

1. Nov/2023/Paper_9709/21/No.4

(a) Sketch, on the same diagram, the graphs of $y = |3x - 5|$ and $y = 2x + 7$. [2]

(b) Solve the equation $|3x - 5| = 2x + 7$. [3]

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(c) Hence solve the equation $|3^{y+1} - 5| = 2 \times 3^y + 7$, giving your answer correct to 3 significant figures. [2]

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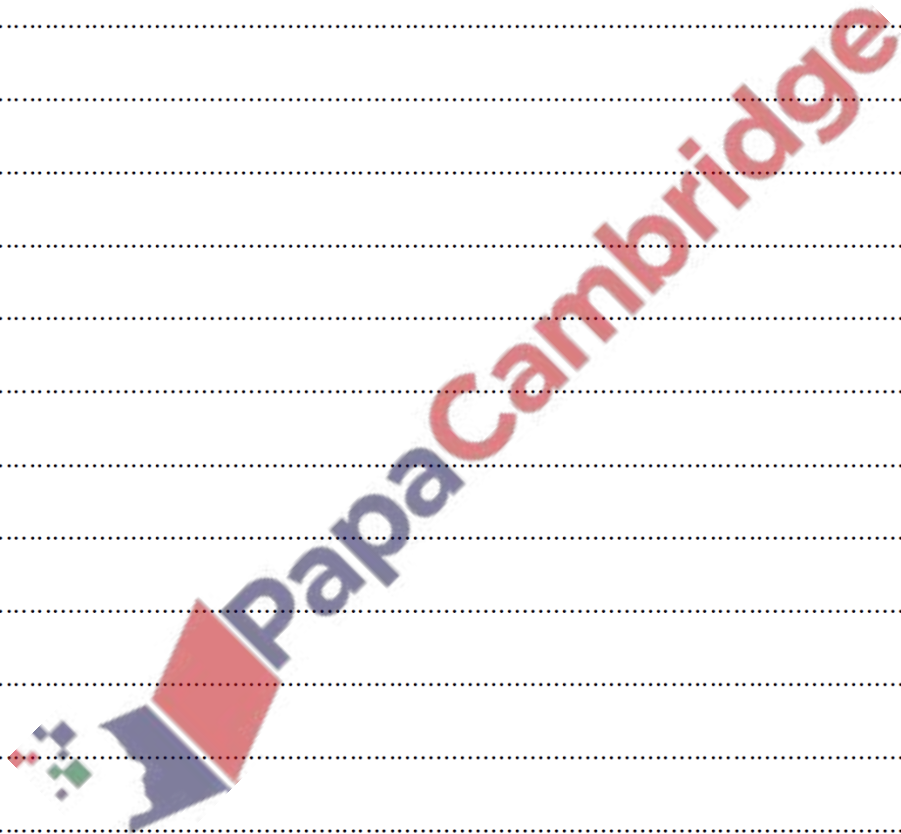
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(b) Hence factorise $p(x)$, and determine the exact roots of the equation $p(3x) = 0$.

[4]



When the polynomial

$$ax^3 + 4ax^2 - 7x - 5$$

is divided by $(x + 2)$, the remainder is 33.

Find the value of the constant a .

[2]

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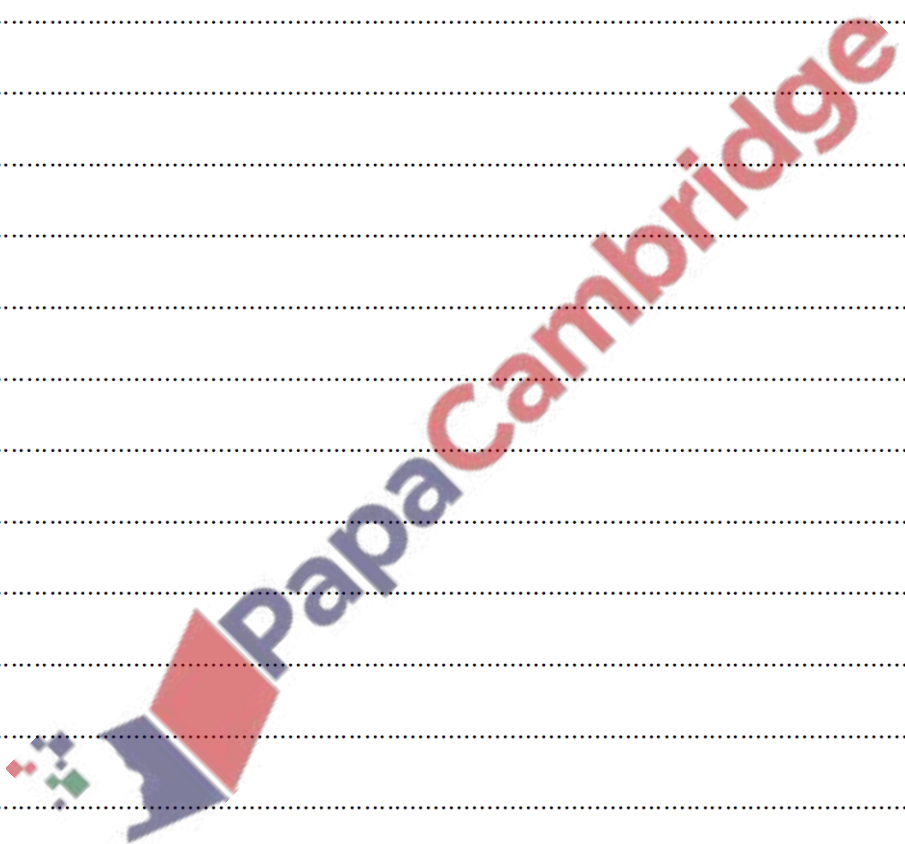
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(a) Sketch, on the same diagram, the graphs of $y = |3 - x|$ and $y = 9 - 2x$. [2]

