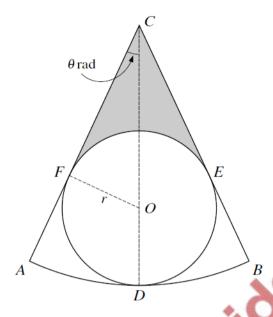
Circular Measure - 2020 AS

1. Nov/2020/Paper_9709/11/No.10



The diagram shows a sector CAB which is part of a circle with centre C. A circle with centre O and radius r lies within the sector and touches it at D, E and F, where COD is a straight line and angle ACD is θ radians.

(a) Find CD in terms of r and $\sin \theta$.

[3]

It is now given that r = 4 and $\theta = \frac{1}{6}\pi$

(b) Find the perimeter of sector CAB in terms of π .

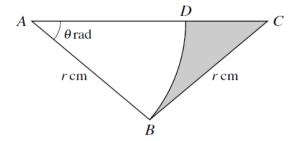
[3]



(c) Find the area of the shaded region in terms of π and $\sqrt{3}$.

[4]

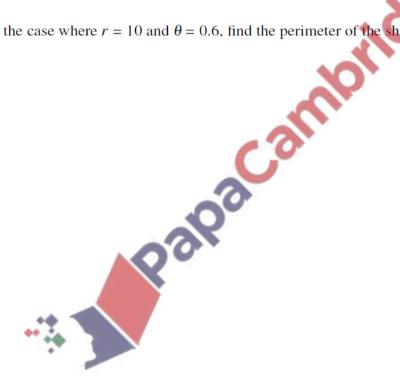
Nov/2020/Paper_9709/12/No.8



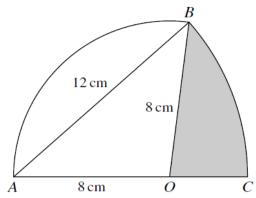
In the diagram, ABC is an isosceles triangle with AB = BC = r cm and angle $BAC = \theta$ radians. The point D lies on AC and ABD is a sector of a circle with centre A.

[3] (a) Express the area of the shaded region in terms of r and θ .

(b) In the case where r = 10 and $\theta = 0.6$, find the perimeter of the shaded region. [4]



Nov/2020/Paper_9709/13/No.9



In the diagram, arc AB is part of a circle with centre O and radius 8 cm. Arc BC is part of a circle Palpa Califilation have with centre A and radius 12 cm, where AOC is a straight line.

(a) Find angle BAO in radians.

[2]

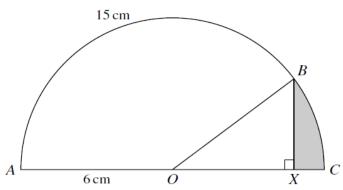
(b) Find the area of the shaded region.

[4]

(c) Find the perimeter of the shaded region.

[3]

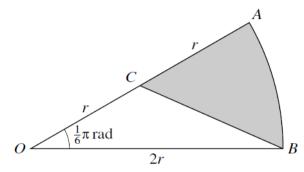
4. June/2020/Paper_9709/11/No.8



In the diagram, ABC is a semicircle with diameter AC, centre O and radius 6 cm. The length of the arc AB is 15 cm. The point X lies on AC and BX is perpendicular to AX.

Find the perimeter of the shaded region BXC. [6]

June/2020/Paper_9709/12/No.7

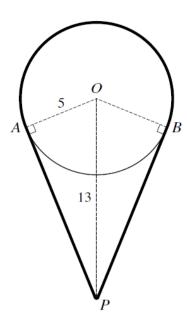


In the diagram, OAB is a sector of a circle with centre O and radius 2r, and angle $AOB = \frac{1}{6}\pi$ radians. The point C is the midpoint of OA.

- on. (a) Show that the exact length of BC is $r\sqrt{5-2\sqrt{3}}$. [2]
- (b) Find the exact perimeter of the shaded region. [2]

(c) Find the exact area of the shaded region. [3]

June/2020/Paper_9709/13/No.5



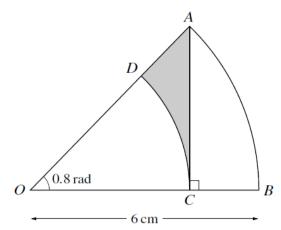
The diagram shows a cord going around a pulley and a pin. The pulley is modelled as a circle with centre O and radius 5 cm. The thickness of the cord and the size of the pin P can be neglected. The pin is situated 13 cm vertically below O. Points A and B are on the circumference of the circle such Palparali that AP and BP are tangents to the circle. The cord passes over the major arc AB of the circle and under the pin such that the cord is taut.

Calculate the length of the cord.





7. March/2020/Paper_9709/12/No.7



The diagram shows a sector AOB which is part of a circle with centre O and radius $6 \, \text{cm}$ and with Palpacalitical angle $\overrightarrow{AOB} = 0.8$ radians. The point C on \overrightarrow{OB} is such that AC is perpendicular to OB. The arc CD is part of a circle with centre O, where D lies on OA.

Find the area of the shaded region. [6]

