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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9702 PHYSICS

9702/31

Paper 31 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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1	. , . ,	elp from Supervisor. es of <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> with consistent units to the nearest mm.	Cambridge
	(b) Six sets Incorrect Major he	res 4 marks etc. [5] es.	

(2)	Inc	porrect trend then -1 . Correct trend b/a increases, R increases. jor help from supervisor -1 .	[0]
	Rai	nge: used R = 8000 Ω or 7000 Ω .	[1]
	Mu: Eac Ign The	umn headings (R/Ω , a/m , b/m , b/a). st have R and either b/a or a and b columns. ch column heading must contain a quantity and a unit where appropriate. ore any units in the body of the table. ere must be some distinguishing mark between the quantity and the unit (solidus is sected but accept, for example, R (Ω).	[1]
		nsistency of presentation of readings. values of raw a and b must be given to the nearest mm.	[1]
	Sig	nificant figures. nificant figures for b/a must be the same as, or one more than, the least number of used in a or b .	[1]
	Cor	rect calculation of b/a.	[1]
(c)	(i)	Axes: Sensible scales must be used. No awkward scales (e.g. 3:10). Scales must be chosen so that the plotted points occupy at least half the graph grid in both <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions. Scales must be labelled with the quantity which is being plotted. Ignore units. Scale markings should be no more than three large squares apart.	[1]
		All observations must be plotted. Ignore any plot off the grid.	[1]

(ii) Line of best fit. [1]
Judge by balance of at least 5 trend points about candidate's line.

There must be an even distribution of points either side of the line along the full length.

Line must not be kinked. Do not allow lines thicker than half a small square.

Do not accept blobs (points with diameter > 0.5 small square).

Write a ringed total of plotted points. Ring and check a suspect point.

Work to an accuracy of half a small square.

Quality. Scatter of points must be less than \pm 200 Ω in the R – axis about a straight line. All points in the table must be plotted (at least 5) for this mark to be awarded.

(iii) Gradient. [1] The hypotenuse of the triangle must be at least half the length of the drawn line.

Both read-offs must be accurate to half a small square.

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(d) Gradient = $\frac{1}{X}$

Value of X in range 3000–3600 Ω with unit.

(e)
$$\frac{b}{a} = 1$$
 [1] Correct reading off graph.

Correct reading off graph.

[Total: 20]

- 2 (c) (ii) Measurement of h to nearest mm with consistent unit. 0.900 m < h < 1.100 m [1]
 - (d) (ii) Value of $m_A m_B = 20$ g with consistent unit. [1]
 - (iii) Value of t with unit. t < 5 seconds [1]
 - Evidence of repeated measurements of *t*. [1]
 - (e) Absolute uncertainty in t in range 0.1–0.6 s. [1] If repeated readings have been taken, then the uncertainty can be half the range.
 - Correct method of calculation to get percentage uncertainty. [1]
 - (f) Second value of $m_A m_B = 40 \text{ g}$ [1]
 - Second value of t. [1]
 - Quality: second value of *t* < first value of *t*. [1]
 - (g) (i) Values of k calculated correctly. [1]
 - (ii) Justification of sf in k linked t and $(m_A m_B)$ or m_A and m_B or masses. [1]
 - (iii) Valid conclusion based on the calculated values of k. [1] Candidate must test against a stated criterion.

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(h) Identifying limitations marks and suggesting improvements

(i)	Limitations	[4]	(ii)	Improvements [4	Do not credit
Ap	Two readings are not enough (to draw a conclusion)		As	Take more readings <u>and</u> plot a graph/calculate more values of <i>k</i> .	One reading/few readings/take more readings and average.
Bp	Masses hit each other/ masses slipping off.		Bs	Use larger pulley/method of securing masses to hanger.	
Cp	Uncertain starting position	nc	Cs	Method of fixing rule e.g. clamp rule/electromagnetic release mechanism	
Dp	Difficult to measure time as time short/reaction tir large compared with tim	ne	D _s	Drop through greater height/ expand on trap door mechanism/ light gate with timer/motion sensor with data logger/video timer with timer.	
Ep	Friction at pulley		Es	Lubricate pulley	Friction between pulley and string
Fp	Retort stand moves		Fs	Method of fixing to the bench e.g. clamp/add weights	
Gp	Mass (values) not accurate		Gs	Use balance/method of measuring mass	

Do not credit parallax error.

[Total: 20]