(b) Solve the inequality $|3 - x| > 9 - 2x$. [3]

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(c) Use logarithms to solve the inequality $2^{3x-10} < 500$. Give your answer in the form $x < a$, where the value of a is given correct to 3 significant figures. [3]

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(d) List the integers that satisfy both of the inequalities $|3 - x| > 9 - 2x$ and $2^{3x-10} < 500$. [1]

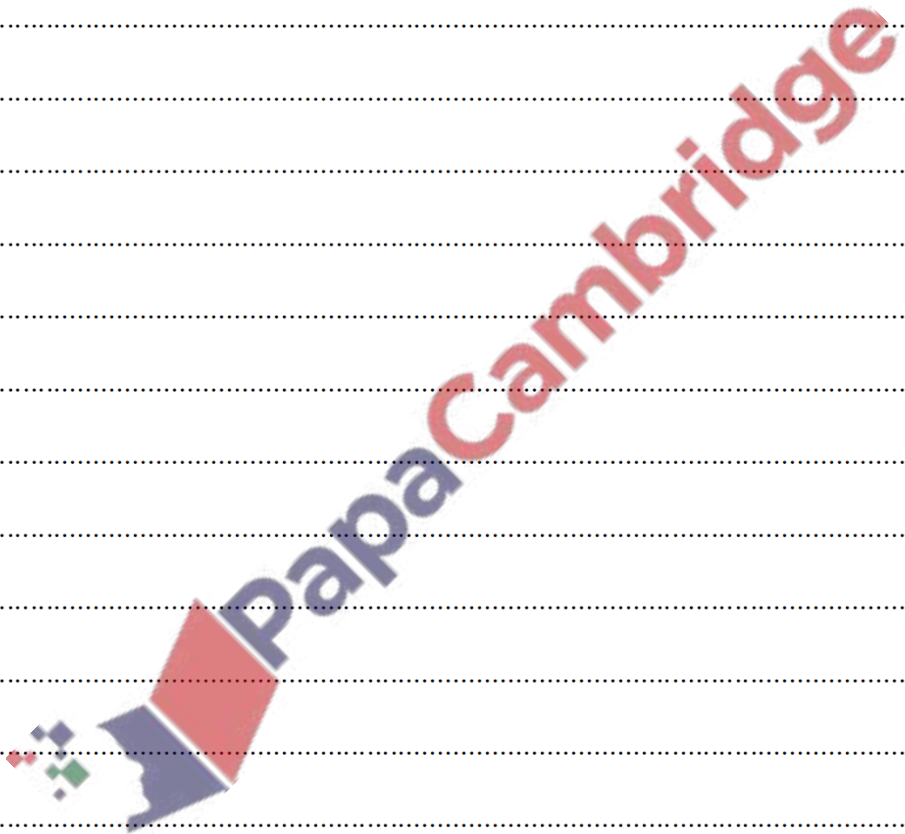
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$$\text{Let } f(x) = \frac{24x + 13}{(1 - 2x)(2 + x)^2}.$$

(a) Express $f(x)$ in partial fractions.

[5]

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(a) Sketch the graph of $y = |4x - 2|$.

[1]

(b) Solve the inequality $1 + 3x < |4x - 2|$.

