UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME FOR the June 2004 question papers

8665 First Language Spanish (AS Level) 8673 Spanish Literature (AS Level) 8685 Spanish Language (AS Level) 9719 Spanish (A Level)

8685/9719/1 Paper 1 (Speaking), maximum raw mark 100

8665/8685/9719/2 Paper 2 (Reading and Writing), maximum raw mark 70

8685/9719/3 Paper 3 (Essay), maximum raw mark 40

8665/8673/9719/4 Paper 4 (Texts), maximum raw mark 75

These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the June 2004 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced (A) and Advanced Subsidiary (AS) Level syllabuses.

Grade thresholds taken for Syllabus 8665 (AS First Language Spanish) and Spanish) in the June 2004 examination.

	maximum	minimum	minimum mark required for grade:			
	mark available	А	В	E		
Component 1	100	78	68	46		
Component 2	70	54	49	35		
Component 3	40	32	28	17		
Component 4	75	51	46	34		

Boundaries for 8685 AS Spanish Language and 8673 AS Spanish Literature are lower than for the A Level syllabus.

The thresholds (minimum marks) for Grades C and D are normally set by dividing the mark range between the B and the E thresholds into three. For example, if the difference between the B and the E threshold is 24 marks, the C threshold is set 8 marks below the B threshold and the D threshold is set another 8 marks down. If dividing the interval by three results in a fraction of a mark, then the threshold is normally rounded down.

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JUNE 2004

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GCE ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY AND ADVANCED LEVEL

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 100

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 8685/9719/1

Spanish (Speaking)

Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	SPANISH – JUNE 2004	8685, 9719

COMPONENT 1: Speaking

Section 1: Presentation

The presentation will be marked out of 20 marks: Content / Presentation 10; Pronunciation / Intonation 5; Language 5.

nus 19 Adda Cambridge Com Candidates who make no reference to the contemporary society or cultural heritage of a country where the language is spoken will have their mark for content/presentation halved.

	Content / Presentation nowledge of facts; ability to ress opinions and raise issues for discussion.		Pronunciation / Intonation		Language
9/10	Full and well organised coverage of the topic; ideas and opinions included as well as factual points; lively presentation; examiner's interest sustained.	5	Outstanding pronunciation and intonation; an occasional slight mistake or hesitation. Not necessarily a native speaker.	5	Has a very good feeling for the language; speaks fluently and accurately; shows good use of relevant idiom and uses a wide range of structures and vocabulary.
7/8	Good exposition and sound organisation of the topic; makes relevant factual points though may be less good in ideas and opinions; presentation somewhat stilted though keeps examiner's interest.	4	Good pronunciation, makes a fair attempt at correct intonation and expression; some mistakes and/or hesitation.	4	Speaks fairly fluently and accurately; uses idiom with a reasonable range of structures and vocabulary.
5/6	Adequate exposition of the topic; few ideas or opinions; evidence of preparation but presentation pedestrian.	3	A fair degree of accuracy in pronunciation; quite a number of errors; some attempt at intonation and expression.	3	May speak with hesitation; adequate range of structures and vocabulary; no ambiguity of meaning.
3/4	Material thin; rambling, repetitious; hardly any ideas or opinions; in danger of losing the examiner's interest.	2	Intelligible but shows marked influence of mother tongue and very many errors of pronunciation.	2	Marked hesitation; limited range of structures and vocabulary; leading to some ambiguity of meaning.
0/1/2	Very little factual information; material irrelevant; vague, arguments incoherent; little effort at presentation.	0/1	Very poor; many gross errors; frequently incomprehensible.	0/1	Very marked hesitation; severe limitations of structures and vocabulary; thought processes basically influenced by mother tongue.

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	SPANISH – JUNE 2004	8685, 9719

