

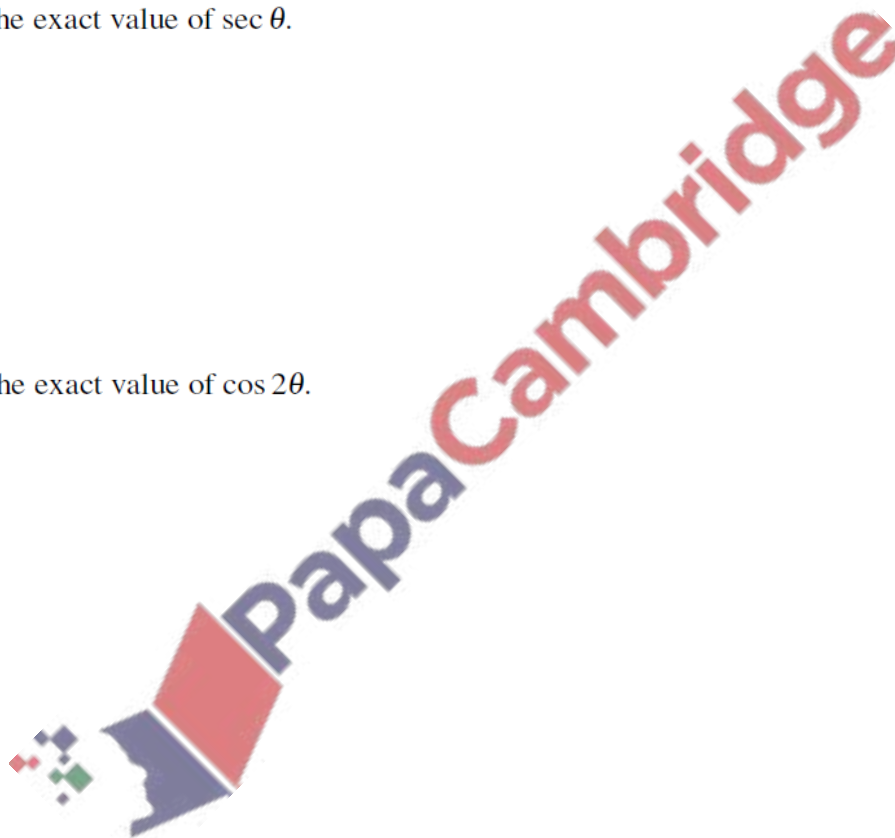
1. Nov/2020/Paper_9709/21/No.6

It is given that $3 \sin 2\theta = \cos \theta$ where θ is an angle such that $0^\circ < \theta < 90^\circ$.

(a) Find the exact value of $\sin \theta$. [2]

(b) Find the exact value of $\sec \theta$. [2]

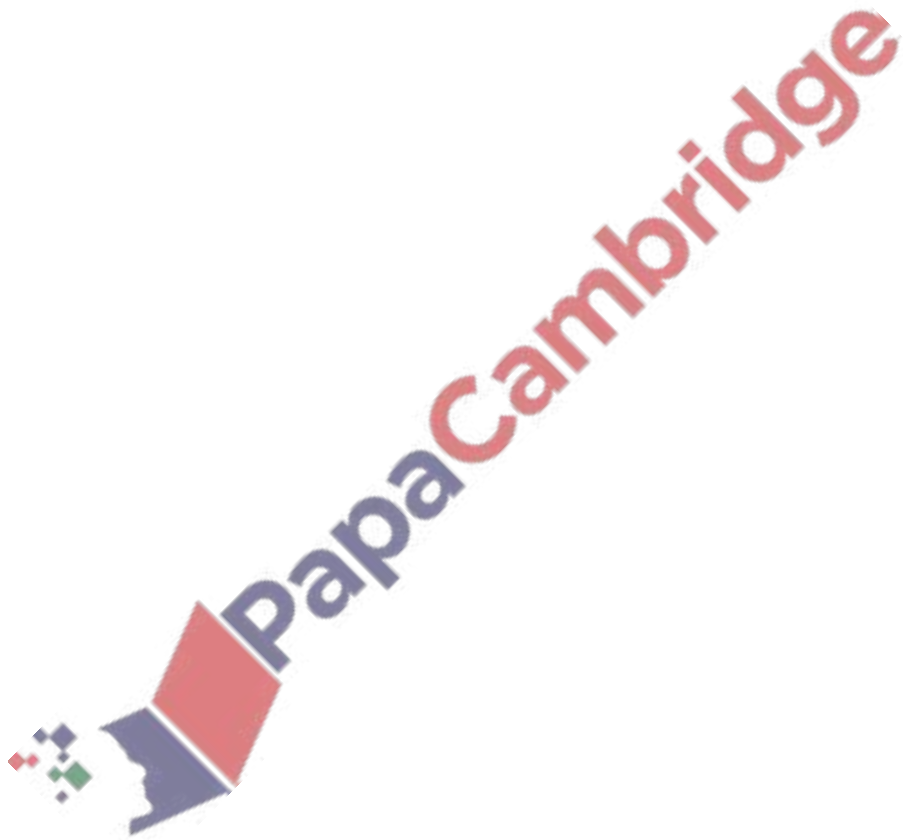
(c) Find the exact value of $\cos 2\theta$. [2]



2. Nov/2020/Paper_9709/22/No.1

Solve the equation $7 \cot \theta = 3 \operatorname{cosec} \theta$ for $0^\circ < \theta < 90^\circ$.

