UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

## StudentBounty.com MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2009 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 9395 TRAVEL AND TOURISM

9395/04

Paper 4 (Specialised Tourism), maximum raw mark 50

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version S		Se.	er
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2009	9395	17	8
Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Focus	Unx
1 (a)	Define the term 'eco-tourism'.	2	4.1	A
1	One mark for – any reference to damaging the environmer ecreational activity in natural surroundings. Second mark candidate adds social responsibility e.g., "eco or responsib ravel is travel to natural areas that conserves the environment and improves the well-being of local people."			Bounty
• •	Explain <i>two</i> ways in which Michelle and Andres have encouraged local tourism development projects.	4	4.1	AO2-2 AO3-2
	One mark for identification and a further mark for explanati	on.		
	<ul> <li>From:</li> <li>encouraging members to participate in industry (1) by opening hostels and restaurants in the area (1)</li> <li>providing interest-free loans (1) to a neighbour to help him start a horseback riding business</li> <li>organised a tourist transportation co-operative (1) with local vehicle owners (1)</li> <li>encourage locals to become guides (1) and take touris hiking (1)</li> </ul>			
	Assess the methods that could be used "to help bring raditional Andean folk music back into the area."	9	4.2	AO2–3 AO3–3 AO4–3
	Level of response 1, 2, 3 Level 1 (1–3) candidates identify methods Level 2 (4–6) candidates explain/analyse methods Level 3 (7–9) candidates assess methods			704-0
	<ul> <li>spreading crafts and techniques – i.e., educational val</li> <li>use of a lending library to allows many to use</li> <li>instruments and allows tourist to appreciate traditions</li> <li>and importance to culture of that area</li> <li>good for both tourists and community alike</li> <li>festivals</li> </ul>	ue		
	<ul> <li>exhibitions</li> <li>music Holiday themes</li> <li>or similar</li> </ul>			

				S	E.	
Page 3		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syl	labus	90	er
		GCE A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2009		395	12	2
(d)	the imp	cuss how ecologically friendly organisations, such a Black Sheep Inn, can have a positive environmental act at both a local and national level. You should r to examples with which you are familiar.		10	4.1	er Bounny
	Leve cand loca Leve cand loca Leve cand leve Fror • •	els of response 1, 2, 3 el 1 (1–3) didates identify positive environmental impacts at either I or national level el 2 (4–6) didates explain/analyse positive environmental impacts a I and/or national level el 3 (7–10) didates discuss positive impacts at both local and nation I; top level must be judgemental statement	nal			
2 (a)	"thr purs One • •	bing is an example of a land-based adventure tourise ill pursuit". Give three other examples of such 'thril suits'. e mark for one suggestion from: kayaking white water rafting snorkelling scuba diving imilar		3	4.3	AO2
(b)	Exp prev One expl Fror • 6 • 2 • 1 • 1 • 1 • 1 • 1 • 1	bing takes place over large areas of countryside. lain three policies that could be implemented to help vent negative environmental impacts of zorbing. e mark for each identification with a further mark for lanation. m: education zoning – dedicated areas and created specifically for pursuit work on habitat preservation regeneration and conservation carrying capacity principles of sustainability imilar		3×2	4.2 4.3	AO1–3 AO3–3

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	20	er
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2009	9395	.3	8
ad	plain <i>thr</i> ee ways in which the rapid growth in venture tourism may create negative socio-cultural pacts.	3×2	4.3	Bounty.
	e mark for up to three ways with a further two marks for emplification per way.			
vis de cre tha	is of privacy (1) itor congestion (1) monstration effect (1) eates unhappiness within host country (1) at leads to a lack of cultural appreciation (1) similar			
ha	th reference to <i>one</i> adventure tourism activity you ve studied, discuss its economic impacts on the loca mmunity.	10 I	4.1 4.2 4.3	AO2–3 AO3–3 AO4–4
Le ca tou Le ca tou Le ca	swers can be positive or negative impacts. vels of response 1, 2, 3 vel 1 (1–3) ndidates identify economic impacts of one adventure urism activity vel 2 (4–6) ndidates explain the economic impacts of one adventure urism activity vel 3 (7–10) ndidates discuss the economic impacts of one adventure urism activity			
Frc • • •	om: income generation job creation economic development for the area and community as whole development of infrastructure over dependency of the adventure tourism leakage of wealth	a		
•	brought in labour/expertise similar			