

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

## 9277 PHYSICS (US)

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9277/35

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2015 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>®</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

| Page 2 |            | Mark Scheme Sy. Sy.  |     |  |
|--------|------------|--|-----|--|
|        |            | Cambridge International AS/A Level – May/June 2015 927   |     |  |
| (a)    | (ii)       | Value of x to the nearest mm with unit, and in range $25.0 \text{ cm} < x < 35.0 \text{ cm}$ .   | 26. |  |
| (b)    | (ii)       | Mark SchemeSy.Cambridge International AS/A Level – May/June 2015927Value of x to the nearest mm with unit, and in range $25.0 \text{ cm} < x < 35.0 \text{ cm}$ .Values of $V_1$ and $V_2$ in range $0.100 \text{ V} - 2.500 \text{ V}$ with unit. Ignore negative sign(s).  | 102 |  |
| (c)    | Mir        | sets of readings of x, $V_1$ and $V_2$ scores 5 marks, five sets scores 4 marks etc.<br>for help from supervisor –1, major help –2.<br>onsistent trend –1 (correct trend is $V_2$ increases and $V_1$ decreases as x increases).   | [5] |  |
|        |            | nge:<br>nge of values of <i>x</i> > 60.0 cm.   | [1] |  |
|        | Eac<br>The | tumn headings:<br>th column heading must contain a quantity and a unit where appropriate.<br>The presentation of quantity and unit must conform to accepted scientific convention<br>. $x/m$ and $V_2/V_1$ (no unit).  | [1] |  |
|        |            | nsistency:<br>values of raw <i>V</i> must be given to 0.001 V.   | [1] |  |
|        | The        | nificant figures:<br>a number of significant figures for $V_2/V_1$ must be the same as (or one more than) the<br>st number of significant figures in the corresponding values of $V_2$ and $V_1$ .   | [1] |  |
|        |            | culated values: $V_1$ calculated correctly to the number of s.f. given by the candidate.   | [1] |  |
| (d)    | (i)        | Axes:<br>Sensible scales must be used. Awkward scales (e.g. $3:10$ ) are not allowed.<br>Scales must be chosen so that the plotted points occupy at least half the graph<br>grid in both <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions.<br>Scales must be labelled with the quantity that is being plotted.<br>Scale markings should be no more than three large squares apart. | [1] |  |
|        |            | Plotting:<br>All observations must be plotted.<br>Diameter of plotted points must be < half a small square (no "blobs").<br>Plotted points must be accurate to within half a small square.   | [1] |  |
|        |            | Quality:<br>All points in the table must be plotted on the grid for this mark to be awarded.<br>All points must be $\pm$ 0.025 (to scale) on the $V_2/V_1$ axis of a straight line.  | [1] |  |
|        | (ii)       | Line of best fit:<br>Judge by balance of all points on the grid about the candidate's line (at least 5<br>points). There must be an even distribution of points either side of the line along<br>the full length. Allow one anomalous point only if clearly indicated by the<br>candidate.   | [1] |  |