Section 2: Topic Conversation and Section 3: General Conversation

Page 2		Mark Scheme SPANISH – JUNE 2004		Syllabus Syllabus
Section 2: Topic Cor		tion 3: General Conversation		8685, 9719
or the Language (10	marks), Range of Vo	rt: Comprehension and Responsive ocabulary and Structures (total out of Opinions – see below).		
Comprehension &	Responsiveness	Accuracy		Feel for the Language
9-10 Very good No problems of comp response to examiner forthcoming in develo guide the discussion, opinions as appropria	's questions. Very ping topics: able to offering/seeking	9-10 Very good Consistently accurate. Only occasional minor slips.	and is ab appropria from the	ole to express concepts flue and the iding old to express concepts flue ate idiom. Negligible influe mother tongue.
7-8 Good Few problems of com Responds readily and nesitation. Reasonab rends to follow examin	I without undue Ily forthcoming but	7-8 Good Accuracy generally good, with more frequent errors than in the very best candidates. Shows a sound basic understanding of grammatical usage.	Has a ve	ood ry good feeling for the lang ompetent use of relevant in ignificant influence from me
5-6 Satisfactory Understands question situations and concep with more complicated delay in response. No encouragement to de	its, but has difficulty d ideas. Some eeds	5-6 Satisfactory Accuracy indicates a measure of competence but with some obvious and significant gaps in grammatical usage.	Feeling for some occurrence Thought	atisfactory for the language evident wi casional use of relevant idi processes and expression ad by mother tongue.
3-4 Weak Has general difficulty Limited response to q majority of topics raise	uestions on the	3-4 Weak Generally inaccurate use of the language.	Has scar	eak nt feeling for the foreign idio y translates literally from th ongue.
O-2 Poor Severe problems of colory marked hesitation esponsiveness.		0-2 Poor No grasp of grammatical accuracy. Errors constant and repeated.		oor eeling for the foreign langu

Range of Vocabulary and Structures

	- tanigo or vocabana, anna on actarios
Providing Information and Opinions	Seeking Information and Opinions*
5 Very good	5 Very good
Extensive range of appropriate	More than one question asked with confidence. Spontaneous or prompted, but
vocabulary. Able to use a wide range of	arising out of conversation and relevant to topic under discussion.
structures with confidence.	High level of accuracy, using a range of question forms.
4 Good	4 Good
Has sufficient range of vocabulary and	Asks more than one question confidently. Spontaneous or prompted, but arising
structures to handle reasonably mature	out of conversation and relevant to topic under discussion.
subjects.	Questions largely accurate, but forms may be limited.
3 Satisfactory	3 Satisfactory
Limited expression of ideas (but not	Capable of asking a minimum of one question. Spontaneous or prompted, but
ambiguity) caused by limitations in	arising out of conversation and relevant to topic under discussion.
range of vocabulary and some	Has difficulty in formulating questions, but questions comprehensible.
structures.	
2 Weak	2 Weak
Severe limitations of vocabulary and	Severe limitations in asking questions – possibly one question only.
structures restrict discussion to a very	Question(s) will probably not arise naturally or be relevant to the topic under
basic level.	discussion. Question(s) difficult to understand.
0-1 Poor	0-1 Poor
Very restricted vocabulary. Only simple	Questions attempted, but incomprehensible. (1)
sentences and no variety of structure.	No questions, even when prompted. (0)

^{*} In the case of candidates who do not ask any questions by the end of the Topic Conversation, Examiners must prompt by asking Do you have any questions to ask of me? in the appropriate language. The same prompt should be used at the end of the General Conversation. Candidates will not be penalised for being prompted in this way.

GCE ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY AND ADVANCED LEVEL

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 70

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 8665/8685/9719/2

Spanish (Reading and Writing)

Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	SPANISH – JUNE 2004	8665,
		8685, 9719

