# Newton's laws of motion-2023 AS Mathematics 9709

1. Nov/2023/Paper\_9709/42/No.4

A particle *P* of mass 0.2 kg lies at rest on a rough horizontal plane. A horizontal force of 1.2 N is applied to *P*.

(a) Given that P is in limiting equilibrium, find the coefficient of friction between P and the plane.

[3]

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(b)	Given instead that the coefficient of friction between $P$ and the plane is 0.3, find the distance travelled by $P$ in the third second of its motion. [4]

### 2. Nov/2023/Paper\_9709/42/No.6

A railway engine of mass 120 000 kg is towing a coach of mass 60 000 kg up a straight track inclined at an angle of  $\alpha$  to the horizontal where sin  $\alpha = 0.02$ . There is a light rigid coupling, parallel to the track, connecting the engine and coach. The driving force produced by the engine is 125000N and there are constant resistances to motion of 22000 N on the engine and 13000 N on the coach.

(a) Find the acceleration of the engine and find the tension in the coupling. [5] . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 

At an instant when the engine is travelling at  $30 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ , it comes to a section of track inclined upwards at an angle  $\beta$  to the horizontal. The power produced by the engine is now 4500000 W and, as a result, the engine maintains a constant speed.

[4]

(b) Assuming that the resistance forces remain unchanged, find the value of  $\beta$ .

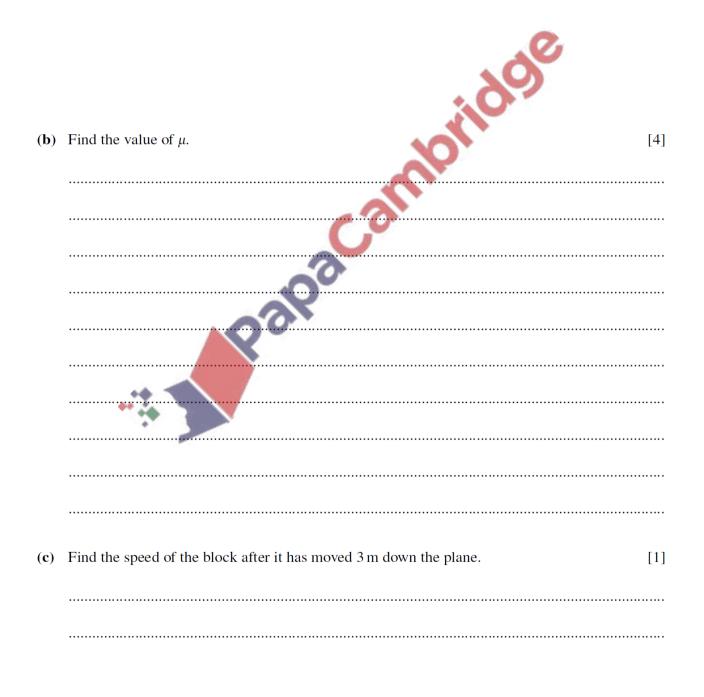
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## 3. Nov/2023/Paper\_9709/43/No.3

A block of mass 8 kg slides down a rough plane inclined at 30° to the horizontal, starting from rest. The coefficient of friction between the block and the plane is  $\mu$ . The block accelerates uniformly down the plane at 2.4 m s<sup>-2</sup>.

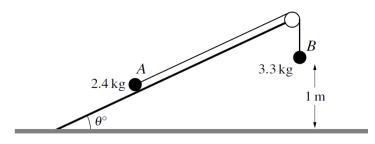
[1]

(a) Draw a diagram showing the forces acting on the block.



#### **4.** Nov/2023/Paper\_9709/43/No.7

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Particles *A* and *B*, of masses 2.4 kg and 3.3 kg respectively, are connected by a light inextensible string that passes over a smooth pulley which is fixed to the top of a rough plane. The plane makes an angle of  $\theta^{\circ}$  with horizontal ground. Particle *A* is on the plane and the section of the string between *A* and the pulley is parallel to a line of greatest slope of the plane. Particle *B* hangs vertically below the pulley and is 1 m above the ground (see diagram). The coefficient of friction between the plane and *A* is  $\mu$ .

(a) It is given that $\theta = 30$ and the system is in equilibrium with A on the point of moving directly t the plane.	лb
Show that $\mu = 1.01$ correct to 3 significant figures. [.	5]
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(b) It is given instead that  $\theta = 20$  and  $\mu = 1.01$ . The system is released from rest with the string taut.

Find the total distance travelled by A before coming to instantaneous rest. You may assume that A does not reach the pulley and that B remains at rest after it hits the ground. [8]

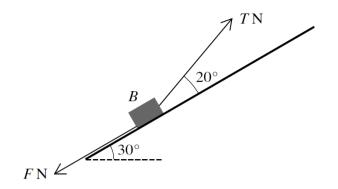
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## 5. March/2023/Paper\_9709/42/No.4

A toy railway locomotive of mass 0.8 kg is towing a truck of mass 0.4 kg on a straight horizontal track at a constant speed of  $2 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ . There is a constant resistance force of magnitude 0.2 N on the locomotive, but no resistance force on the truck. There is a light rigid horizontal coupling connecting the locomotive and the truck.

<b>(a)</b>	State the tension in the coupling. [1]
(b)	Find the power produced by the locomotive's engine. [1]
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The	power produced by the locomotive's engine is now changed to 1.2 W.
(c)	Find the magnitude of the tension in the coupling at the instant that the locomotive begins to accelerate. [5]

6. March/2023/Paper\_9709/42/No.6



A block B, of mass 2 kg, lies on a rough inclined plane sloping at  $30^{\circ}$  to the horizontal. A light rope, inclined at an angle of  $20^{\circ}$  above a line of greatest slope, is attached to B. The tension in the rope is T N. There is a friction force of F N acting on B (see diagram). The coefficient of friction between *B* and the plane is  $\mu$ .

- ne pla (a) It is given that F = 5 and that the acceleration of B up the plane is  $1.2 \text{ ms}^2$ 
  - (i) Find the value of T.

(ii) Find the value of  $\mu$ .

[3]

[3]

(b) It is given instead that  $\mu = 0.8$  and T = 15.

Determine whether *B* will move up the plane.

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