UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

Student Bounty.com MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9395 TRAVEL AND TOURISM

9395/01

Paper 1 (Core Paper), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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Ouestion	Expected Despense	Mark Focus

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Question	Expected Response	Mark	Focus	13
1 (a)	Identify the following:			
(i)	The year tourism began in the Maldives. Award one mark for 1972.	1	1.2	AO2
(ii)	The recent occupancy rate for resort hotels in the Maldives. Award one mark for 70%(+).	1	1.2	AO2
(iii)	The largest generating market in 2003. Award one mark for Italy.	1	1.2	AO2
(iv)	The largest generating market in 2005. Award one mark for UK.	1	1.2	AO2
(b)	With reference to Fig. 1, justify where you would place the Maldives in terms of the Butler model of destination evolution for the period between 1972 and 1979. This requires the candidate to talk about: • exploration (1972 first tourists – 280 beds) • involvement (1979 30,000 tourists and 1690 beds) Use level of response criteria Level 1 (1 to 3 marks) for the identification/description of up to three key facts such as the above, with little or no explanation/analysis of appropriate Butler stages. Level 2 (4 to 6 marks) for the evaluation of the data leading to a justified choice from the above 2 stages and possibly development.		2.3	AO2 (3) AO4 (3)
(c)	Explain three positive economic impacts that the Maldives will have experienced as a result of tourism development. Award one mark for the identification of each of three economic impacts and award a further mark for a valid explanation of each, such as: • more jobs (1) – unemployment falls (1) • increased GDP (1) – more goods/services to meet rising demand (1) • more foreign exchange (1) – improves balance of payments (1) • increased incomes (1) – increased standard of living (1) • multiplier effect (1) – spread wealth (1) Credit all valid reasoning.	6	2.2	AO1 (3) AO3 (3)

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(d)	Discuss the factors that have contributed to the growth of international leisure travel in the last 30 years. Most answers will probably review changes over the years and factors at work include: • socio-economic changes – incomes, leisure time etc. • technology • new products & destinations Use level of response criteria Level 1 (1–3 marks) – The candidate identifies/describes the different factors. Level 2 (4–6 marks) – The candidate explains/analyses one (at lower end of the range) or more factors. Level 3 (7–9 marks) – The candidate assesses/evaluates more than one valid factor, reaching a justifiable conclusion.	9	1.3	AC (3) AO4 (3)
2 (a)	Fig. 2 shows a member of staff attending to the needs of a pre-booked group of external customers. Identify four ways in which the likely needs of the group have been met by the hospitality provider. Award one mark for each of four valid identifications based on Fig. 2, such as; • group seated together • table been reserved • food service • beverage service • window table etc. Allow all valid comments applicable to the scenario given for Fig. 2.	4	3.1	AO2
(b)	Explain three customer service skills needed by the member of staff shown in Fig. 2. Award one mark for the identification of each of three appropriate skills and award a further mark for a valid explanation of each, such as: • communication skills (1) – informing guests (1) • languages (1) – international setting (1) • numeracy (1) – dealing with cash (1) • H&S (1) – accidents (1) • service skills (1) – serving food etc. (1) Credit all valid reasoning.	6	3.2	AO1 (3) AO3 (3)
(c)	The customers shown in Fig. 2 are each issued with a guest comment card. Explain three advantages of this to the hospitality provider. Award one mark for the identification of each of three appropriate advantages and award a further mark for a valid explanation of each, such as: • primary data (1) – live opinions (1) • allows monitoring (1) – aid to benchmarking (1) • managers can identify areas for improvement (1) – increase customer satisfaction levels (1) • cost (1) – cheap and easy to do (1) • generates data (1) – use in marketing (1) Credit all valid reasoning.	6	3.3	AO1 (3) AO3 (3)

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ı ugu		A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2009		895	13	1.3
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(d)	which you are fa which quality cu different job role This is very spec studied the delive within a chosen of	to one travel and tourism organisati amiliar, compare and contrast the wastomer service is delivered by staffes. es. eific and candidates are expected to have ery of customer service by three types organisation. It must be clearly referent and there must be comparison/contras	rays in f in two of staff need to a	9	3.2	AC (3) AO4 (3)
	two different job Level 2 (4–6 mar ways in which on quality service. A 5–6 marks. Level 3 (7–9 mar two jobs in terms one valid compar	ks) – The candidate identifies/describe	s the des eded for es the ore than			
3 (a)	Award one mark from Fig. 3: to be wide the world providing our hotels progress business the world to create	exceptional customer satisfaction in estowards operating 10,000 rooms in macentres and key leisure destinations at the most luxurious secluded hotel in Coh will blend in perfectly with its natural	alid aims I group in ach of ajor round	3	1.4.1 1.4.3	AO2
(b)	commercial org private sector of Award one mark characteristics sur- profit (1) generate make returned	for the identification of each of four value as: dividend for shareholders (1) urn on investment (1) are important (1) ven (1)	s of	4	1.4.1 1.4.2	AO1 (4)

