## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**GCE Advanced Level** 

### MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

# 9709 MATHEMATICS

9709/71

Paper 7, maximum raw mark 50

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

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### **Mark Scheme Notes**

Marks are of the following three types:

- M Method mark, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem. Method marks are not lost for numerical errors, algebraic slips or errors in units. However, it is not usually sufficient for a candidate just to indicate an intention of using some method or just to quote a formula; the formula or idea must be applied to the specific problem in hand, e.g. by substituting the relevant quantities into the formula. Correct application of a formula without the formula being quoted obviously earns the M mark and in some cases an M mark can be implied from a correct answer.
- A Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. Accuracy marks cannot be given unless the associated method mark is earned (or implied).
- B Mark for a correct result or statement independent of method marks.
- When a part of a question has two or more "method" steps, the M marks are generally independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly when there are several B marks allocated. The notation DM or DB (or dep\*) is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier M or B (asterisked) mark in the scheme. When two or more steps are run together by the candidate, the earlier marks are implied and full credit is given.
- The symbol √ implies that the A or B mark indicated is allowed for work correctly following on from previously incorrect results. Otherwise, A or B marks are given for correct work only. A and B marks are not given for fortuitously "correct" answers or results obtained from incorrect working.
- Note: B2 or A2 means that the candidate can earn 2 or 0.
   B2/1/0 means that the candidate can earn anything from 0 to 2.

The marks indicated in the scheme may not be subdivided. If there is genuine doubt whether a candidate has earned a mark, allow the candidate the benefit of the doubt. Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored.

- Wrong or missing units in an answer should not lead to the loss of a mark unless the scheme specifically indicates otherwise.
- For a numerical answer, allow the A or B mark if a value is obtained which is correct to 3 s.f., or which would be correct to 3 s.f. if rounded (1 d.p. in the case of an angle). As stated above, an A or B mark is not given if a correct numerical answer arises fortuitously from incorrect working. For Mechanics questions, allow A or B marks for correct answers which arise from taking g equal to 9.8 or 9.81 instead of 10.

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Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus						
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The follow	Page 3 Mark Scheme Syllabus er GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2012 9709  The following abbreviations may be used in a mark scheme or used on the scripts:  AEF Any Equivalent Form (of answer is equally acceptable)  AG Answer Given on the question paper (so extra checking is needed to ensure that							
THE IONOV	wing abbreviations may be used in a mark scheme of u	act on the scripts.						
AEF	Any Equivalent Form (of answer is equally acceptable	Se. Co.						
AG	Answer Given on the question paper (so extra checking is needed to ensure that the detailed working leading to the result is valid)							
BOD	Benefit of Doubt (allowed when the validity of a solution may not be absolutely clear)							
CAO	Correct Answer Only (emphasising that no "follow through" from a previous error is allowed)							
CWO	Correct Working Only – often written by a 'fortuitous' a	nswer						
ISW	Ignore Subsequent Working							
MR	Misread							
PA	Premature Approximation (resulting in basically correaccurate)	ct work that is insufficiently						
sos	See Other Solution (the candidate makes a better atte	mpt at the same question)						
SR	Special Ruling (detailing the mark to be given for a case where some standard marking practice is to	•						

### **Penalties**

particular circumstance)

- MR -1 A penalty of MR –1 is deducted from A or B marks when the data of a question or part question are genuinely misread and the object and difficulty of the question remain unaltered. In this case all A and B marks then become "follow through √" marks. MR is not applied when the candidate misreads his own figures - this is regarded as an error in accuracy. An MR -2 penalty may be applied in particular cases if agreed at the coordination meeting.
- PA -1 This is deducted from A or B marks in the case of premature approximation. The PA –1 penalty is usually discussed at the meeting.

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			3.
1	$\left(\frac{m}{2}\right)^2$	M1	$y = \frac{1}{2}x$ (attempt at linear equ with c = 0)
	$\left(\frac{m}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{2}$	M1	$y = \frac{1}{2}x  \text{(attempt at linear equ with c} = 0$ $\int_{0}^{m} (\frac{1}{2}x) dx = \frac{1}{2}$
	$m = \sqrt{2}$ or 1.41 (3 sfs)	A1 [3]	(Note: $\pm \sqrt{2}$ as final answer scores A0)
2	$H_0$ : Pop mean = 24.0 $H_1$ : Pop mean > 24.0	B1	Allow 'μ' but not just 'mean'
	$\frac{25-24}{\frac{4.8}{\sqrt{150}}}$	M1	Standardise, with $\sqrt{150}$ .  Ignore cc. Accept sd/var mixes.  OR find $x_{crit}$
	= $2.55(2)$ Comp $z = 2.054$ or $2.055$ Evidence that Hiergro has incr hts	A1 M1 A1ft [5]	For correct z or area or $x_{crit}$ Valid comparison (z values/areas/x values) Correct conclusion No contradictions (Note 2 tail test can score B0 M1 A1 M1 (z = 2.326) A1ft)
3	(i) Mean = 500 + 3 × 142 = 926 (cents)	B1	
	SD = 3 × 35 = 105 (cents)	M1 A1 [3]	Or $9 \times 35^2$ seen Accept $\sqrt{11025}$
	(ii) Mean = $6 \times '926' = 5556$ (cents) $6 \times '105'^2$ (= $66150$ ) (SD = $\sqrt{66150}$ ) = $257$ (cents) (3 sf)	B1ft M1 A1 [3]	or SD = $\sqrt{6} \times '105'$ . ft their (i) Accept $\sqrt{66150}$
4	(i) $P(X \le 1) = (0.75)^{20} + 20(0.75)^{19}(0.25)$ = 0.0243	M1 A1	Attempt correct expression
	$P(X \le 2) = (0.75)^{20} + 20(0.75)^{19}(0.25) + $ $^{20}C_2(0.75)^{18}(0.25)^2$ = 0.0913 or 0.0912	M1 A1	Attempt correct expression OR Find P(2) = 0.0669 or 0.0670
	Critical region is 0 or 1 pkt contain gift or < 2 pkts contain gift oe	A1 [5]	dep M1M1 & their P( $X \le 1$ ) < 0.05 < their P( $X \le 2$ ) (S.R. Use of Normal: N(5.3.75 <sup>2</sup> ) used B1 -1.645=( $x + 0.5 - 5$ )/ $\sqrt{3}$ .75 M1 $x < 1.31$ A1 (3/5))
	(ii) $P(Type I) = 0.0243 (3 sfs)$	B1ft [1]	ft their $P(X \le 1)$ dep < 0.05 ft Normal
	(iii) 2 is outside rej reg No evidence to reject claim	M1 A1ft [2]	or $P(X \le 2) > 0.05$ No contradictions