	1	Mark Schem	ie	Syllabus	3
		SPANISH – JUNI	E 2004	8665, 8685, 9719	Daca
		Section	on 1		Moride
daı	r la prii	su primer cigarrillo mera bocanada n a fumar	(fumar por primera ve	ez)	apacambride
(b) la d	ofensiv	va antitabaco	(la campaña contra e	el hábito de fumar)	[1]
(c) llev	/an mι	uchos más años fumando	(fuman desde hace n	nucho más tiempo)	[1]
(d) res	sulta fá	cil detectar	(no es nada difícil ob	servar)	[1]
(e) de:	safortu	nadamente	(por desgracia)		[1]
					[Total : 5]
			ına disminución)		
Α	ha	habido <u>una disminución</u> en el c	,		[1]
Α	ha	habido <u>una disminución</u> en el c	,		[1]
A (b) Q:		habido <u>una disminución</u> en el c	onsumo del tabaco		[1]
	Esta Se		onsumo del tabaco n (explicar) nación		[1] [1]
(b) Q:	Esta se hay	a última afirmación tiene su explicación puede <u>explicar</u> esta última afirm	onsumo del tabaco n (explicar) nación		
(b) Q:	Esta se hay	a última afirmación tiene su explicación puede <u>explicar</u> esta última afirm v que <u>explicar</u> esta última afirma	onsumo del tabaco n (explicar) nación		
(b) Q: A: (c) Q:	Esta se hay Con	a última afirmación tiene su explicación puede <u>explicar</u> esta última afirm o que <u>explicar</u> esta última afirma o la llegada de la democracia (al lle	onsumo del tabaco n (explicar) nación ación gar)	adas)	[1]
(b) Q: A: (c) Q: A:	Esta se hay Con <u>al II</u>	a última afirmación tiene su explicación puede <u>explicar</u> esta última afirm o que <u>explicar</u> esta última afirma o la llegada de la democracia <i>(al lle</i>	onsumo del tabaco n (explicar) nación ación gar)	,	[1]
(b) Q: A: (c) Q: A:	Esta se hay Con al II el 50	a última afirmación tiene su explicación puede <u>explicar</u> esta última afirma que <u>explicar</u> esta última afirma afirma afirma al llegada de la democracia (al llegar la democracia)	onsumo del tabaco n (explicar) nación ación gar) al tabaco (son causa on causadas por el ta	,	[1]
(b) Q: A: (c) Q: A:	Esta se hay Con <u>al II</u> el 5	a última afirmación tiene su explicación puede <u>explicar</u> esta última afirma que <u>explicar</u> esta última afirma a la llegada de la democracia (al llegar la democracia) % de las muertes femeninas se deben	onsumo del tabaco n (explicar) nación ación gar) al tabaco (son causa on causadas por el ta	,	[1]

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
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3 Rubric: Contesta en español las siguientes preguntas, sin copiar frases completexto.

(a) Según el primer párrafo, ¿cuáles son las diferencias entre los hombres y las mujeres con respecto al uso de tabaco?

Any 3 of:

los hombres empiezan a fumar antes que la mujer hay más mujeres hoy en día que fuman 40% de los que fuman tres o más cigarrillos cada día son mujeres 60% de los que fuman tres o más cigarrillos cada día son hombres hay menos hombres que fuman hoy

[1+1+1]

(b) Según el segundo párrafo ¿cómo se explica el aumento del uso del tabaco entre las mujeres?

el nuevo papel femenino en una sociedad democrática	[1]
el cigarrillo es un símbolo de independencia para la mujer	[1]
ha habido más oportunidades para la mujer en el campo del trabajo	[1]
la mujer no se ve obligada a ser ama de casa automáticamente	[1]

(c) Explica lo que significa en el texto la frase 'tan sólo el 5% de las muertes femeninas se deben al tabaco aunque esta cifra tiende al alza'.

significa que las mujeres empezaron a fumar mucho más tarde que los hombres	[1]
y por eso han empezado recientemente	[1]
a sufrir como consecuencia de enfermedades relacionadas al tabaco	[1]

(d) Según el último párrafo, ¿cuáles son los tres efectos del tabaco sobre la piel? [líneas 21 y 23]

cambios en el color de la piel	[1]
la piel humana se pone más seca	[1]
hay más arrugas en la cara	[1]

(e) Cuando se deja de fumar ¿cuál es la 'desventaja' mencionada al final del texto?

se tiende a subir de peso / porque se comen más dulces [1+1]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	SPANISH – JUNE 2004	8665,
		8685, 9719

Quality of Language: Accuracy (same as for questions 4 and 5)

5 Very good

www.PapaCambridge.com Consistently accurate. Only very few errors of minor significance. Accurate use of more complex structures (verb forms, tenses, prepositions, word order).

4 Good

Higher incidence of error than above, but clearly has a sound grasp of the grammatical elements in spite of lapses. Some capacity to use accurately more complex structures.

3 Sound

Fair level of accuracy. Common tenses and regular verbs mostly correctly formed. Some problems in forming correct agreement of adjectives. Difficulty with irregular verbs, use of prepositions.

2 **Below** average

Persistent errors in tense and verb forms. Prepositions frequently incorrect. Recurrent errors in agreement of adjectives.

0-1 Poor

Little or no evidence of grammatical awareness. Most constructions incomplete or incorrect. Consistent and repeated error.