[3]



(a) Prove that

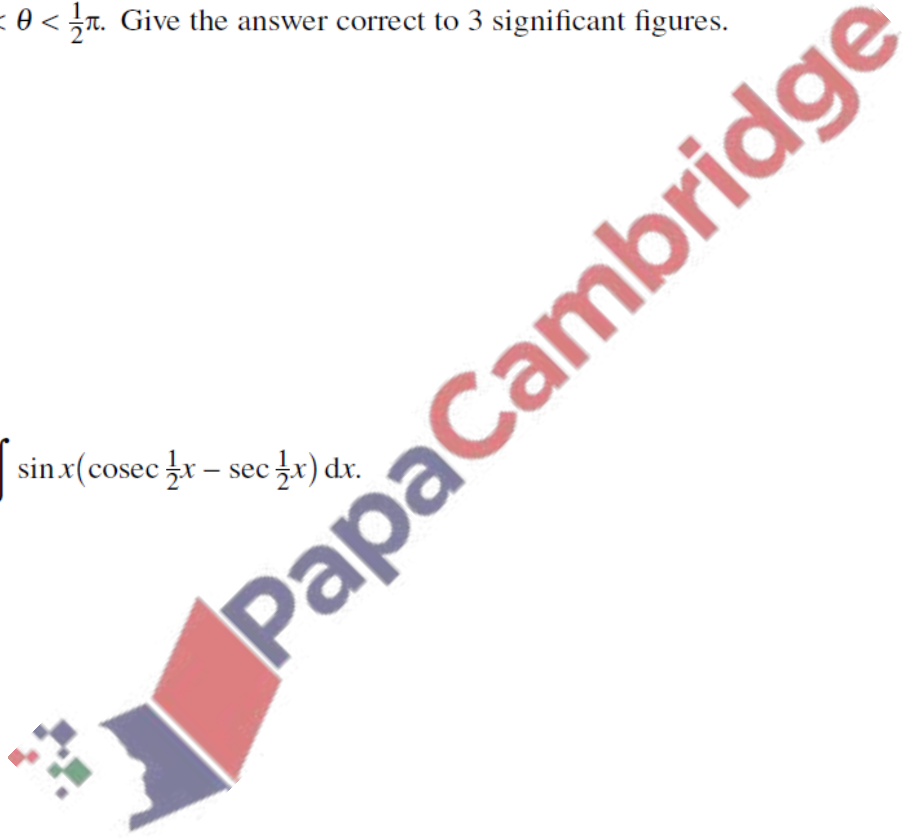
$$\sin 2\theta(\operatorname{cosec} \theta - \sec \theta) \equiv \sqrt{8} \cos\left(\theta + \frac{1}{4}\pi\right). \quad [5]$$

(b) Solve the equation

$$\sin 2\theta(\operatorname{cosec} \theta - \sec \theta) = 1$$

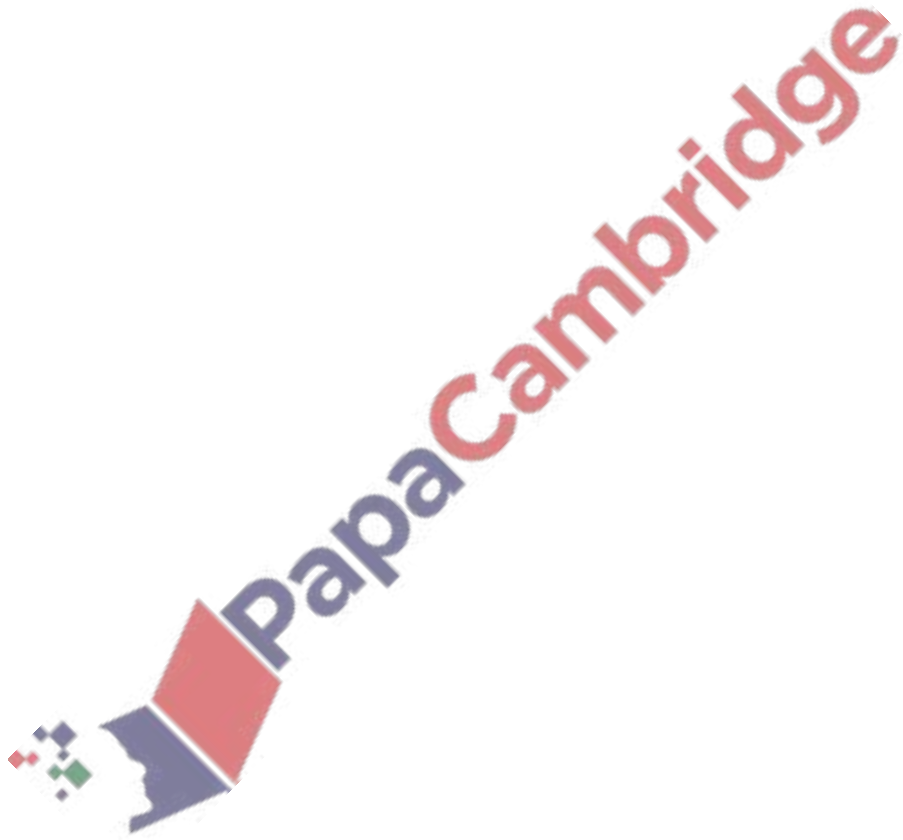
for $0 < \theta < \frac{1}{2}\pi$. Give the answer correct to 3 significant figures. [2]

(c) Find $\int \sin x(\operatorname{cosec} \frac{1}{2}x - \sec \frac{1}{2}x) dx$. [3]



(a) Show that $3 \sin 2\theta \cot \theta \equiv 6 \cos^2 \theta$. [2]

(b) Solve the equation $3 \sin 2\theta \cot \theta = 5$ for $0 < \theta < \pi$. [3]



Solve the equation $2 \sin(\theta + 30^\circ) + 5 \cos \theta = 2 \sin \theta$ for $0^\circ < \theta < 90^\circ$.

[4]

