy the device waits // if channel free data is sent When transmission begins the device listens for other devices also beginning transmission If there is a collision, transmission is aborted / transmitting a jam signal Both devices wait a (different) random time, then try again 	

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Question				Α	nswer			Marks
4(a)	1 mark for 3 or 4 correct products 2 marks for all 5 correct products					2		
	$X = \overline{A}.\overline{B}.\overline{C} + \overline{A}.\overline{B}$	\overline{B} .C + \overline{A} .	B.C + A	. B .C + <i>i</i>	4. <i>B</i> .C			
4(b)	1 mark for corr	ect ans	swer	А	B			1
			00	01	11	10		
	С	0	1	0	0	0		
	C	1	1	1	1	1		
4(c)	1 mark per corr	ect loo	р	Α	В			2
			00	01	11	10		
	С	0	1	0	0	0		
		1	1	1	1	1		
4(d)	1 mark per bull	et poir	ıt.					2
	 Ā.B̄ +C 							
	$X = \overline{A}.\overline{B} + C // .$	X = C -	+ Ā.Ē					

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Question	Answer	Marks	
5(a)	 1 mark per bullet point to max 2 No suitable data type is provided by the language used The programmer needs specify a new data type that meets the requirements of the application / program 		
5(b)(i)	<pre>1 mark per bullet point • EmployeeID declared as STRING • Sales, Technical and CustomerServices • with commas in-between • ENDTYPE TYPE Employee DECLARE EmployeeID : STRING DECLARE EmployeeName : STRING DECLARE Department : (Sales, Technical,</pre>	4	
5(b)(ii)	DECLARE NewEmployee : Employee	1	
5(b)(iii)	NewEmployee.EmployeeID ← "02244"	1	
5(b)(iv)	 1 mark per bullet point to max 2 Array List Set Collection Class Stack Queue Linked list Dictionary 	2	
6(a)	 1 mark per bullet point Page: Virtual Memory is divided into blocks of a fixed size Page frame: the main memory is divided into page frames of the same size as a page Page table: the Page (Map) table shows the mapping of pages to page frames 	3	

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(b)	1 mark per bullet point to max 3	3
	 To allow multiprogramming / multitasking to take place To ensure fair usage of the processor To ensure fair usage of peripherals To ensure fair usage of memory To ensure higher priority tasks are executed sooner To ensure all processes have the opportunity to finish 	
6(c)	A signal from a software source or hardware device seeking the attention of the processer	1
6(d)	1 mark per bullet point in the order givenJOB32JOB42JOB42	3

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)	1 mark per bullet point	4
	 Application Transport Internet / Network Data Link 	
7(b)(i)	 1 mark per bullet point to max 2 Packet switching makes best use of the available (channel) capacity by using alternative routes which is more secure / robust as packets to / from different sources and destinations can share the same route 	2
7(b)(ii)	1 mark per bullet point to max 2	2
	 To store data about packet and its routing // to ensure it reaches its destination to ensure that message can be properly reconstructed 	

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Question	Answer	Marks
7(b)(ii)	1 mark per item to max 3 For example: IP address of sender IP address of destination IP version Number of packets the message consists of ID number of that packet Protocol used Packet length Time to live // max number of hops Synchronisation data Source port	3
	Destination PortChecksum	

Question	Answer	Marks
8(a)	 1 mark per bullet point to max 2 Serial number Identification of Certificate Authority (that issued the certificate) Version (number) Valid from // start date Valid to // end date Subject name (name of user/owner/computer/network device) Subject's public key Hashing algorithm Algorithm used to create signature Algorithm used to hash certificate Hashed certificate 	2
8(b)	1 mark for each correct term A hashing algorithm is used to generate a message digest from the plain text message. The message digest is encrypted with the sender's private key.	3

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Question	Answer		Marks
9(a)	1 mark for each correct term		4
	Description	Term	
	 There are several processors. Each processor executes different sets of instructions on one set of data at the same time. 	MISD	
	 The processor has several ALUs. Each ALU executes the same set of instructions on different sets of data at the same time. 	SIMD	
	 There is only one processor. The processor executes one set of instructions on one set of data. 	SISD	
	 There are several processors. Each processor executes a different set of instructions. Each processor operates on different sets of data. 	MIMD	
9(b)	1 mark per bullet point to max 3		3
	 A large number of processors Collaborative processing // coordinated simultaned Network infrastructure Communicate using a message interface / by send 		

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