## StudentBounty.com MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2008 question paper

## 9395 TRAVEL AND TOURISM

9395/01

Paper 1 (Core), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2008 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Co. er
	GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2008	9395	1.7%
			1002
No	Expected Answer	Mark	Focus

Q. No.	Expected Answer	Mark	Focus	AUNTA-COL
1 (a)	Identify which <b>one</b> of the 10 points refers directly to:	2	3.2	A 4
				.0
	(i) product knowledge			
	Award one mark for <b>No. 2</b> .		1	
	(ii) teamwork			
	Award one mark for <b>No. 10</b> .			
(b)	With reference to Fig. 1, describe how waiting staff are	4	3.2	AO1
x = J	expected to create good first impressions.			(2)
				AO2
	Award one mark for each of four valid statements, including		1	(2)
	appropriate development, about the creation of good first			
	impressions as indicated on Fig. 1. Correct responses will			
	include reference to:		1	
	smile – to create welcome greeting			
	<ul> <li>personal appearance – uniform &amp; tidy</li> </ul>			
	introduce self to guests			
	<ul> <li>have all equipment e.g. cloth, tray, pen &amp; order pad</li> </ul>			
	behave in professional & efficient manner			
(_)	Credit all valid points.	6		
(c)	Analyse <b>two</b> ways to monitor the effectiveness of the customer service provided by the waiting staff.	6	3.3	AO1 (2)
	Scivice provided by the waiting stall.			(2) AO3
	Award one mark for each of two valid identifications of ways			(4)
	and up to a further two marks for an appropriate explanation of			
	each. Correct ideas in this context include:		1	
	<ul> <li>observation by supervisor (1) – can provide both formal</li> </ul>			
	(1) & informal feedback (1)		1	
	<ul> <li>complaints (1) – written (1) &amp; in person (1)</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>customer survey (1) – comments about service they</li> </ul>			
	have received $(1)$ – highlights areas for improvement $(1)$			
	<ul> <li>mystery shopper (1) – formal feedback (1) allows</li> </ul>		1	
	benchmarking etc (1)		<u> </u>	
(d)	Explain <b>two</b> types of service encounter that the waiting staff in	4	3.1	AO1
	Fig. 1 will have with internal customers.			(2)
				AO2
	This is clearly set in Fig. 1's hospitality environment and the			(2)
	stated encounters must be appropriate. Award one mark for		1	
	the identification of each of two valid encounters and award a		1	
	second mark for each if appropriate explanatory development			
	is offered. The more obvious examples will include:			
	<ul> <li>kitchen staff (1) – collecting meals (1)</li> <li>bar staff (1) – collecting drinks (1)</li> </ul>		1	
	<ul> <li>bar staff (1) – collecting drinks (1)</li> <li>maitro d' (1) – complaints (1)</li> </ul>		1	
	maitre d' (1) – complaints (1) Credit all valid illustrations		1	
	Credit all valid illustrations.		1	

Page 3	Mark Sch	eme	Syllabu	Ye.	er
	GCE A LEVEL – Octobe	er/November 2008	9395	.3	10
					00
ar	th reference to travel and tourism e e familiar, assess how customer se proved.		pu 9 n	3.2	AO3
se ard typ thu job att	Indidates are expected to have many rvice within a chosen T&T organisate also expected to have precise known bes of service procedure within part is accept references to a particular to role contained therein. We should empting to explain how the particul nsideration have actually been ach	ation. Furthermore, the owledge about three ticular job roles. We ca company and/or types l reward candidates lar <b>improvements</b> unc	y in s of		(3) AO4 (3)
Le of Le se tre for the Le	the level of response criteria vel 1 (1–3 marks) will identify up to improved procedure providing som scriptive. vel 2 (4–6 marks) can be awarded lected procedures and we should e atment, indicating what has been o customer or organisation requirem ese for the higher marks. vel 3 (7–9 marks) can be awarded out service provision with due rewa	for an analysis of expect an appropriate done, to allow suitability nents – at least two of for evaluative commen	inly y		
(a) rai	nge of procedures followed, particu proved efficiency and thus improve tter answers will have a reasoned of scribe the main differences betwee	larly if these are relate d customer service. Th conclusion.	ne	1.4.3	AO1
Av on Ke	<ul> <li><i>ur operator.</i></li> <li><i>v</i>ard one mark for each of two valid e mark for two appropriate develop y ideas are:</li> <li>travel agent = <b>retailer</b> (1) – sell ancillary services (1)</li> <li>tour operator = <b>producer</b> (1) – together for sale (1)</li> <li><b>both</b> are in chain of distribution integrated to achieve economie edit all valid descriptions.</li> </ul>	oments about differenc ing travel products & puts holiday packages (1) – some are vertica	e.		
	entify the <b>two</b> brochures that are se vard one mark for each of: • Thomas Cook <u>winter</u> sun	eason-specific.	2	1.1	AO2

