UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

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for the guidance of teachers

9395 TRAVEL AND TOURISM

9395/01

Paper 1 (Core Paper), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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Ŭ		GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9395	1.2	10
Q. No.	Exped	ted Answer	Mark	Focus	OL
(a)	Photo custo intern by ide listed	ographs A, B and C in Fig. 1 were taken in different mer service environments within a large ational 5-star resort. Complete the following table entifying which photograph was taken in each of the customer service environments.	3	Focus 3.2	
	•	Al fresco dining terrace = A Beachfront = B.			
(b)	trainin resort Award valid a approp	ree members of staff will have had customer service ng. State and explain two likely advantages to the t of providing staff with such training. I one mark for the correct identification of each of two advantages and then award a second/third mark for an priate explanatory comment and	6	3.2	AO1 (2) AO3 (4)
	generi showr	opment/amplification of each. The advantages can be ic or contextualised within the likely job roles of the staff in the photographs. Either approach (or a mixture) is thy acceptable.			
	Correct • •	ct responses may include aspects of the following: better served customers (1) – needs met (1) therefore likely to repeat (1). set service standards (1) – allows for benchmarking (1) a basis for staff monitoring and evaluation (1). staff skills increased (1) – increased loyalty (1) higher employee satisfaction (1). organisation meets its aims/objectives (1) – values and attitudes domenstrated (1) atoff are over a f			
	Credit	and attitudes demonstrated (1) staff are aware of ways of dealing with customers who have specific needs (1) e.g. people who have impaired vision, mobility problems, hearing impairment etc. all valid reasoning.			
(c)	could	<u>three</u> methods by which the resort management monitor staff delivering customer service.	3	3.3	AO1
	Award from: • •	I one mark for the correct identification of each of three informal feedback (from customers, staff, management, non-users) surveys (of customers, staff, management, non- users) responses placed in suggestion boxes focus groups mystery shopper reports direct observation.			

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(d)	how the synanalyse assession need to tourism service	<u>he</u> of the methods given in part (c), describe fully he monitoring process is likely to operate. Allabus clearly states that Candidates need to be able to se how organisations in the travel and tourism industry is the quality of their customer service and that they to know how these techniques are used by travel and m organisations in order to develop their customer- e provision. Point mark and credit to a maximum of four		3.3 A	(Inty.com)
	metho Obser note s	valid descriptive statement appropriate to the selected d. For example: rvation – Managers will watch staff in action (1) and trengths/weaknesses (1). At a staff review meeting (1) s for improvement will be set (1).			

Page	4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabu	%	er
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					0
e)	with wh	erence to <u>one</u> travel and tourism organisation ich you are familiar, discuss the role played by rk in delivering quality customer service.	9	3.2	er A (3) AO4 (3)
	depende each oth commen bringing that all e which is efficient chain. A and cons External relations the servi improved	ity of service provided to external customers is ent on how employees within the organisation treat er. The customer service becomes a number of links cing with the external request from a customer and together all the people involved. This process means mployees within an organisation are part of a chain improved with better teamwork, employee care and communication between members involved in the team approach to customer service requires respect sideration from colleagues within the organisation. service is influenced by the quality of internal hips within a team. There are various ways in which ce between individuals in the workplace can be d to the benefit of the external customer. Employee participation in the decision-making process and listening to suggestions regarding improvement of services. Removal of barriers between departments. This is	,		(3) AO4 (3)
	• The can identifiat	where members of each team are aware of the work of other teams. Employees practise a policy of good relationships between each other which is reflected in the service provided to external customers. Making informed decisions. didate must set their ideas in the valid context of an ole organisation otherwise 6 max will apply.			
	<u>Use leve</u>	l of response criteria			
	up to thr travel an Level 2 [4 marks about tea custome [5–6 mar commen aspects. Level 3 [7 marks commen aspects operatio	 (1 to 3 marks) – The candidate identifies/describes ee valid aspects of teamworking within an identifiable d tourism organisation. (4 to 6 marks)] – The candidate makes valid analytical comment(s) amwork in relation to one aspect of the organisation's r service. rks] – The candidate makes valid analytical t(s) about teamwork in relation to two or more (7 to 9 marks)] – The candidate makes valid evaluative t(s) in relation to the role of teamwork in one or more of the chosen organisation's customer service hal efficiency. 	5		
	commen conclusi	rks] – The candidate makes valid evaluative t(s) in relation to two or more aspects and comes to a on as to which aspects of teamworking are most nt to the organisation's delivery of customer service.	a		

