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for the guidance of teachers

9691 COMPUTING

9691/31

Paper 3 (Written Paper), maximum raw mark 90

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

	Page 2	2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus 5	er
			GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2012	9691	2
1	(a) (i)		table/each student has a repeated group of attributes ibjects	s // each student has	Camptio
	(ii)	Stud	entName, TutorGroup and Tutor would need to be re	peated for each recor	d Secon
	(b)				

- (a) (i) The table/each student has a repeated group of attributes // each student has 1 of subjects
 - (ii) StudentName, TutorGroup and Tutor would need to be repeated for each record

(b)

Table: Student

able.	Sludenisub	jectonoices
	Student	Subject

StudentName	TutorGroup	Tutor
Tom	6	SAN
Joe	7	MEB
Samir	6	SAN

Student Name	Subject	Level	Subject Teacher
	Dhuaiaa	٨	
Tom	Physics	A	SAN
Tom	Chemistry	А	MEB
Tom	Gen Studies	AS	DIL
Joe	Geography	AS	ROG
Joe	French	AS	HEN
Samir	Computing	А	VAR
Samir	Chemistry	А	MEB
Samir	Maths	А	COR
Samir	Gen. Studies	А	DIL

Mark as follows Complete Student table Repetition of StudentName in StudentSub Complete columns 2, 3, and 4	ectchoices	table	 [1] [1] [1]
			[·]

(c) (i) primary key...

- an attribute/combination of attributes
- chosen to ensure that the records in a table are unique // used to identify a record/tuple
- (ii) StudentName + Subject Correct Answer Only
- (iii) there is a one-to-many relationship // Student is the 'one side' table -StudentSubjectChoices is the 'many side' table.
 - The primary key (attribute StudentName) in Student
 - Links to StudentName in the StudentSubjectChoices table
 - (StudentName in the) StudentSubjectChoices table is the foreign key // StudentName is the foreign key that links the two tables [MAX 2]

(d) - There are non-key attributes ...

- SubjectTeacher ...
- dependent only on part of the primary key (i.e. Subject) // partial dependency [MAX 2]
- (e) There are dependent <u>non-key</u> attributes // there are <u>non-key</u> dependencies - TutorGroup is dependant on Tutor // Tutor is dependent on TutorGroup

[Total: 14]

[2]

[2]

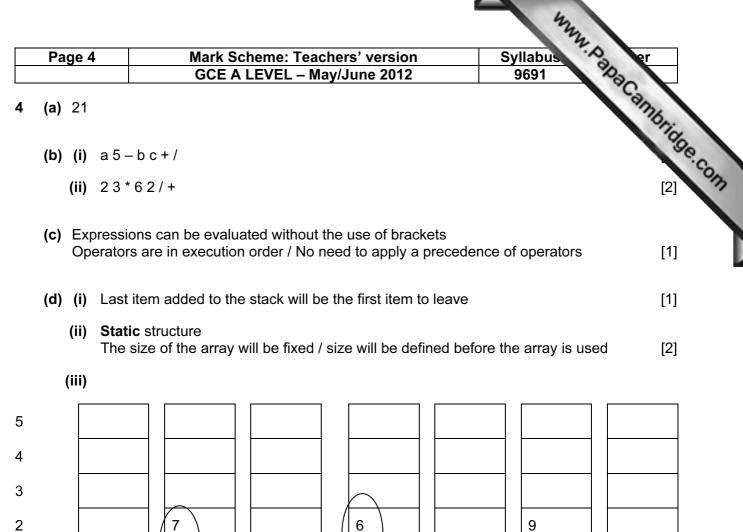
[1]

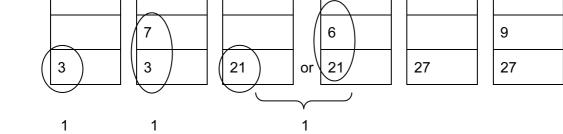
2 (a) 83 [1]

(b) 153

[1]

