UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

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for the guidance of teachers

9702 PHYSICS

9702/31

Paper 31 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Pa	ge 2	2 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus	er
		GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2009 9702	No.
(a)	Firs	st values for <i>h</i> and <i>z,</i> to the nearest mm.	Sambrie
(b)	by t Fou	easurements – Add up the number of sets of values of z and h and put a ring the table. In marks for six sets of readings of z and h, three for five sets, etc. I if help given by supervisor, -1 if wrong trend i.e. $h\uparrow z\downarrow$)	W. Papa er ged total
	Max	aximum value for <i>z</i> - <i>h</i> greater than 6.0 cm	[1]
	Eac Igno The	plumn headings the column heading must contain a quantity and a unit where appropriate. here units in the body of the table. ere must be some distinguishing mark between the quantity and the unit be solidus is expected, but accept, for example, h (mm)).	[1]
		onsistency of presentation of raw readings raw values of <i>h</i> and <i>z</i> must be given to the same number of decimal places	[1] S.
(c)	(i)	(Graph) Axes Sensible scales must be used. Awkward scales (e.g. $3:10$) are not allowed Scale markings should be no more than 3 large squares apart. Scales must be chosen so that the plotted points occupy at least half the graph grid in both <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions. Scales must be labelled with the quantity being plotted. Ignore units. Allow reversed axes but do not allow the wrong graph.	[1] d.
		(Graph) Plotting All observations must be plotted. Put a ringed total of plotted points. Ring and check a suspect plot. Tick if correct. Re-plot if incorrect. Work to an accuracy of half a small square. Penalise 'blobs' – dia. of plots must be $\leq \frac{1}{2}$ a small square.	[1]
		(Graph) Line of best fit Judge by scatter of at least 5 trend points about the candidate's line. There must be a fair scatter of points either side of the line. Indicate best line if candidate's line is not the best line.	[1]
		(Graph) Quality of results Judge by scatter of points about the best fit line. All points in the table (of which there must be at least 5) must be within \pm 0.3 cm (to scale) on the <i>h</i> axis.	[1]
	(ii)	Gradient The hypotenuse must be at least half the length of the drawn line. Read-offs must be accurate to half a small square. If incorrect write in the value. Check for $\Delta y/\Delta x$ (i.e. do not allow $\Delta x/\Delta y$).	[1] correct [1]

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus er	,
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18.0	v value(s) for <i>d</i> to nearest 0.1 mm or 0.01 mm 00 mm $\leq d \leq$ 27.00 mm. Unit required. beated readings for <i>d</i> .	L'all	bidge
(ii) <i>A</i> ca	alculated correctly. Allow ecf. Check value. If incorrect	, write in the correct value.	[1]
•	nificant figures for <i>A</i> must be the same as, or one more values of <i>d</i> .	than, the sig. figs. of the	[1]
	− <u>value</u> from (c) (ii) equated to k/pAg + 1 tion methods lose both (e) marks		[1]
Calculat (or refer	ion - value for k in range 4 to 6 Nm ⁻¹ .(allow 3.50 $\leq k \leq 6$ to supervisor's value). Unit required. Ignore SF. rk is conditional on achieving the previous mark.	5.49).	[1]

[Total: 20]

Page	e 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2009	Syllabus of er 9702
(a) (i	•	First value of l , with unit, to nearest mm. (40 $\leq l \leq$ 60 cm) (-1 if help given by supervisor)	Syllabus 9702 Babacambridg [1]
(b) (i	i)	First value of d (18 cm $\leq d \leq$ 22 cm) with consistent unit.	[1]
(ii	-	 Method of measuring <i>d</i> accurately – two details of procedur Method of consistent release of marble Use of named item(s) as marker(s) Refining position of marker Place ruler underneath and view vertically from above Do not allow 'repeats' 	
(iii		Percentage uncertainty in <i>d</i> . Range of absolute uncertainty: $2 \text{ mm} \leq \Delta d \leq 10 \text{ mm}$. If repeated readings have been done then the uncertainty c Correct ratio idea required. x 100% implied.	an be half the range.
(c) (i	i)	First value of <i>k</i> , substitution correct. Consistent unit.	[1]
(ii	i)	Justification for s.f. in value of k.	[1]
		Either: <i>k</i> must be given to same no. of SF, or one more than	n, <i>l <u>and</u> d</i> .
		Or: k must be given to same no. of SF, or one more than, l whichever has the least no. of SF.	or d,
(d) S	Seco	ond values of <i>l</i> and <i>d</i> .	[1]
E	Evid	lence of repeat readings for first or second value of <i>d</i> .	[1]
S	Seco	ond <i>d</i> less than first <i>d</i> .	[1]
(e) P	Perc	centage difference (or fractional difference) in <i>k</i> values calcu	lated. [1]
		sible conclusion consistent with uncertainty of 20% alues of <i>k</i> , or candidate's stated uncertainty.	[1]

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Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus "A
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ld			ctober/November 2009	Can			
	entifying	ntifying limitations and suggesting improvements:					
	(f) (i)	Limitations/ sources of error (max 4 marks)	(f) (ii) Improvements (max 4 marks))	vilabus 9702 Ignore:			
A	readin	wo readings/two ngs are not enough (to a valid conclusion)	Take more readings and plot a graph/calculate more k values	repeat readings			
В	ball m	to measure <i>d</i> because oves too quickly/ too nly stationary for short 	Use video and play back slowly/ frame by frame Use slow motion camera Use position sensor/motion sensor Allow light gates, adjusting position until beam interrupted	Use a high-speed camera/computer/data logger			
С	consis	Ity in releasing marble stently/ from rest/without ng a force	Description of a mechanism to release marble e.g. slot in tube + card	Change angle			
D		ax error in urement of <i>d</i>	Description of method of reducing parallax error requiring additional equipment e.g. shadow projection	view at eye level view from above use a marker			
E	incons	ect alignment/ sistent collisions/ ent paths down tube	Use narrower tube				
F		n of ball affected by air ment/ ball swings d	Turn off fans/air con. Shield from draughts	Use a closed room/vacuum refs to air resistance heavier ball			
G	it is ha	It to measure <i>l</i> because ard to judge the position centre of the ball	Measure diameter of ball using vernier calipers Measure <i>l</i> to top and bottom of ball and average.				

[Total:20]