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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2008 question paper

9698 PSYCHOLOGY

9698/02

Paper 2 (Core Studies 2), maximum raw mark 50

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2008 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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Section A

Question	Description	Mark	M
1 (a)	Most imitative aggression shown in the aggressive model condition, boys imitated aggression more than girls, non-aggressive model had an inhibitory effect, some examples of same sex modelling.	2	
(b)	The fact that aggression seemed to be down to learning supports the nurture view, the fact that boys imitated aggression more than girls could be argued to be nature or nurture. Just mentioning that it is nurture is 1 mark, just mentioning nature is 0.	2	[4]
2 (a)	Interviews with parent/adolescents/teachers, psychometric tests on parents/adolescents (RutterA/B), Questionnaire on social difficulty.	2	
(b)	Social desirability effect, validity of psychometric tests.	2	[4]
3	Any two from : conducted in laboratory setting, artificially induced physiological reaction etc. Example plus explanation.	2 + 2	[4]
4 (a)	Staff ignored the patients when they asked them questions, avoided eye contact, spent little time with them, waiting in queue.	2	
(b)	By ignoring the rights of psychiatric patients they do not have to be dealt with/released in society, reducing their rights makes them less of a problem, stickiness of psychiatric labels.	2	[4]
5 (a)	Any one from: Alpha, Beta, spoken test, with description for 2 marks.	2	
(b)	Example of ethnocentric bias in the questions, or the way it was administered.	2	[4]

Partial/full answer

0 marks	No answer or incorrect answer.
1 mark	Partially correct answer or correct but incomplete lacking sufficient detail or explanation to demonstrate clear understanding.
2 marks	Correct answer with sufficient detail/explanation to demonstrate clear understanding.

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6 (a)	Outline the qualitative data collected in each of these studies.	ambi
	Thigpen and Cleckley (multiple personality)	
	Freud (Little Hans)	
	Dement and Kleitman (sleep and dreaming)	
	Rosenhan (sane in insane places)	
	Emphasis on study. Answers must be related to named studies.	
	One point from each study.	
	Indicative Content: Thigpen and Cleckley: data from hypnosis, interviews etc letters from father to Freud including dream analysis etc, Dement and Kleitma content Rosenhan: diary notes and observations from hospitals.	
	letters from father to Freud including dream analysis etc, Dement and Kleitma	
	letters from father to Freud including dream analysis etc, Dement and Kleitma content Rosenhan: diary notes and observations from hospitals.	
	letters from father to Freud including dream analysis etc, Dement and Kleitma content Rosenhan: diary notes and observations from hospitals. For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points	n: dream
	letters from father to Freud including dream analysis etc, Dement and Kleitma content Rosenhan: diary notes and observations from hospitals. For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points No answer or incorrect answer.	n: dream
	letters from father to Freud including dream analysis etc, Dement and Kleitma content Rosenhan: diary notes and observations from hospitals. For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points No answer or incorrect answer. Identification of point relevant to question but not related to study or comment	n: dream
	letters from father to Freud including dream analysis etc, Dement and Kleitma content Rosenhan: diary notes and observations from hospitals. For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points No answer or incorrect answer. Identification of point relevant to question but not related to study or comment from study but no point about qualitative data.	n: dream 0 1
	letters from father to Freud including dream analysis etc, Dement and Kleitma content Rosenhan: diary notes and observations from hospitals. For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points No answer or incorrect answer. Identification of point relevant to question but not related to study or comment from study but no point about qualitative data. Description of point about qualitative data (comment without comprehension).	0 1 2

(b)	What are the strengths and weaknesses of qualitative data?	
	Emphasis on problem. Answers supported with named (or other) studies.	Each
	problem does not need a different study; can use same study.	
	Indicative Content: strengths: detailed allows in-depth analysis, allows the person to	
	express themselves rather than forced choice.	
	Weaknesses: possible bias in interpretation, more difficult to analyse, more difficult to	
	compare people.	
	For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points	
	Problem with study itself NOT related to qualitative data.	0
	Identification of strength/weakness related to qualitative data.	1
	Description of strength/weakness related to qualitative data.	2
	Description of strength/weakness related to qualitative data applied to study	3
	effectively.	
	Max mark	10

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			COM
(c)	Which is more useful: quantitative or qualitative data answer.	Syllabus 9698 ? Give reasons for (or other) studies/evicomplete or	Drie
	Emphasis on point. Answers supported with named study	(or other) studies/evi	dence.
	One or two general statements which may be inaccurate, in nuddled.	complete or	1–2
t r	General statements are made which are focused on the que easic, lacking in detail and have no supporting evidence. Fo may be general statements with anecdotal evidence or vagu supporting psychological evidence.	estion but are or four marks there	3–4
t t	A number of points are made which are focused on the quest generally accurate. There is some supporting psychological there is little detail and no attempt to justify the points OR as but with only two points.	I evidence but	5–6
a ji li	Four points (best four) are made which are focused on the caccurate. There is supporting psychological evidence with a sustify the points. There is increased detail but the range of mited and there may be an imbalance OR as for 9–10 markeoints.	an attempt to arguments is	7–8
L 6	A range of different points (best four) is made which are accommoderstanding. Each point has appropriate supporting psychological transfer are well expressed, well considered and reflect understanding which extends beyond specific stuvell be a consideration of the implications and effects.	chological red, are balanced,	9–10
N	Max mark		10

