

Cambridge International AS & A Level

GEOGRAPHY

Paper 2 Core Human Geography

9696/21

October/November 2024

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed) Insert (enclosed)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer four questions in total:
 Section A: answer all questions.
 Section B: answer one question.
- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.
- Sketch maps and diagrams should be drawn whenever they serve to illustrate an answer.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- The insert contains all the resources referred to in the questions.

LICs = low income countries. MICs = middle income countries. HICs = high income countries.

Section A

Answer all questions in this section. All questions are worth 10 marks.

Population

- 1 Fig. 1.1 shows the birth rate and death rate for selected countries from 1990 to 2019.
 - (a) Using Fig. 1.1:

(i)	name the country with a negative natural increase in 2019	[1]
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- (ii) compare the changes in birth rates and death rates for Nepal with the changes for Tanzania.
 [3]
- (b) Suggest two reasons why birth rates are high in some countries. [2]
- (c) Explain the issues in managing a youthful population structure. [4]

Migration/Settlement dynamics

2 Fig. 2.1 shows internal migration in Canada, an HIC in North America, 2015–19.

(a)	(a) Describe the pattern of internal migration shown in Fig. 2.1.								[4]	

- (b) Suggest two push reasons for rural depopulation in LICs/MICs. [3]
- (c) Explain why some rural areas may have an increasing population. [3]

Settlement dynamics

3 Fig. 3.1 is a pair of photographs which show urban renewal in Tbilisi, Georgia, an MIC in Europe/Asia.

(a)	Using Fig. 3.1, describe the evidence for urban renewal.	[4]
(b)	Suggest two benefits for the local economy of the changes shown in Fig. 3.1.	[2]

(c) Explain the disadvantages of urban renewal for the inhabitants of an area. [4]

Section B

Answer **one** question from this section. All questions are worth 30 marks.

Population

- **4** (a) Describe the role of constraints in relation to sustaining a population. [7]
 - (b) With the aid of examples, explain how technology and innovation can increase food production in HICs. [8]
 - (c) With the aid of examples, assess the extent to which economic development leads to changes in infant mortality. [15]

Migration

- 5 (a) (i) Define the term *economic migrant*. [3]
 - (ii) Explain two negative impacts on the source area of the loss of economic migrants. [4]
 - (b) Using a case study, explain the causes of **one** international migration stream. [8]
 - (c) For your case study in (b), assess the extent to which the impacts on the receiving/destination areas were positive.
 [15]

Settlement dynamics

- 6 (a) Describe how the concept of bid rent results in the functional zonation of land use in urban areas.
 - (b) With the aid of examples, explain the issues in the provision of services in rural settlements. [8]
 - (c) 'The consequences of urban growth on rural settlements are mostly negative.'

With the aid of examples, how far do you agree with this statement? [15]

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