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| Pa | ige 3    | 3     | Mark Scheme Sy 7 Sy 7   | ber        |
|    | <u> </u> |       | Cambridge International AS/A Level – May/June 2015 927  |            |
|    |          | (iii) | Mark SchemeSy.Cambridge International AS/A Level – May/June 2015927Gradient:<br>The hypotenuse of the triangle must be greater than half the length of the drawn in<br>The method of calculation must be correct.<br>Both read-offs must be accurate to half a small square in both the x and y directions.                   | Abridge co |
|    |          |       | <i>y</i> -intercept:<br>Either:<br>Check correct read-off from a point on the line and substituted into $y = mx + c$ .<br>Read-offs must be accurate to half a small square in both <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions.<br>Or:<br>Check read-off of the intercept directly from the graph<br>(accurate to half a small square). | [1]        |
|    | (e)      |       | ue of $A = 15 \times candidate's gradient and value of B = 10/candidate's y-intercept. not allow fractions or final answer to 1 s.f.$   | [1]        |
|    |          | Uni   | ts for A ( $\Omega$ m <sup>-1</sup> or $\Omega$ cm <sup>-1</sup> or $\Omega$ mm <sup>-1</sup> ) and B( $\Omega$ ) dimensionally correct.  | [1]        |
| 2  | (c)      | (i)   | Value of raw $\theta$ to the nearest degree, with unit, in range $\theta$ < 90°.  | [1]        |
|    |          | (ii)  | Percentage uncertainty in $\theta$ based on absolute uncertainty of 2 to 5°, and correct method of calculation.   |            |
|    |          |       | If repeated readings have been taken, then the uncertainty can be half the range (but not zero) if the working is clearly shown.  | [1]        |
|    |          | (iii) | Correct calculation of cos ( $\theta/2$ ) correct to 2 s.f.   | [1]        |
|    | (d)      | (ii)  | Value of $T_1$ with unit and in range 0.5s < $T_1$ < 1.5s.  | [1]        |
|    |          |       | Evidence of repeats here or in (e)(ii) or (f)(ii).  | [1]        |
|    | (e)      | (ii)  | Value of $T_2$ with unit in range 0.5s < $T_2$ < 1.5s.  | [1]        |
|    | (f)      | (ii)  | Second value of $\theta$ .  | [1]        |
|    |          |       | Second values of $T_1$ and $T_2$ .  | [1]        |
|    |          |       | Second value of $T_1$ > first value of $T_1$<br>and   |            |
|    |          |       | Second value of $T_2$ < first value of $T_2$ .  | [1]        |
|    | (g)      | (i)   | Two values of <i>k</i> calculated correctly.  | [1]        |
|    |          | (ii)  | Correct justification of s.f. in <i>k</i> linked to s.f. in $\theta$ and $T_1$ and $T_2$ (or $\theta$ and raw times) [but not $\cos(\theta/2)$ ].   | [1]        |
|    |          | (iii) | Sensible comment relating to the calculated values of <i>k</i> , testing against a criterion specified by the candidate.  | [1]        |

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| Pa  | ge 4  |  | k Scheme<br>Il AS/A Level – May/June 2015   | Syl App per<br>927 App per  |
|-----|---|--|---|---|
| (h) | (i) Lin   | nitations (4 max.)   | (ii) Improvements (4 max.)  | Do not credit   |
| A   | Two readings not enough to draw a valid conclusion  |  | Take many readings for different<br>angles <u>and</u> plot a graph/<br>take more readings and<br>compare <i>k</i> values  | Sy. per<br>927<br>Do not credit<br>"repeat readings"/<br>"few readings" |
|     | Difficult to measure <u>angle</u> with<br>reason e.g. hand shakes/curve at<br>bottom/position of zero<br>uncertain/parallax/rod gets in the<br>way/thick string/holding protractor<br>without a stand |  | Trace on a card/use graph<br>paper/project onto screen <u>and</u><br>measure angle/use<br>trigonometry/take photo and<br>measure angle/clamp protractor<br>Use thinner string                                     |   |
|     | string  | ult to maintain gap (between<br>is or stands) or angle <u>with</u><br>o <u>n</u> e.g. stands move/string                           | Method to prevent movement of<br>stands e.g. G clamp<br>stands/mark positions of stands<br>on bench<br>Make indentations around/in the<br>rod(s) so the strings do not<br>slide/method of fixing string to<br>rod |   |
|     |   | ment of rod not confined to<br>anted oscillation/rod rotating  | Electromagnetic release   | Fans/air conditioning   |
|     | e.g. h<br>short<br>few/fr<br>(loses   | ult to obtain time with reason<br>high damping/time too<br>/no. of oscillations too<br>riction between string and rod<br>s energy) | Video with timer/frame by frame<br>Longer rod/longer string/heavier<br>rod  |   |
| F   | -   | e uncertainty in time  | Count to  |   |
|     |   | est point of oscillation   | middle/fiducial/reference marker<br>at middle   |   |