[4]

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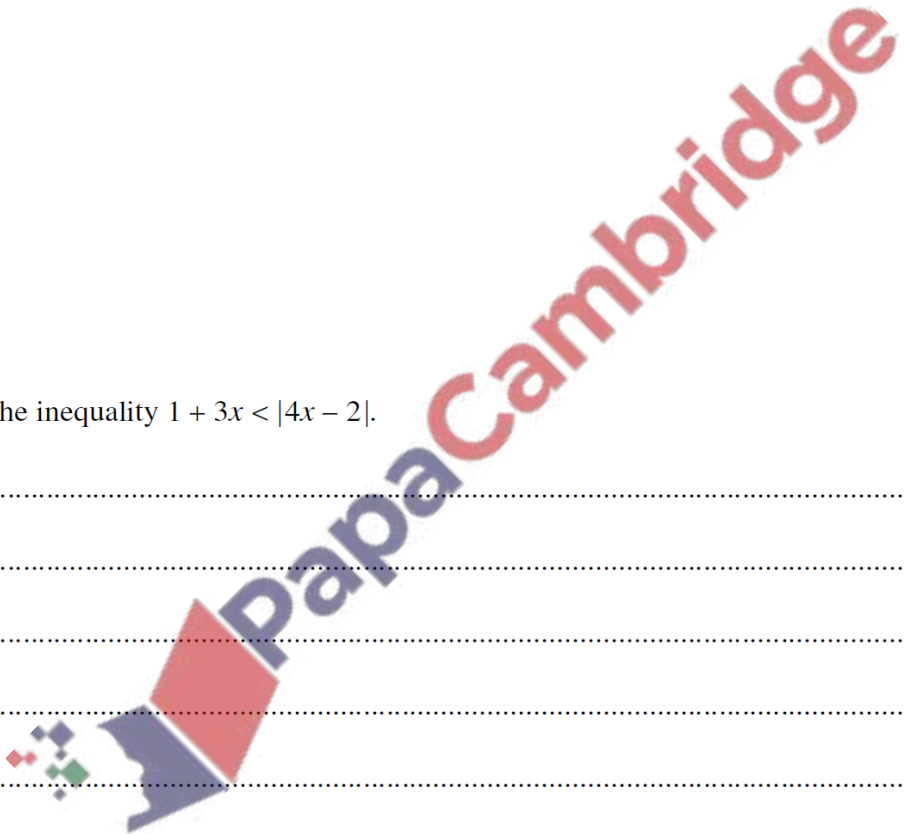
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The polynomial $2x^3 + ax^2 - 11x + b$ is denoted by $p(x)$. It is given that $p(x)$ is divisible by $(2x - 1)$ and that when $p(x)$ is divided by $(x + 1)$ the remainder is 12.

Find the values of a and b .

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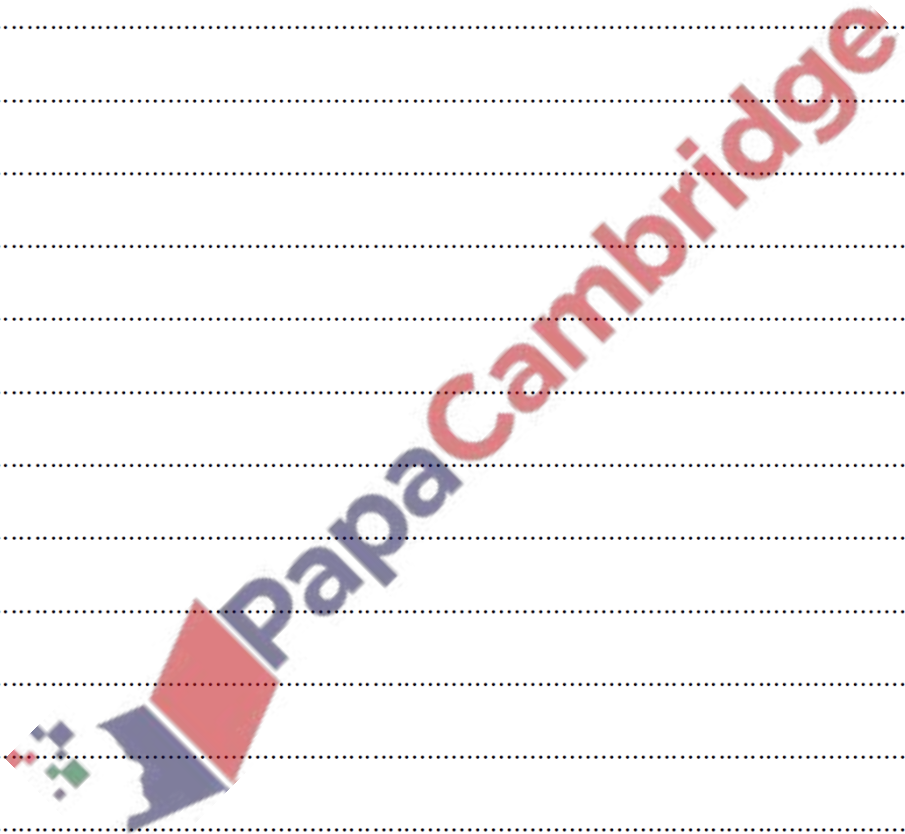
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The polynomial $2x^3 + ax^2 + bx + 6$, where a and b are constants, is denoted by $p(x)$. When $p(x)$ is divided by $(x + 2)$ the remainder is -38 and when $p(x)$ is divided by $(2x - 1)$ the remainder is $\frac{19}{2}$.

Find the values of a and b . [5]

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