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	10	er
	GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2008	9395	13	05
				0
,	st advantages to Airmiles in operating through a call instead of retail outlets.	4	1.1	47
develo	one mark for each of four valid advantages, allowing pment, such as:			Bount
• (	ootential 24/7 operation – extended opening competitive advantage – automated call handling educed overheads – increased profit			
	economies of scale – purpose built call centre site all valid reasoning.			
l) Explai	n <b>three</b> advantages for destinations that are ports of call ise ships.	6	2.1	AO1 (3)
a furth	one mark for each of three valid advantages and award er mark for an appropriate explanation of each. Correct will include:			AO3 (3)
• 6	ncreased visitor numbers (1) – higher visitor spend (1) additional jobs (1) – less unemployment and under- employment (1)			
• i	additional demand (1) – increased multiplier effect (1) mproved infrastructure (1) – attract other cruise operators (1)			
	all valid reasoning. s the extent to which the hosting of major international	9	2.1	AO1
sportir	g events contributes to tourism development. You refer to specific examples with which you are familiar.		2.2	(3) AO3
knowle objecti Furthe that th be loca consid	topical and the candidate is being invited to apply their edge and understanding of tourism development ves and relate them to this sports tourism context. rmore, it is expected that the candidate will understand e impacts associated with hosting the event will tend to alised, rather than being evenly spread. We can credit eration of <b>all</b> appropriate international sporting events.			(3) AO4 (3)
• (	ts to be assessed and evaluated can include: economic political			
• 5	socio-cultural environmental			
Level ?	vel of response criteria (1–3 marks) candidates apply only limited or general edge and understanding and answers will be descriptive of			
destina Level 2	g event impacts and lack much focus on particular ations or the range of objectives host nations usually have. 2 (4–6 marks) candidates apply some of their knowledge iderstanding and will clearly attempt an analysis of 1 or 2			
key ob Level 3 hosting	jectives of sports tourism at particular destinations. 3 (7–9 marks) candidates offer a clear evaluation of how 9 sports tourism events have caused particular			
tourisn sustair	ation(s) to develop through diversification of the total n product. They have every chance of being self- ning. We should expect valid reasoned conclusion(s) for her marks and reward those who argue in an appropriate			

Fage 5	Page 5 Mark Scheme Syllabus					
•	GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2008	9395	1.3	20		
(a) Iden Ang	tify the <b>three</b> Chinese cities with direct flights to Los eles.	3	1.2	OUI		
•	rd one mark for each of: Beijing Shanghai		<u>ани</u> нения 1.2			
(b) Stat	Guangzhou e <b>three</b> services likely to be provided at the Los Angeles vention and Visitors Bureau in Beijing.	3	1.4.3	AO1		
appi • • •	rd one mark for the identification of each of three opriate services including: travel information about flights & transfers destination brochures/guides visa advice attraction details/flyers accommodation booking theme park tickets lit all valid suggestions.					
(c) With likel Awa mari expl •	reference to Fig. 3, explain <b>two</b> reasons why China is v to offer Los Angeles a large tourist market. rd one mark for the identification of each of two Chinese ket aspects from Fig. 3 and award a further mark for an anation of each. Valid responses include: 86,000 visit already (1) – expect 12% increase by 2010 (1) number of Chinese with ability to travel now 176 m (1) – 50 m increase over next 3 years (1) LA has second largest US Chinese community (1) – great VFR potential (1) lit all valid reasoning.	4	1.3	AO2 (2) AO3 (2)		
sect sect sect The facir and socia futur orga cano refer Use Leve obje abou Leve sele treat leas Leve	China National Tourism Administration (CNTA) is a public or organisation. Discuss the main objectives of public or tourism organisations. syllabus gives emphasis to the fact that the challenge of those responsible for Destination Management is to try ensure that tourism developments integrate with the other al and economic activities of the particular area so that e development will be sustainable. Public sector nisations are nationally funded for the common good and lidates will probably think in the Chinese context and make ence to economic, political and social aims & objectives. <u>level of response criteria</u> el 1 (1–2 marks) will identify up to two appropriate types of ctive, providing some detail but will be mainly descriptive ut features. el 2 (3–4 marks) can be awarded for an analysis of cted objectives and we should expect an appropriate ment, indicating suitability for tourism development, of at t two for the higher marks. el 3 (5–6 marks) can be awarded for evaluative comment ut the range of objectives related to different types of elopment need. The better answers will have a reasoned	6	1.4.2	AO2 (2) AO3 (2) AO4 (2)		