For questions 3 and 4, the 5 marks for the quality of language will be awarded globally for the whole performance on each set of answers. With regard to length, a concise answer containing all mark-bearing components for content is scored on the full range of marks for language, ie length does not determine the quality of language mark. An answer scoring 0 for content cannot score any language marks, and the total available on the whole set of answers will therefore be affected. The final total for language will be reduced on the following scale:

Answer(s) worth 2 or 3 scoring 0 for content: reduce final assessment by -1

Answer(s) worth 4 or 5 scoring 0 for content: reduce final assessment by -2

Answer(s) worth 6 or 7 scoring 0 for content: reduce final assessment by -3

Answer(s) worth 8 or 9 scoring 0 for content: reduce final assessment by -4

Note: A minimum of 1 mark for quality of language should be awarded if there are any content marks at all (ie 0 language marks only if 0 content marks).

[Total : 20]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	SPANISH – JUNE 2004	8665,
		8685, 9719

I	Page 4	Mark Scheme SPANISH – JUNE 2004	Syllabus 8665,	Pala
		Section 2	8685, 9719	Cally By
	ric: Cont	esta en español las siguientes pregun	tas, sin copiar frases c	Ompletas 1
)	Explica la	referencia en el primer párrafo a las mujeres emba		
	medio lit	tro de vino cada día/ es suficiente / para h	acer daño al feto	[1+1+1]
)	A la hora	de ser tratado por una enfermedad relacionada cor	n el alcohol, ¿qué debe hacer el	paciente?
	tiene que	nte tiene que cambiar su rutina diaria con e dejar de consumir el alcohol el hospital / la clínica	respecto a su cuerpo	[1] [1] [1]
)	Según lo d	que dice el sociólogo Javier Elzo en el tercer párraf	fo, ¿cuál es la causa más obvia	del alcoholismo?
		ncia contemporánea y cultural de la socie xplain 'la cultura del tiempo')	dad	2
)	Explica el	impacto de 'la sociedad competitiva' (Párrafo 4).		
	causado el fin de	s y la presión os por la cantidad del trabajo/estudio semana es para os bares y beber mucho		[1] [1] [1]
∍)		nión ¿ qué quiere decir Javier Elzo cuando afirma tión de concienciación'?	a que la solución al problema d	el alcoholismo es
	referenc	ll answers here to closing bars, giving people the nections own minds	essary information, having	[3] people make

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	SPANISH – JUNE 2004	8665,
		8685, 9719

Quality of Language: Accuracy (same as for questions 3 and 5)

5 Very good

www.PapaCambridge.com Consistently accurate. Only very few errors of minor significance. Accurate use of more complex structures (verb forms, tenses, prepositions, word order).

4 Good

Higher incidence of error than above, but clearly has a sound grasp of the grammatical elements in spite of lapses. Some capacity to use accurately more complex structures.

3 Sound

Fair level of accuracy. Common tenses and regular verbs mostly correctly formed. Some problems in forming correct agreement of adjectives. Difficulty with irregular verbs, use of prepositions.

2 **Below** average

Persistent errors in tense and verb forms. Prepositions frequently incorrect. Recurrent errors in agreement of adjectives.

0-1 Poor

Little or no evidence of grammatical awareness. Most constructions incomplete or incorrect. Consistent and repeated error.

For questions 3 and 4, the 5 marks for the quality of language will be awarded globally for the whole performance on each set of answers. With regard to length, a concise answer containing all mark-bearing components for content is scored on the full range of marks for language, ie length does not determine the quality of language mark. An answer scoring 0 for content cannot score any language marks, and the total available on the whole set of answers will therefore be affected. The final total for language will be reduced on the following scale:

Answer(s) worth 2 or 3 scoring 0 for content: reduce final assessment by -1

Answer(s) worth 4 or 5 scoring 0 for content: reduce final assessment by -2

Answer(s) worth 6 or 7 scoring 0 for content: reduce final assessment by -3

Answer(s) worth 8 or 9 scoring 0 for content: reduce final assessment by -4

Note: A minimum of 1 mark for quality of language should be awarded if there are any content marks at all (ie 0 language marks only if 0 content marks).

[Total : 20]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	SPANISH – JUNE 2004	8665,
		8685, 9719

- 5 Rubric: Escribe en español un máximo de 140 palabras para completar las do siguientes.
 - (a) Escribe un resumen de lo que se dice en los dos textos sobre los problemas relacionado con la adicción al alcohol y al tabaco.
 - (b) Pensando en la situación que existe en tu país, ¿cuál es tu opinión sobre los problemas que causan el abuso del alcohol y/o del tabaco?

