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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the June 2005 question paper

9702 PHYSICS

9702/05

Paper 5 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. This shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the Report on the Examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the June 2005 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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Grade thresholds for Syllabus 9702 (Physics) in the June 2005 examination.

	maximum mark available	minimum mark required for grade:			
		А	В	Е	
Component 5	30	24	22	14	

The thresholds (minimum marks) for Grades C and D are normally set by dividing the mark range between the B and the E thresholds into three. For example, if the difference between the B and the E threshold is 24 marks, the C threshold is set 8 marks below the B threshold and the D threshold is set another 8 marks down. If dividing the interval by three results in a fraction of a mark, then the threshold is normally rounded down.

June 2005

GCE A LEVEL

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 30

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 9702/05

PHYSICS
Paper 5 (Practical Test)

F	Page 1		Syllabus		
		A LEVEL – JUNE 2005	9702		
(b)	(ii)	Repeats of raw time			
(c)		Repeats of raw time Readings Write the number of readings as a ringed total by the results table. 6 sets of readings scores 1 mark. Do not award this mark if wrong trend or no trend. Check a value for lg(T/s) and a value for lg(d/m). Underline checked values. Ignore small rounding errors. Allow d in cm. Tick if correct; 1 mark each. If incorrect then write in correct value. Ln loses one mark only. If no value for N then the mark for lg(T/s) cannot be scored. If minor help is given, then -1. If excessive help is given then -2. Please indicate when help has been given to a candidate by writing SR at the top of the front page of the candidate's script. Also, please indicate the type of help that has been given by writing a brief comment by the table of results.			
		At least two readings > 10 s			
		Column headings There must be some distinguishing mark betwee unit. Please ✓ each correct column heading to show the Ignore the column headings for Ig(T/s) and Ig(d/m)	nat it has been seen.		
		Consistency of raw readings in the table of results Apply to d and raw times only. Expect to see raw times to either 0.01 s or 0.1 s. Expect to see all the values of d given to the near Indicate using $\checkmark_{\mathbb{C}}$ at the foot of each column of raw	est millimetre.		
(d)	(i)	Axes Each axis must be labelled with a quantity. Scales must be such that the plotted points occup grid in both the <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions. Do not a squares between scale markings. Do not allow 3:10, 6:10, 7:10, etc.). Do not award this mark if the axes are inverted but ecf.	illow more than 3 larg w awkward scales (e.ç		
		Plotting of points Count the number of plots on the grid and write tring it.	his value by the line an		

Do not allow plots in the margin area.

1

The number of plots must correspond to the number of observations.

Do not award this mark if the number of plots is less than the number of observations.

Check one suspect plot. Circle this plot. Tick if correct. If incorrect then mark the correct position with a small cross and use an arrow to indicate where the plot should have been. Allow errors up to and including half a small square.

						1	my.
	Page 2	2	M	lark Scheme		Syli	T.D.
	_			/EL – JUNE 20	005	97	702
	(ii)	If one o	est fit ust be a reasonable bal the plots is a long w s plot to be ignored whe	ay from the	trend of the	ne of best fi	
	(iii)	The hyp drawn lin Read-of correct.	ment of gradient otenuse of the triangle e. s must be accurate to adicate the vertices of the	o half a sma	ll square an	the length o	f the
			pt e read-off. orrect substitution from	a point on th	e line into <i>y</i> =	= mx + c.	
(e)		•	g $d + \lg k$ be implied from the wo	orking.			
		Value fo	n (from gradient)				
		Value fo	k (only from 10 ^{y-intercept}))			
(f)	(i)		t (\pm 0.05 mm of SV) or do not award this mark		of extremes if	range giver	1
	(ii)	Microme	ter screw gauge/micror	meter/screw g	gauge		
	(iii)	∆ <i>ţ</i> ratio,	ge uncertainty in t^3 (100 and 'x 3' must be 0.005 mm, 0.01 mm,		alf the range		
(g)		Must be Allow M	<u>E</u> e substitution, working in <u>range</u> from 5.0 x 10 ¹ = 0.05 kg or 0.10 kg. wer for <i>E</i> scores zero.	and consiste ⁰ to 5.0 x 10 ¹¹	ncy of units. Pa.		
		Unit of E	(Pa or N m ⁻²)				

[Total: 20 marks]

Pa	ge 3	Mark Scheme Sylv	0
		A LEVEL – JUNE 2005 9702	Da
A 1	(strongly Do not a	Mark Scheme A LEVEL – JUNE 2005 alpha emitter as source (one mark), with a reason y ionising) (one mark). These are independent marks. award these marks if the source is not sensible noke producing alpha particles) circuit showing milliammeter/microammeter/galvanometer	[2]
A2	Do not a	circuit showing milliammeter/microammeter/galvanometer allow ammeter. Accept 'sensitive ammeter'. r supply must be shown.	[1]
А3	Accept Do not a	Bourdon gauge/pressure gauge/manometer/barometer pressure sensor + datalogger. allow vague 'pressure metre'. e shown on the diagram.	[1]
B1	Change	air pressure using <u>pump</u> (could be shown on diagram)	[1]
B2	do not a	n showing 'closed box' surrounding the equipment. ward this mark if the gauge is not measuring the e in the box.	[1]
В3	(and me	e ionisation current and <i>P</i> ; change air pressure easure new pressure and ionisation current). In can be scored even if the design is unworkable.	[1]
C1/C2	e.g. ((() () () () () () ()	Tety precautions use source handling tool store source in lead lined box when not in use do not point source at people/do not look directly at source use safety goggles when dealing with low/high pressures Do not allow vague 'safety goggles' without clarification container must be strong enough to withstand high/low pressure use safety screens in case of implosion/explosion allow lead suits/lead lined rooms/lead gloves/lead lined expt. etc. urk for safety relating to pressure.	[2]
D	Example I I I I I	od/further detail es of creditworthy points might be: Use high voltage as current is small Use GM tube and scalar/ratemeter to monitor activity to ensure that it does not change Use of source of long half-life Place source close to plates (as range of alpha in air is small) Tap gauge when taking readings (in case needle sticks) Fix position of source relative to plates Separation of plates constant ther valid points.	[1]

[Total: 10 marks]