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			1		6
5	(i)	$\int_3^5 \frac{k}{x-1}  \mathrm{d}x = 1$	M1		Attempt integ $f(x)$ & '= 1' ignore limits  Correctly integrated; ignore limits  Subst of limits 3, 5
		$[k\ln(x-1)]\frac{5}{3} = 1$	A1		Correctly integrated; ignore limits
		$k(\ln 4 - \ln 2) = 1$ $k \ln 2 = 1$	M1 A1	[4]	Subst of limits 3, 5
		$(k = \frac{1}{\ln 2}  \mathbf{AG})$			No errors seen. No decimals seen
	(ii)	$\frac{1}{\ln 2} \int_3^x \frac{1}{x - 1} dx = 0.75$	M1*		Attempt integ $f(x)$ , unknown limit, & '= 0.75' or '= 0.25'
		$\frac{1}{\ln 2} \left[ \ln(x - 1) \right]_{3}^{x} = 0.75$			
		$\frac{1}{\ln 2} (\ln(x-1) - \ln 2) = 0.75$	A1		
		$\ln (x - 1) = (0.75 \times \ln 2 + \ln 2)$ $\ln (x - 1) = 1.75 \times \ln 2$			oe. Fully correct equn after subst limits
		$x-1 = 2^{1.75}$ or $x-1 = 3.36$ x = 4.36 (3 sfs)	M1 dep*	[4]	oe. Correct manipulation of logs to find x
6	(i)	Excludes children Excludes people without phones More than one person in some houses Some ex-directory	B1	[1]	or other implying directory excludes some people
	(ii)	$Var(p) = \frac{\frac{38}{200}(1 - \frac{38}{200})}{200}  (= 0.0007695)$	M1		
		z = 2.576	B1		Seen
		$\frac{38}{200} \pm z \sqrt{\frac{\frac{38}{200}(1 - \frac{38}{200})}{200}}$	M1		For correct form of CI
		0.119 to 0.261 (3 sfs)	A1	[4]	Accept 0.262 Must be an interval
	(iii)	$z \times \sqrt[4]{0.0007695} = 0.05$	M1		$z \times (\text{their sd of } p) = 0.05. \text{ Allow} = 0.1$
		z = 1.802 $\Phi('1.802')$ (= 0.9642)	A1 M1		Attempt $\Phi$ (their z) and find $2\Phi - 1$
		(`0.9642` - (1 - `0.9642`) = 0.9284) x = 93 (2  sfs)	A1	[4]	
7	(i)	$\lambda = 4.8$	B1		
		$E^{-4.8}(1 + 4.8 + \frac{4.8^2}{2!} + \frac{4.8^3}{3!})$ = 0.294 (3 sfs)	M1 A1	[3]	$P(R = 0, 1, 2 \text{ or } 3)$ , their $\lambda$ allow one end error
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(ii) $e^{-\lambda} \times \frac{\lambda^4}{4!} = \frac{16}{3} e^{-\lambda} \times \frac{\lambda^2}{2!}$ $\frac{\lambda^2}{12} = \frac{16}{3}$ $(\lambda = 8)$ $\lambda = 1.6n$ seen or implied $n = `8' \div 1.6$ = 5	or better	M1 A1 B1 A1	[4]	$\lambda = 1.6n \text{ seen or implied}$ $e^{-1.6n} \times \frac{(1.6n)^4}{4!} = \frac{16}{3} e^{1.6n} \times \frac{(1.6n)^2}{2!}$ $\frac{(1.6n)^2}{12} = \frac{16}{3} \text{ or better}$ $(1.6n = 8)$ $n = 5$	Bi Mi Mi Ai Ai	M
(iii) $T \sim N(64, 64)$ $\frac{75.5 - 64}{\sqrt{64}}$ $1 - \Phi(1.4375')$ = 0.0753 to 0.0754	(= 1.4375) (= 1 – 0.9247)	B1 M1 M1 A1	[4]	May be implied Allow with wrong or no cc. No sd Finding correct area consistent wir working		L