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version S GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2012	Syllabus Pr 9691
(c) –110		Syllabus 9691 Anacamhrige
		010
(d) (i) +13		3
	rk as follows: ponent: +4 // move the pattern four places	
Ma	ntissa: +13/16 // 0.1101	
Ans	swer: $13/16 \times 2^4$ // or equivalent	[3]
The	ere will be a unique representation for a number e format will ensure the number is represented with the	ne greatest possible/more
	uracy/precision tiplication is performed more accurately/precisely	[MAX 1]
(iii) Ma	ntissa: 0100 0000	
. Éxp	ponent: 1000 erefore number is $\frac{1}{2} * 2^{-8}$ // +1/512 // +2 ⁻⁹ // 0.00195	[0]
INE	REIOLE HUITIDELIS 72 Z // ±1/31Z // ±2 // 0.00195	[3]
(e) choices	made will effect range and accuracy	
More bi	s used for the mantissa will result in better accuracy	
More bi	ts use for the exponent will result in larger range of number	s [Max 2]
		[Total: 12]
(a) Boolean		[1]
riags w	hether or not the requested customer name is found	[1]
SearchN	ame	[1]
Index Index + 1		[1] [1]
	2001 // Index >= 2001 // Index > 2000	[1]
IsFound	= FALSE // NOT IsFound // Index = 2001 // Index > 2000	[1]
(b) - values	are considered in <u>sequence</u>	
- when a	an item is not found all items are considered	
	omparisons are needed if the value is near the start of the ded/it's time consuming if the value is near the end of the li	
	verage number of comparisons needed will be N/2 (or 1000	
() ()	e values must be in order	lue
	<u>culate</u> the middle value and compare with the requested va equested value is less/greater discard the top/bottom list	liue
Rep	beat with a new list // compare with a new middle value	
Cor	ntinue until value is found or list is empty	[MAX 4]
	npare with	
Kiw	i nana	
Bar		
Bar Che		[3]







[Total: 12]

3

5 (a) LDD 105

1

Accumulator		
0001 0001		

	Main memory
100	0100 0000
101	0110 1011
102	1111 1110
103	1111 1010
104	0101 1101
105	0001 0001
106	1010 1000
107	1100 0001
ل	\int
200	1001 1111

Mark as follows:

- Sensible annotation which makes clear 105 is the address used

- Final value in Acc

age 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	S	yllabus 🔗 er
	GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2012		yllabus 9691 Main memory 0100 0000 0110 1011 1111 1110 1111 1010
•			62
) LDX 101			Main memory
		100	0100 0000
		101	0110 1011
Accumulator		102	1111 1110
0101 1101		103	1111 1010
		104	0101 1101
		105	0001 0001
Index Registe	r	106	1010 1000
00000011		107	1100 0001
)	J
			(
		1	Ι
		200	1001 1111

Mark as follows:

- IR contents converted to 3

- Computed address of 101 + 3 = 104

// explanation: add contents of IR to address part of instruction

- Then, 'direct addressing' to 104

- Final value in Acc

[MAX 4]

(c)					
			M	emory Address	
	Accumulator	507	508	509	510
		22	170	0	0
(22				
(23				
				23	
	170				
	171				
					171

Mark as follows ...

- 22 to Accumulator

- Incremented to 23

- 23 copied to address 509

- 170 copied to Accumulator and incremented to 171

- 171 in address 510

[5]

(d) Every assembly language instruction is translated into exactly one machine code instruction / there is a 1-to-1 relationship between them [1]

[Total: 11]

Page 6		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2012	Syllabus of er 9691
		GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2012	9691 ~ 20
(a)	Get // is	cide which process ts next use of the processor (low level scheduler) next loaded into memory (high level scheduler) ximise system resources	Syllabus 9691 Bhacannthin Syllabus Bhacannthin Syllabus Bhacannthin Syllabus Bhacannthin Syllabus Syllabus Bhacannthin Syllabus S
(b)	(i)	Running The process currently has the use of the processor	
		Runnable/Ready The process would like to use the processor but th another process	e processor is currently in use b
		Suspended/Blocked The process is not capable of using the processor / doing I/O	the process is currently occupied
	(ii)	Maintain a separate 'data structure' for the processes one field of the Process Control Block will store the cu	
(c)	(i)	Processor bound The process does very little I/O // the process requires 3D-graphics calculation // any plausible application	s the processor most of the time
		I/O bound The process does lots of I/O // the process requires I application	ittle processor time // any plausible [4
	(ii)	Priority to <u>I/O bound processes</u> Otherwise they will not get a look in // processor I processor	bound jobs would monopolise the [2
			[Total: 15
(a)		nodel/program of the <u>real-world</u> system is produced by behaviour of a <u>real-world</u> system	[2
(b)	A co The The day The Sor	mputer system suitable as omputer program/system can be written/created which e problem can control the values of all the variables/par e computer can produce results very quickly // e.g. m ys into 5 minutes processing e simulation removes any element of hazard/danger me real-world problems are impossible to create iill be cost-effective to model the problem first	ameters