

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Level

Original Control

PHYSICAL SCIENCE

8780/03

Paper 3

For Examination from 2011

SPECIMEN MARK SCHEME

Duration

MAXIMUM MARK: 80

 \rightarrow 10 × 159 / 221 = 7.2 g (7.19)

.: 10

(iv) E is copper; F is Fe²⁺ / Fe SO4

(v) redox/displacement

Fe + $Cu^{2+} \rightarrow Fe^{2+}$ + Cu (or full equation)

[Total: 13]

[1]

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www.PapaCambridge.com 4 (a) either phase difference is π rad / 180° or path difference (between waves from S_1 and S_2) is $\frac{1}{2}\lambda$ or $(n + \frac{1}{2})\lambda$ either same amplitude / intensity at M or ratio of amplitudes is 1.28 / ratio of intensities is 1.28 **(b)** path difference between waves from S_1 and S_2 = 28 cm [1] wavelength changes from 33 cm to 8.25 cm [1] minimum when $\lambda = (56 \text{ cm},) 18.7 \text{ cm}, 11.2 \text{ cm}, (8.0 \text{ cm})$ [1] so two minima [1] [Total: 6] 5 (a) (i) CH₂=CH–CH₂CH₂CH₃ / pent-1-ene accept C₃H₇ on RHS [1] (ii) 8 [1] (b) (i) e.g. $C_{40}H_{82} \rightarrow C_{16}H_{34} + 2 C_{12}H_{24}$ OR $C_{40}H_{82} \rightarrow C_{16}H_{34} + C_{24}H_{48}$ etc [1] (ii) heat + catalysts/SiO₂/Al₂O₃/Pt/ceramic/pumice/zeolite etc. If temp given >500 °C [1] $= 1400 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ (iii) bonds broken: $4(C-C) = 4 \times 350$ bond formed: $2(C=C) = 2 \times 610$ $= 1220 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ $\Delta H = +180 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ [1] from eqn in (a)(i): +90 kJ mol⁻¹ for each C=C formed (could be multiples of 90) (iv) endothermic reactions $\Delta H > 0$ [1] [Total: 6] 6 (a) $N_2 + 3H_2 \rightleftharpoons 2NH_3$ exothermic [1] **(b)** pressure. 5O atm / 50000 Pa/N m⁻³ upwards; [2] temp 400-600 °C; catalyst of iron (1 mark for 2 correct; 2 marks for all 3 conditions correctly stated) (c) too high a temp and equilibrium favours LHS, less ammonia at equilibrium [1] too low a temp, rate too slow/not enough molecules have E_a [1] (d) excess (hence uncontrolled) nitrates leach out of fields into streams, seas (1) bacteria or algae grow fast/use oxygen/clog up water (1) balance destroyed/fish unable to live (1)

process called eutrification (1)

[Total: 7]

[2]

any 2

- 7 (a) (i) arrow in upward direction, foot near P
 - (ii) curved path, consistent with (i) between plates then straight (with no kink at change-over)

(b) (i)
$$F = E q$$

= $5.0 \times 10^4 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$
= $8.0 \times 10^{-15} N$

(ii)
$$a = F/m$$

= $(8.0 \times 10^{-15})/(9.1 \times 10^{-31})$
= $8.8 \times 10^{15} \text{ m s}^{-2}$

8 (a) use of either
$$P = VI$$
 and $V = IR$ or $P = V^2 / R$ resistance = 38.4 Ω

(ii) ketone

9 (a) (i) orange ppt allow red to yellow/crystals or solid

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[Total: 7]

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[Total: 7]

[1]

[Total: 6]

www.PapaCambridge.com 10 (a) (i) energy/enthalpy change when 1 mol of a compound is formed from its element at 298 K / 25°C and 100 kP / 1 atm

(ii)
$$H_2(g) + \frac{1}{2} O_2(g) \downarrow H_2O(l)$$

(b) (i) Ca +
$$2H_2O \rightarrow Ca(OH)_2 + H_2$$
 [1]

(ii) heat released =
$$mc\Delta T$$

= 200 × 4.2 × 12.2 = 10.25 kJ [1]

(iii)
$$\Delta H = (-10.25) \div 1.00 / 40.1 = -411 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} \text{ sign necessary}$$

for ecf, $\Delta H_{\text{reacn}} = 40.1 \times [\text{answer to } (\mathbf{b})(\mathbf{ii})]$ [1]

(iv)
$$V = nRT/P$$
 [1]
= $\frac{(1/40.1) \times 8.31 \times 300}{5}$ 6.22 × 10⁻⁴ m³

allow ecf on error in moles of Ca in (b)(iii) and on error in equation in (b)(i)

[Total: 8]

11 (a) rate of decay/activity/decay (of nucleus) is not affected by external factors (If states specific factor(s), such as temperature/pressure/chemical bonding rather than giving general statement above, then give 2 marks for two stated factors, but 1 mark only if one factor stated)

(b) (i) gamma/
$$\gamma$$
 [1]

(ii)
$$alpha/\alpha$$
 [1]

(iii) gamma/
$$\gamma$$
 [1]

[Total: 5]

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