Page	5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Sylla	abus	Top.	ęr
		GCE A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2009	93	95	.35	P
(c)	hotel In the impac opera	Mandarin Oriental Hotel Group's new Manzanillo will be built in a location next to a "protected" at a table below, circle the five negative environments that may result from its construction and ation. If one mark for each of: increase in noise levels litter traffic congestion panoramic view damage destruction of natural wildlife systems and breedin patterns	rea. ntal	5	2.2	OUNCE
(d)	can n impact Award methot explain	nin two ways in which the government of Costa Reminimise tourism's potential negative environments. If one mark for the identification of each of two valided and award a second mark for an appropriate matory comment about each, such as: planning controls (1) – restrict development in senareas (1) sustainability principles (1) – applied to aspects of development (1) visitor/traffic management (1) – schemes introduce key locations (1) audit (1) – to identify risk areas (1) tall valid reasoning.	ntal sitive	4	2.2	AO1 (2) AO3 (2)
(e)	feature Candi and a destine and fa factore image Use le Level differe Level lower Level	ne destination with which you are familiar, assesses that make it popular with tourists. Idates are expected to have made a study of a destination appeal. Valid aspects include destination feat action appeal. Valid aspects include destination feat actilities (both business and leisure) but also credit wis such as costs, promotional activity, media coverage etc. Evel of response criteria 1 (1–3 marks) – The candidate identifies/describes that factors/features. 2 (4–6 marks) – The candidate explains/analyses of end of the range) or more factors/features. 3 (7–9 marks) – The candidate assesses/evaluates one valid factor/feature reaching a justifiable concluster.	nation cing cures ider ge, the	9	1.4.3 2.3	AO1 (3) AO3 (3) AO4 (3)
4 (a)	Boliv in So that n	ia is a Less Economically Developed Country (List the America. Identify the four geographical regionake up the country. Identify one mark for the identification of each of the follow Andean Amazonian Pampa Valleys	EDC) ons	4	2.3	AO2

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	GCE A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2009	9395	17	12
(b)	Bolivia's tourism industry is starting to grow. To co this growth Bolivia has a National Tourism Plan. Us evidence from Fig. 4, suggest reasons why the total number of visitors is likely to stay within the country tourist carrying capacity. Award one mark for the identification of each of at least reasons (to a maximum of four reasons) but also award additional mark for an explanatory development of each this to the candidates advantage – crediting all valid poir such as: • plan promotes sustainability (1) – thus mass tou unlikely (1) • focus on 12 "star" destinations (1) – only limited development (1) • aims to double visitors in 5 yrs (1) – numbers rel low in real terms (1) Credit all valid suggestions based on Fig. 4.	two an – mark nts,	2.3	Ac (2)
(c) (i)	Bolivia's 2006 to 2011 National Tourism Plan has the slogan "Authenticity Still Exists". Explain the sociocultural benefits for the rural and indigenous communication on mark for the identification of each of at least to benefits (to a maximum of four) but also award an additionark for a development of each – mark this to the candidadvantage – crediting all valid points, such as: • additional jobs (1) – 70% of population (1) • government assistance (1) – turn into visitor attraction (1) • incomes will rise (1) – improved standard of living preservation of traditional ways (1) – stable communication (1) Credit all valid impact considerations.	unities. two onal dates actions g (1)	2.2	AO2 (2) AO3 (2)
(ii)	Explain how the natural environment benefits from to National Tourism Plan. Award one mark for the identification of each of at least to benefits (to a maximum of four) but also award an additionark for a development of each — mark this to the candidadvantage — crediting all valid points, such as: • plan focus on eco-regions (1) — 12 key locations identified (1) • sustainable approach to development (1) — will intourism at each of Lake Titicaca, lagoons, salt materials. (1) • management will equal preservation (1) — apply to locations (1) Credit all valid impact considerations.	two onal dates ofluence arshes	2.2	AO2 (2) AO3 (2)

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(d)	With reference to examples with which you are familiar, discuss the ways in which destinations may extend their season. A very open question that allows candidates to consider seasonality in terms of destination(s) they are familiar with. A good example is mountain/lake environment with winter sports and summer outdoor adventure activities or a traditional resort that has year round attractions and/or business tourism	9	1.1 1.4.3 2.3	AC (3) AO4 (3)
	facilities. <u>Use level of response criteria</u> Level 1 (1–3 marks) – The candidate identifies/describes the different methods/features. Level 2 (4–6 marks) – The candidate explains/analyses one (at lower end of the range) or more methods/features. Level 3 (7–9 marks) – The candidate assesses/evaluates more than one valid method/feature reaching a justifiable conclusion.			

Syllabus

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