

# Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

PHYSICS 9702/36

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 2

October/November 2021

2 hours

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: The materials and apparatus listed in the confidential instructions

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You will be allowed to work with the apparatus for a maximum of 1 hour for each question.
- You should record all your observations in the spaces provided in the question paper as soon as these observations are made.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

#### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

For Examiner's Use		
1		
2		
Total		

This document has 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

### You may not need to use all of the materials provided.

- 1 In this experiment, you will investigate the oscillations of a wooden strip.
  - (a) (i) Assemble the apparatus as shown in Fig. 1.1 with the nail held securely in the boss.

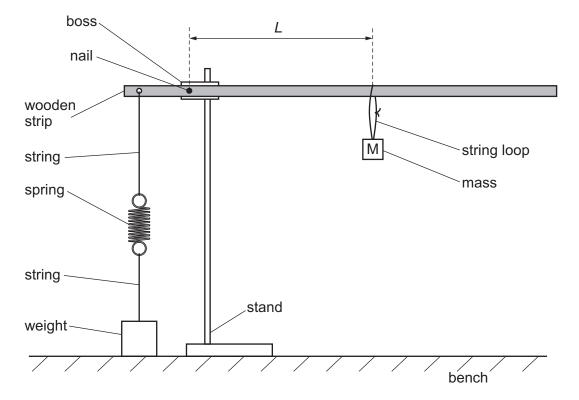


Fig. 1.1

- Hang the mass labelled M midway between the nail and the end of the strip.
- Adjust the height of the boss so that the strip is parallel to the bench.
- Move the weight so that the spring is vertical.
- *L* is the distance between the nail and the string loop attached to M, as shown in Fig. 1.1.

Measure and record L.

*L* = ......[1]

(ii)	•	Pull the free end of the strip down by approximately 2 cm. Release the strip so that it
		oscillates.

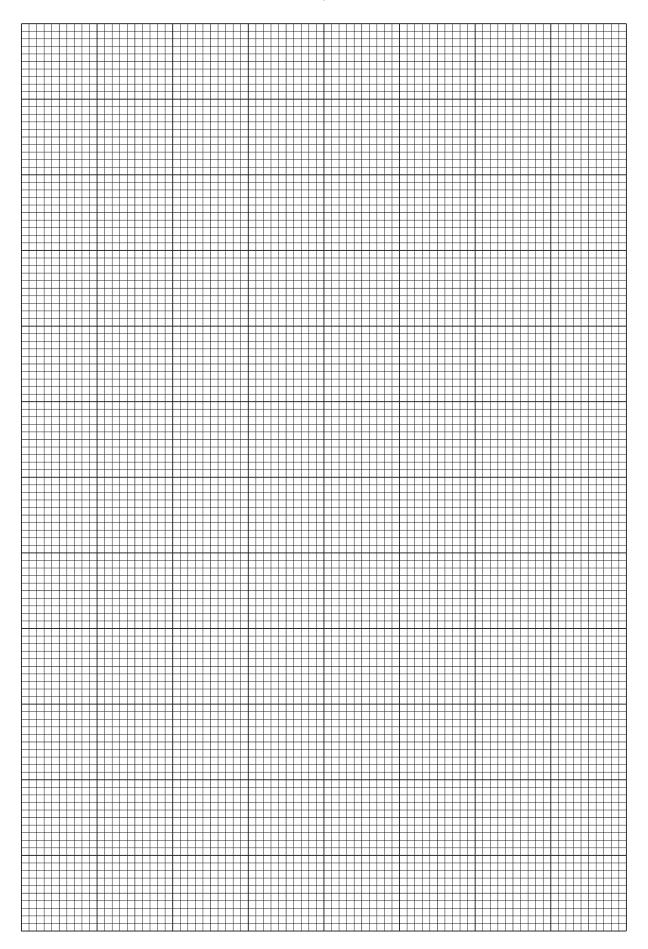
•	Take measurements	s to	determine	the	period	T of	the d	scillations.
_	Take Hisasaranan	, ,,	actorring		polioa	, 0:	$\cdots$	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

~	_ F	$\sim$

(b)	•	Move M along the strip and adjust the apparatus so that the strip is parallel to the bend	ch.
	•	Measure <i>L</i> and determine <i>T</i> .	
	•	Repeat until you have six sets of values of $L$ and $T$ . Record your results in a table. Include values of $L^2$ and $T^2$ in your table.	
			[9]
(c)	(i)	Plot a graph of $T^2$ on the <i>y</i> -axis against $L^2$ on the <i>x</i> -axis.	[3]
	(ii)		[1]
	(iii)	Determine the gradient and <i>y</i> -intercept of this line.	
		gradient =	

y-intercept = .....

[2]



(d)	It is suggested	that the quantities	T and L are	related by th	ne equation
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$$T^2 = aL^2 + b$$

where a and b are constants.

Use your answers in (c)(iii) to determine the values of a and b. Give appropriate units.

a =	 	 
b =	 	 
		[2]

[Total: 20]

### You may not need to use all of the materials provided.

- 2 In this experiment, you will investigate the amount of air needed to lift an underwater load.
  - (a) You are provided with a syringe attached to a long tube containing a wire.
    - Bend the end of the tube as shown in Fig. 2.1.