Page 6		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	%	er
		GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2008	9395	1.3	er A (3) AO4 (3)
(e)	Evaluat	e the significance of business tourism to the successfu	/ 9	22	0
(0)		oment of destinations. You should refer to specific		2.3	12
	example	es with which you are familiar.			A 2
					(3)
		ates should be aware that international tourist arrivals dan all-time record of 763 million in 2004 and that the			(3)
		of international tourist arrivals worldwide increased in			(3)
		73 million. Business travel accounted for 16% of all			
	-	ional visits. Furthermore, business tourism is resilient,			
	sustaina	able and creates quality employment opportunities. It			
	•	ates urban and resort areas – 40% of business visitors	i		
		vith their families on leisure trips. It stimulates inward			
		ent and facilitates significant export earnings. Over the			
		years there has been a 53% growth in all business acceeding the overall tourism growth rate. The			
		nce and incentive travel segments are predicted to			
		a faster rate than any other tourism sector to the year			
	2010. R	evenues from international business tourism are			
		ed to account for approximately 36% of total			
		ional tourism revenue by 2010. s could thus look at the above ideas in relation to the			
		nodel and the need to develop a sustainable tourism			
	product	•			
	produce				
		<u>el of response criteria</u>			
		(1–3 marks) candidates apply only limited or general			
		dge and understanding and answers will be descriptive			
		less facilities and lack much focus on particular tions or the range of products/services available to the			
		s traveller.			
		(4–6 marks) candidates apply some of their knowledge	•		
		derstanding and will clearly attempt an analysis of 1 or			
		effects of business tourism activities on particular			
	destinat		.		
		(7–9 marks) candidates offer a clear evaluation of how s tourism has caused particular destination(s) to			
		or rejuvenate themselves while, through diversification			
		otal tourism product, have every chance of being self-			
		ng. We should expect valid reasoned conclusion(s) for			
	-	her marks and give due credit to those who argue in an			
		iate manner against the suggestion.	<u> </u>		
(a)		) indicates that building development is taking place	4	2.2	AO1
		Hammamet. State <b>four</b> negative environmental that may result from this development work.			
		and may result non this development work.			
	Award o	one mark for each of four valid impacts such as:			
		bise pollution (construction work)			
	• vi	sual pollution (blocks of flats)			
		ongestion (building site access)			
		r pollution (increased traffic)			
		abitat destruction			
		creased litter & waste ater pollution			

Page 7		Mark Scheme		Syllabus		
		GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2008	9395	1.3	10	
					20	
(b)		<b>two</b> reasons for the appeal of the holiday properties in Fig. 4(b) to foreign owners.	4	1.3	AO	
	further of Correct • vi • lo • pr • co • as	one mark for each of two valid identifications and a one mark for an appropriate explanation of each. ideas include: ew $(1)$ – sea and/or marina $(1)$ cation $(1)$ – easy access to both $(1)$ restige $(1)$ – exclusive developments $(1)$ ost $(1)$ – price represented value $(1)$ set $(1)$ – investment growth $(1)$ I valid reasoning.			er Bounn AOS (2)	
(c)	Explain	<i>four</i> socio-economic impacts on the local community nay be caused by the Hammamet Yasmine Marina	8	2.2	AO2 (4) AO3 (4)	
	Fig. 4 w for each an appr • de se (1 • in • le • cc Ef • sc le • lo st	is an LEDC and the modern development shown in rill have brought a variety of problems. Award one mark of four valid identifications and a further one mark for opriate explanation of each. Correct ideas include: ecline of traditional employment opportunities $(1) - now$ ervice based $(1)$ easonality of employment $(1) - winter is quiet season)creased living costs (1) - locals cannot afford (1)akages (1) - foreign owned providers (1)onflicts with the host community (1) - Demonstrationfect (1)bodies problems, such as begging and prostitution (1) - ads to crime (1)ss of cultural identity (1) - leads to changes to familyructure etc (1)Ill valid negative socio-economic impacts.$				
(d)	were por This inv quite ap model of within e connect underst will influ major c • ag • ac • de	the reasons why mass market tourist destinations that opular in the 1980s and 1990s are now facing decline. The second dates to write in general terms but it would be opropriate to consider matters in terms of the Butler of destination evolution. The success of future tourism xisting mass market destinations is very much the with the way in which the industry's stakeholders and and incorporate the emerging critical trends that thence further development. Tourism is undergoing hanges; ging world population (western countries) etive life style of older traveller evelopment of emerging markets owing disposable income of the youth market segment creased awareness about impact of tourism on		1.3 2.3	AO1 (3) AO3 (3) AO4 (3)	

