<u>Trigonometry – 2023 June A2 Math 9709</u>

1.	June	/2023/Paper_9709/21/No.7
	(a)	Express $7 \cos \theta + 24 \sin \theta$ in the form $R \cos(\theta - \alpha)$, where $R > 0$ and $0^{\circ} < \alpha < 90^{\circ}$. Give the value of α correct to 2 decimal places. [3]
	(b)	Solve the equation $7\cos\theta + 24\sin\theta = 18$ for $0^\circ < \theta < 360^\circ$. [4]

(c) As β varies, the greatest possible value of

$$\frac{150}{7\cos\frac{1}{2}\beta + 24\sin\frac{1}{2}\beta + 50}$$

is denoted by V.

Find the value of V and determine the smallest positive value of β (in degrees) for which the value of V occurs. [4]

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2. June/2023/Paper_9709/22/No.1

Use logarithms to solve the equation $12^x = 3^{2x+1}$. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures. [4]
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3. June/2023/Paper_9709/22/No.6(a, b) (a) Show that $4\sin(\theta + \frac{1}{3}\pi)\cos(\theta - \frac{1}{3}\pi) \equiv \sqrt{3} + 2\sin 2\theta$. [4] (**b**) Find the exact value of $4\sin\frac{17}{24}\pi\cos\frac{1}{24}\pi$. [2]