(Nota: Escribe un máximo de 140 palabras)

Length of response

- Examiners make a rough estimate of the length by a quick calculation of the number of words on a line.
- If the piece is clearly too long, calculate the length more precisely.
- Then put a line through that part of the composition which exceeds 160.
- Marks will be totalled at the bottom in the following sequence:

Out of 10 for points scored in summary Out of 5 for personal response Out of 5 for language Total ringed out of 20

Content marks: Summary

The summary could include the following points (award 1 mark for each point covered up to a maximum of 10):

- hoy hay más mujeres que fuman
- hay más mujeres ahora que sufren como consecuencia de enfermedades como el cáncer de pulmón
- · el cuerpo sufre a causa del tabaco
- la piel se pone seca y arrugada a causa del tabaco
- es difícil encontrar un equilibrio entre beber por razones sociales y beber cantidades excesivas de alcohol
- el alcohol afecta a la mujer embarazada y al feto
- el consumo del alcohol tiene una relación con el cáncer de boca etc
- el alcohol puede causar más delincuencia
- specific reference to disease
- increase in weight
- the culture of the particular society
- many people unable to guit smoking / drinking

10

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
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Content marks: Response to the Text

www.PapaCambridge.com Mark like a mini-essay according to the variety and interest of the opinions and vie expressed, the response to the original text stimulus and the ability to express a personal point of view. Further, more detailed guidance for particular questions will be given to examiners.

5 Very good

Varied and interesting ideas, showing an element of flair and imagination, a capacity to express a personal point of view.

Good 4

Not the flair and imagination of the best candidates, but work still shows an ability to express a range of ideas, maintain interest and respond to the issues raised.

A fair level of interest and ideas. May concentrate on a single issue, but there is still a response to ideas in the text.

2 **Below average**

Limited range of ideas; rather humdrum. May disregard the element of response to the text, and write a largely unrelated free-composition.

0-1 Poor

Few ideas to offer on the theme. Banal and pedestrian. No element of personal response to the text. Repeated error.

Quality of Language: Accuracy (same as for questions 3 and 4)

Very good

Consistently accurate. Only very few errors of minor significance. Accurate use of more complex structures (verb forms, tenses, prepositions, word order).

Good

Higher incidence of error than above, but clearly has a sound grasp of the grammatical elements in spite of lapses. Some capacity to use accurately more complex structures.

3 Sound

Fair level of accuracy. Common tenses and regular verbs mostly correctly formed. Some problems in forming correct agreement of adjectives. Difficulty with irregular verbs, use of prepositions.

2 **Below average**

Persistent errors in tense and verb forms. Prepositions frequently incorrect. Recurrent errors in agreement of adjectives.

0-1 Poor

Little or no evidence of grammatical awareness. Most constructions incomplete or incorrect. Consistent and repeated error.

[Total: 20]

5

GCE ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY AND ADVANCED LEVEL

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 40

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 8685/9719/3

Spanish (Essay)

Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	LITERATURE (SPANISH) – JUNE 2004	8685, 9719

				www
Pag	e 1	Mark Scher		Syllabus
		LITERATURE (SPANISH	l) – JUI	NE 2004 8685, 9719 🔪
		COMPONEI	NT 3: Es	Syllabus NE 2004 8685, 9719 ssay Content (out of 16) Very good
		Language (out of 24)		Content (out of 16)
21-24	Very g	good	14-16	Very good
	patterr	lent use of complex sentence ns, generally accurate, extensive ulary, good sense of idiom.		Detailed, clearly relevant and well illustrated; coherently argued and structured.
16-20	Good		11-13	Good
	of qui	ally sound grasp of grammar in spite te a few lapses; reads reasonably; attempt at varied vocabulary.		Sound knowledge and generally relevant; some ability to develop argument and draw conclusions.
10-15	Adequ	uate	7-10	Adequate
	labour	idency to be simple, clumsy or red; some degree of accuracy; opriate use of idiom.		Some knowledge, but not always relevant; a more limited capacity to argue.
5-9	Poor		3-6	Poor
		stently simple or pedestrian sentence ns with persistent errors; limited ulary.		Some attempt at argument, tends to be sketchy or unspecific; little attempt to structure an argument; major misunderstanding of question.
1-4	Very p	poor	1-2	Very poor
	evider	he simplest sentence patterns, little nce of grammatical awareness, very l vocabulary.		Vague and general, ideas presented at random.

