

# Cambridge International AS & A Level

GEOGRAPHY 9696/42

Paper 4 Advanced Human Geography Options

October/November 2024

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed)

Insert (enclosed)

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

Answer four questions in total:

Answer questions from two options.

For each option, follow the instructions inside on which questions to answer.

- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.
- Sketch maps and diagrams should be drawn whenever they serve to illustrate an answer.
- You should make reference to appropriate examples studied in the field or the classroom, even where such examples are not specifically requested by the question.

#### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- The insert contains all the resources referred to in the questions.

LICs = low income countries.

MICs = middle income countries.

HICs = high income countries.



Answer questions from **two** different options.

## Production, location and change

If answering this option, answer Question 1 and either Question 2 or Question 3.

- 1 Fig. 1.1 shows the percentage potential food loss for five major crops, with and without the use of pesticides and herbicides, at the global scale.
  - (a) Compare the potential food loss with and without the use of pesticides and herbicides shown in Fig. 1.1. [4]
  - **(b)** Explain **two** issues in the use of chemicals in farming. [6]
- 2 For **one** country, assess the relative importance of the difficulties in the management of agricultural change at the **national** scale. [20]
- **3** Evaluate the success of attempted solutions to the issues faced by **one** country's industrial policy. [20]

# **Environmental management**

If answering this option, answer Question 4 and either Question 5 or Question 6.

- **4** Fig. 4.1 shows e-waste generated per person in 2019.
  - (a) Describe the distribution of countries with 0.0–4.9 kg e-waste generated per person shown in Fig. 4.1. [4]
  - (b) Explain two causes of water pollution. [6]
- **5** 'Environmental impacts are the most important consideration for the overall electrical energy strategy of a country.'
  - With reference to one or more examples, how far do you agree with this statement? [20]
- **6** Evaluate the importance of overpopulation as a constraint on improving the quality of one or more degraded environments. [20]

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## Global interdependence

If answering this option, answer Question 7 and either Question 8 or Question 9.

- 7 Table 7.1 shows selected characteristics of three trading blocs in 2022.
  - (a) Compare the characteristics of the three trading blocs shown in Table 7.1. [4]
  - (b) Explain **two** ways trade agreements affect global patterns of trade. [6]
- 8 'The World Trade Organization (WTO) has an important role to play in the 21st century.'

With reference to one or more examples, how far do you agree with this statement? [20]

**9** With reference to one or more examples, how far do you agree that sustainability is an issue for tourist destinations? [20]

#### **Economic transition**

If answering this option, answer Question 10 and either Question 11 or Question 12.

- **10** Fig. 10.1 shows the relationship between average maths and reading scores and income inequality for selected HICs.
  - (a) Describe the relationship shown in Fig. 10.1. [3]
  - (b) Explain why education is a useful measure of social and economic inequality. [7]
- 11 Evaluate the role of political factors in the emergence and growth of newly industrialised countries (NICs). [20]
- 12 'The concept of core–periphery can be used to explain regional disparity within all countries.'

With reference to one or more examples, how far do you agree with this statement? [20]

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