7 (a)	Outline the cognitive processes that were investigated in each of these s	tudies.	
	Deregowski (picture perception)		
	Baron-Cohen, Leslie and Frith (autism)		
	Loftus and Palmer (eyewitness testimony)		
	Gardner and Gardner (Project Washoe)		
	Emphasis on study. Answers must be related to named studies.		
	One point from each study. Indicative Content: Deregowski: picture perception Baron-Cohen: Theory of mind		
	Loftus and Palmer: eyewitness testimony		
	Gardner and Gardner: language (with explanation for full marks)		
	For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points		
	No answer or incorrect answer.	0	
	Identification of point relevant to question but not related to study or comment	1	
	from study but no point about influences on cognitive processes.		
	Description of point about application to influences on cognitive processes	2	
	(comment without comprehension).		
	As above but with analysis (comment with comprehension) about influences	3	
	on cognitive processes.		
	Max mark	10	

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(b)	What problems may psychologists experience when they study cog processes?	nitiv Myr Each
	Emphasis on problem. Answers supported with named (or other) studies. problem does not need a different study; can use same study.	Each
	Indicative Content: cultural bias, reductionism, ecological validity, individual	
	differences etc.	
	For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points	
	Incorrect difficulty with the study.	0
	Identification of difficulty related to the study.	1
	Description of problem applied to the study effectively.	2
	Description of problem related to cognitive processes and applied effectively	3
	to study.	
	Max mark	10

(c)	'The human mind processes information like a computer.' To what extent do you agree with this statement? Give reasons for your answer.	
	Emphasis on point. Answers supported with named study (or other) studies/ev	idence.
	One or two general statements which may be inaccurate, incomplete or muddled.	1–2
	General statements are made which are focused on the question but are basic, lacking in detail and have no supporting evidence. For four marks there may be general statements with anecdotal evidence or vague reference to supporting psychological evidence.	3–4
	A number of points are made which are focused on the question and are generally accurate. There is some supporting psychological evidence but there is little detail and no attempt to justify the points OR as for 7–8 marks but with only two points.	5–6
	Four points (best four) are made which are focused on the question and are accurate. There is supporting psychological evidence with an attempt to justify the points. There is increased detail but the range of arguments is limited and there may be an imbalance OR as for 9–10 marks but with only 3 points.	7–8
	A range of different points (best four) is made which are accurate and show understanding. Each point has appropriate supporting psychological evidence. The arguments are well expressed, well considered, are balanced, and reflect understanding which extends beyond specific studies. There may well be a consideration of the implications and effects.	9–10
	Max mark	10