GCE ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY AND ADVANCED LEVEL

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 75

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 8665/8673/9719/4

Spanish (Texts)

Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	SPANISH – JUNE 2004	8685,
		8673, 9719

COMPONENT 4: Texts

www.PapaCambridge.com Candidates will write their answers in the foreign language. Examiners will look for a candidate's ability to communicate effectively and will ignore linguistic errors which do not impede communication.

Passage based questions: examiners should consider the extent to which candidates have been able to identify the significant issues raised in the passage and, where appropriate, have applied these to the text as a whole. The passage is a stimulus passage, to be used as a springboard to give candidates a starting point for their answer. Examiners should allow candidates to use the passage as they choose, and ask themselves how successfully the candidates have manipulated their material and to what extent they have shown depth of awareness and knowledge of the workings of the text under discussion. This is not an exercise in literary criticism: examiners should reward candidates whose answers show good understanding of how a text works and how an author has conveyed the key issues.

Essay questions: a prime consideration is that candidates show detailed knowledge and understanding of the text.

Extracts from Examiners' Notes

This paper is intended to test candidates' knowledge of a text and their ability to use this knowledge to answer questions in a clear and focused manner. A sophisticated literary approach is not expected (though at the highest levels it is sometimes seen), but great value is placed on evidence of a firsthand response and thoughtful, personal evaluation of what candidates have read. Candidates may have been encouraged to depend closely on prepared notes and quotations: quotation for its own sake is not useful, though it will not be undervalued if used appropriately to illustrate a point in the answer.

Candidates do not tend to show all the qualities or faults described in any one mark-band. Examiners attempt to weigh all these up at every borderline, in order to see whether the work can be considered for the category above. At the lower levels, the answer may mention a few 'facts' but these may be so poorly understood, badly organised and irrelevant that it falls into category 10-11; or there may be just enough sense of understanding and focus for the examiner to consider the 12-13 band. Again, at a higher level, an answer may be clear, solid and conscientious (perhaps 18-19), without showing quite the control and attention to perceptively chosen detail which would justify 20 or more.

Examiners take a positive and flexible approach and, even when there are obvious flaws in an answer, reward evidence of knowledge and especially any signs of understanding and careful organisation.

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
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age 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	
	SPANISH – JUNE 2004	8685, 8673, 9719	
	o write 500-600 words for each of their answers. Can the 16-17 category in the marking scheme.	Syllabus 8685, 8673, 9719 andidates who write more than 6	
Marks	Description	1	
22+	Exceptional work. Excellent ability to organic considerable sensitivity to language and to au some literary techniques. Really articulate a considered in this band even if there are still flat.	and intelligent answers should b	
20-21	Very good. Close attention to detail of perceptive use of illustration, good insight whe look beyond the immediate material and t author's intentions and of underlying themes.		
Thoroughly solid and relevant work. Candidate does not simply re information: can discuss and evaluate material and come to clear cor Good focus on passages. Some limitations of insight but coherent, approach and aptly chosen illustrations.			
16-17	Painstaking. Sound knowledge of texts; may analyse and compare, some sense of understate of material; solid but indiscriminate. Many we into this category: they tend to write far too mout anything they have learnt.	anding. Possibly not in full contr very conscientious candidates fa	
14-15	Fair relevance and knowledge. Better org candidate probably understands the demands to develop a very thorough response. Still approach. Some narrative and 'learnt' materia below. Many candidates probably fall into this	of the question without being ab a fairly simple, black and whi al but better control and focus tha	
12-13	Sound, if simple and superficial, knowledge assertions without being able to illustrate or dependent on narrative and memorised oddr attempt to relate these to the question. Can from a set passage.	develop points. Probably still to ments but there may be a visib	
10-11	Some very basic material but not much sen answer question. The candidate rarely reads springboard for storytelling and memorised by Very general, unspecific approach. Rand organisation and relevance should be looked considered for the 12-13 category.	s the set passage but uses it as pits and pieces about character dom, bitty structure. Signs	
6-9	Marginally more knowledge here. The candid probably unable to see beyond the barest bon notes. Insubstantial; very little relevance. The with the language and will be unable to expres	nes of the plot or half-remembere he candidate may have problem	
0-5	No discernible material. Often very inadequat are awarded almost on the basis of quantity showing a glimpse of knowledge, 4 or 5 wher to the question. It is possible for a cardemonstrating no knowledge at all (have misunderstood background facts or very vageither text or question.	y: up to 3 for a sentence or two re there is also a hint of relevant indidate to write a whole page they read the book?), or on	