



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS  
General Certificate of Education  
Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

**LAW**

**9084/11**

Paper 1 Essay Questions

**October/November 2011**

**1 hour 30 minutes**

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper



**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet.

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **three** questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

This document consists of **2** printed pages.



Answer **three** questions.

- 1 Section 44 of the Criminal Justice Act 2003 contains provisions for dispensing with a jury in some criminal trials.
- Discuss fully the arguments for and against this measure. [25]
- 2 'Equity has always adapted to the needs of those seeking assistance from the courts, for whom the common law has not always provided appropriate remedies.'
- Referring to decided cases, consider the extent to which you would agree with this statement. [25]
- 3 What alternatives are available for the citizen with a civil grievance who does not wish to take his case to court? Is Alternative Dispute Resolution the better forum for all such cases? Justify your answer. [25]
- 4 Eustace, aged 65, has been charged with burglary of a factory and bailed by the police to appear in court. He intends to plead Not Guilty.
- Explain carefully what will happen when he appears in court. If he is convicted of the offence, how can he appeal against that conviction? [25]
- 5 'It is for Parliament, not for the judges, to make law.'
- Critically discuss the various rules of statutory interpretation, indicating the extent to which they either support or undermine this view. [25]
- 6 'The statutory controls over the powers of the police, the independence of the Crown Prosecution Service and the trial process itself combine to ensure that a person accused of a criminal offence is always treated fairly.'
- Examine critically the above statement. [25]