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Haney, Banks and Zimbardo (prison simulation) Milgram (obedience) Piliavin, Rodin and Piliavin (subway Samaritans) Tajfel (intergroup categorisation) Emphasis on study. Answers must be related to named studies. One point from each study. Indicative Content: Zimbardo: the behaviour of the guards affected prisoners physical environment, the uniforms, Milgram: the authority figure, the universit location, Piliavin: the state of the victim, the behaviour of others, Tajfel: interg categorisation. For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points No answer or incorrect answer. Identification of point relevant to a situational explanation but not related to study or comment from study but no point about a situational explanation. Description of point about a situational explanation (comment without comprehension). As above but with analysis (comment with comprehension) about a situational	MA		
Piliavin, Rodin and Piliavin (subway Samaritans) Tajfel (intergroup categorisation) Emphasis on study. Answers must be related to named studies. One point from each study. Indicative Content: Zimbardo: the behaviour of the guards affected prisoners physical environment, the uniforms, Milgram: the authority figure, the universit location, Piliavin: the state of the victim, the behaviour of others, Tajfel: interg categorisation. For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points No answer or incorrect answer. Identification of point relevant to a situational explanation but not related to study or comment from study but no point about a situational explanation. Description of point about a situational explanation (comment without comprehension).			
Tajfel (intergroup categorisation) Emphasis on study. Answers must be related to named studies. One point from each study. Indicative Content: Zimbardo: the behaviour of the guards affected prisoners physical environment, the uniforms, Milgram: the authority figure, the universit location, Piliavin: the state of the victim, the behaviour of others, Tajfel: interg categorisation. For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points No answer or incorrect answer. Identification of point relevant to a situational explanation but not related to study or comment from study but no point about a situational explanation. Description of point about a situational explanation (comment without comprehension).			
Emphasis on study. Answers must be related to named studies. One point from each study. Indicative Content: Zimbardo: the behaviour of the guards affected prisoners physical environment, the uniforms, Milgram: the authority figure, the universit location, Piliavin: the state of the victim, the behaviour of others, Tajfel: interg categorisation. For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points No answer or incorrect answer. Identification of point relevant to a situational explanation but not related to study or comment from study but no point about a situational explanation. Description of point about a situational explanation (comment without comprehension).			
One point from each study. Indicative Content: Zimbardo: the behaviour of the guards affected prisoners physical environment, the uniforms, Milgram: the authority figure, the universit location, Piliavin: the state of the victim, the behaviour of others, Tajfel: interg categorisation. For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points No answer or incorrect answer. Identification of point relevant to a situational explanation but not related to study or comment from study but no point about a situational explanation. Description of point about a situational explanation (comment without comprehension).			
Indicative Content: Zimbardo: the behaviour of the guards affected prisoners physical environment, the uniforms, Milgram: the authority figure, the universit location, Piliavin: the state of the victim, the behaviour of others, Tajfel: interg categorisation. For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points No answer or incorrect answer. Identification of point relevant to a situational explanation but not related to study or comment from study but no point about a situational explanation. Description of point about a situational explanation (comment without comprehension).			
physical environment, the uniforms, Milgram: the authority figure, the universit location, Piliavin: the state of the victim, the behaviour of others, Tajfel: interg categorisation. For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points No answer or incorrect answer. Identification of point relevant to a situational explanation but not related to study or comment from study but no point about a situational explanation. Description of point about a situational explanation (comment without comprehension).			
location, Piliavin: the state of the victim, the behaviour of others, Tajfel: interg categorisation. For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points No answer or incorrect answer. Identification of point relevant to a situational explanation but not related to study or comment from study but no point about a situational explanation. Description of point about a situational explanation (comment without comprehension).	Indicative Content: Zimbardo: the behaviour of the guards affected prisoners, the		
Categorisation. For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points No answer or incorrect answer. Identification of point relevant to a situational explanation but not related to study or comment from study but no point about a situational explanation. Description of point about a situational explanation (comment without comprehension).			
For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points No answer or incorrect answer. Identification of point relevant to a situational explanation but not related to study or comment from study but no point about a situational explanation. Description of point about a situational explanation (comment without comprehension).	oup		
No answer or incorrect answer. Identification of point relevant to a situational explanation but not related to study or comment from study but no point about a situational explanation. Description of point about a situational explanation (comment without comprehension).			
Identification of point relevant to a situational explanation but not related to study or comment from study but no point about a situational explanation. Description of point about a situational explanation (comment without comprehension).			
but not related to study or comment from study but no point about a situational explanation. Description of point about a situational explanation (comment without comprehension).	0		
situational explanation. Description of point about a situational explanation (comment without comprehension).	1		
Description of point about a situational explanation (comment without comprehension).			
comprehension).			
comprehension).	2		
As above but with analysis (comment with comprehension) about a situational			
As above but with analysis (comment with complehension) about a situational	3		
explanation.	ა		
Max mark	3		

(b)	What problems might psychologists have when they study situational explanations of behaviour?	
	Emphasis on problem. Answers supported with named (or other) studies. Each problem does not need a different study; can use same study.	
	Indicative Content: ecological validity, ethics, demand characteristics, difficulty separating the variables.	/ in
	For each point up to a maximum of FOUR points	
	Problem with study itself NOT related to situational explanations.	0
	Identification of problem related to situational explanations.	1
	Description of problem related to situational explanations.	2
	Description of problem related to situational explanations & applied effectively to study.	3
	Max mark	10

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				er Al Calmbhidg idence. 1-2
(c)	Discuss alternatives to situational		haviour. Give	Orio
	reasons for y Emphasis on point. Answers supported		or other) studies/evi	idence.
	One or two general statements, which r		ncomplete or	1–2
	muddled.			
	General statements are made which are		estion but are	3–4
	basic, lacking in detail and have no sup			
	there may be general statements with a to supporting psychological evidence.	inecdotal evidence o	r vague reference	
	A number of points are made which are focused on the question and are			5–6
		generally accurate. There is some supporting psychological evidence but		
	there is little detail and no attempt to just	stify the points OR as	s for 7–8 marks	
	but with only two points.			
	Four points (best four) are made which			7–8
	accurate. There is supporting psycholo			
	justify the points. There is increased de limited and there may be an imbalance			
	points.	Olt as for 9-10 man	ks but with only 5	
	A range of different points (best four) is	made which are acc	urate and show	9–10
	understanding. Each point has appropri			
	evidence. The arguments are well expi	ressed, well consider	red, are balanced,	
	and reflect understanding which extend		udies. There may	
	well be a consideration of the implication	ns and effects.		- 10
	Max mark			10