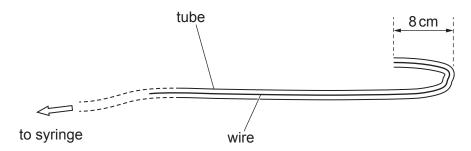


Fig. 2.1

- Pull the plunger of the syringe to the  $50 \,\mathrm{cm}^3$  mark  $(1 \,\mathrm{cm}^3 = 1 \,\mathrm{m}l)$ .
- Bend the tube and hook it over the container so that the end is approximately 11 cm above the bottom of the container, as shown in Fig. 2.2.

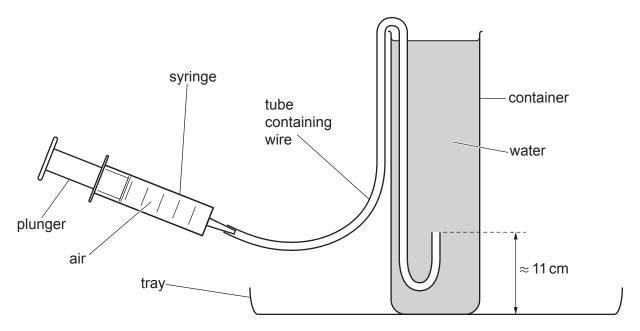


Fig. 2.2

	0
(i)	You have been provided with a set of metal rings.
	Take measurements to determine the average thickness $t$ of the rings. Show your working.
	t = cm [1]
(ii)	Measure and record the inner diameter $d_1$ and the outer diameter $d_2$ of one of the metal rings, as shown in Fig. 2.3.
	$d_1$ $d_2$
	Fig. 2.3
	d <sub>1</sub> = cm
	d <sub>2</sub> = cm [1]
(iii)	Calculate the volume $V_{\rm R}$ of a metal ring using
	$V_{R} = \frac{\pi t (d_2^2 - d_1^2)}{4}.$
	$V_{R} = \dots cm^{3} [1]$
(iv)	Justify the number of significant figures that you have given for your value of $V_{R}$ .

- (b) You have been provided with a paper clip and a plastic cup with string attached.
  - (i) Bend the paper clip into a hook shape as shown in Fig. 2.4. Add 8 metal rings to the paper clip and hook it onto the string loop, as shown in Fig. 2.4.

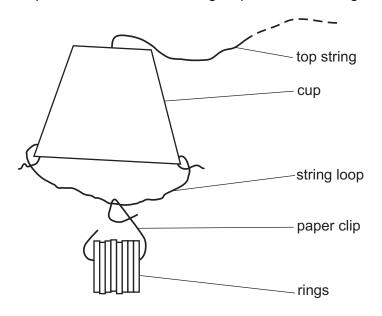


Fig. 2.4

- Lower the cup into the water. Ensure that the cup is **completely** filled with water.
- Use the top string to position the cup over the end of the tube, as shown in Fig. 2.5.

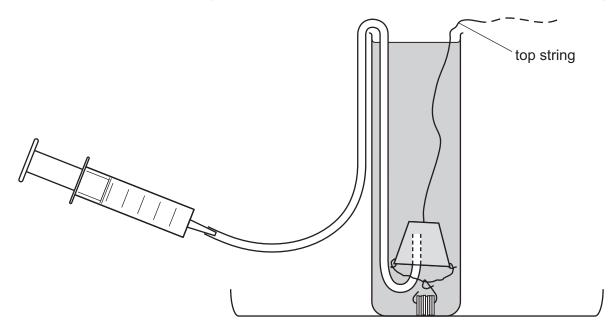


Fig. 2.5

• Record the initial reading  $x_1$  from the syringe scale.

 $x_1 = \dots cm^3 [1]$ 

(ii)	•	Slowly press the plunger of the syringe so that air enters the cup. Continue until the cup starts to lift the rings towards the surface of the water.	
	•	Record the final reading $x_2$ from the syringe scale.	
		x <sub>2</sub> =	cm <sup>3</sup>
	•	Calculate the volume of air $V_{\rm A}$ in the cup using	
		$V_{A} = x_1 - x_2.$	
		V <sub>A</sub> =	cm <sup>3</sup> [2]
(iii)	Est	imate the percentage uncertainty in your value of $V_{A}$ . Show your working.	
		percentage uncertainty =	[1]
		, 3	

- (c) Remove the cup and the tube from the container of water.
  - Pull the plunger of the syringe to the 50 cm<sup>3</sup> mark to draw air into the syringe.
  - Replace the tube in the container of water.
  - Repeat (b)(i) and (b)(ii) using 12 metal rings.

X <sub>1</sub>	=	 $cm^3$
- 1		

$$x_2 = \dots cm^3$$

$$V_{A} = \dots cm^{3}$$
 [2]

(i) (k	The	e mass <i>M</i> of one metal ring is given on the card.
	•	Write down the value of <i>M</i> .
		<i>M</i> =g
	•	The number of rings attached to the paper clip is $n$ . It is suggested that the relationship between $n$ , $M$ , $V_{\rm R}$ and $V_{\rm A}$ is
		$nM = k(nV_{R} + V_{A})$
		where <i>k</i> is a constant.
		Using your data, calculate two values of <i>k</i> .
		first value of $k = \dots$
		second value of $k = \dots$ [1]
(ii)	Exp	plain whether your results support the suggested relationship.
		[1]
		111

(e)	(i)	Describe four sources of uncertainty or limitations of the procedure for this experiment.
		1
		2
		3
		4
		[4]
	(ii)	Describe four improvements that could be made to this experiment. You may suggest the use of other apparatus or different procedures.
		1
		2
		3
		4
		[4]

[Total: 20]

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