Pag	je 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	%	er
		GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9395	.3	10
(0)	Idontif	w three countries which chars a horder with Angela	3	12	0
(a)	Identii	y <u>three</u> countries which share a border with Angola	3	1.5	17,
	Award from:	one mark for the correct identification of each of three		1.3	
	•	Namibia			
	•	Zambia			
	•	The Republic of the Congo			
	•	The Democratic Republic of the Congo.			
(b)	three	only information from Fig. 2, identify and explain ways in which Angola is at the Exploration Stage of itler model of destination evolution.	6	2.3	AO2 (3) AO3
	appreo relative	very specific in that candidates are expected to state that during "Exploration" a destination begins as a ely unknown location and visitors initially come in small ers restricted by lack of access, facilities , and local edge.			(3)
	Fig. 2	clearly indicates: low numbers (particularly Africa and Middle East) little infrastructure war zone until 2002 lack of tourism facilities e.g. transport.			
	valid E the An Fe W	one mark for the correct identification of each of three xploration characteristics and award a second mark for gola contextualisation, e.g.: ew leisure tourists (1) only 1860 from Middle East (1). ar until 2002 (1) destroyed infrastructure so lacks cilities (1). Little development (1) only Luanda (1).			
(c)	agreer	y and explain <u>two</u> ways in which Angola's joint nent with Namibia will benefit the development of m in the country.	4	1.4.2	AO2 (2) AO3
	agreer	one mark for each of two valid identifications about the nent and award a second mark for an appropriate atory comment about each. Correct responses will			(2)
	•	Simplified migration procedures (1) will allow easier cross-border travel (1).			
	•	Establish a joint tourism market (1) will increase attractiveness as a destination (1).			
	•	Increased security in place (1) will make visitors feel safer (1).			
	•	Harmonise tourism classification (1) acts as a quality control mechanism (1).			
	•	Share tourism information (1) allow the development of target marketing (1).			

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		* • • •		1.4	8
(d)		<u>three</u> ways in which overseas visitors are likely to ence the traditional culture of a destination.	3	Audenie 1.4.3	"Un
	Award from:	one mark for the correct identification of each of three			
	•	historic buildings food			
	•	music			
	•	dance shows handicraft souvenirs.			
(e)	discu	eference to examples with which you are familiar, ss the ways in which tourism development can <u>negative</u> environmental impacts.	9	2.2	AO1 (3) AO3
		quite open and we can credit all types of <u>negative</u> <u>onmental</u> impact, such as: traffic congestion			(3) AO4 (3)
	•	erosion of natural resources pollution of air and water litter			
	•	increase in noise levels panoramic view damage			
	•	destruction of natural wildlife systems and breeding patterns.			
	progre	eric listing or simple description of valid impacts cannot ss beyond Level 1 and there must be identifiable bles of particular tourism developments for Level 2 and			
	<u>Use le</u>	vel of response criteria			
	to thre with to	1 (1–3 marks) – The candidate identifies/describes up e different negative environmental impacts associated urism development.			
	(at low Level more t	 2 (4–6 marks) – The candidate explains/analyses one ver end of the range) or more negative impacts. 3 (7–9 marks) – The candidate assesses/evaluates han one valid type of negative impact reaching ble conclusion(s). 			
(a)	ldenti Park.	fy <u>three</u> thrill rides in the Gold Reef City Theme	3	1.4.3	AO2
	Award	one mark for the correct identification of each of: Golden Loop Anaconda			
	•	Tower of Terror.			

Page	e 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	80.	er
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b)	With follov	reference to Fig. 3, identify and explain each of the ving:	4	1.1 1.4.3	oune
		ow the 'Ride the Weather' promotion might ncourage the early arrival of visitors		143	(2)
	a m	ward one mark for the identification of the link between dmission price and temperature and award a second tark for an explanation indicating that temperatures will be lower in early morning.		1.4.0	
		ow the Theme Park encourages secondary pending by visitors			
	a	ward one mark for the identification of F&B outlet vailability and award a second mark for an explanation dicating that all tastes/budgets are being catered for.			
(c)	orgar	Reef City Theme Park is a private sector isation. State <u>three</u> aims of private sector isations.	3	1.4.1	AO1
		d one mark for the correct identification of each of three private sector aims such as: profitability increased sales/revenue market share/competition survival share price quality and innovation image and reputation.			
(d)	which	than reading press releases, explain <u>three</u> ways in a tourists visiting Johannesburg are likely to find bout Gold Reef City Theme Park during their stay.	6	1.4.3	AO1 (3) AO3 (3)
	ways awaro	 I one mark for the identification of each of three valid (note that these must be within the destination) and a second mark for an appropriate explanatory ent about each. Correct ideas will include: TIC (1) – leaflets available (1). Hotel tour desk/concierge (1) – advice and make arrangements (1). Adverts in tourist publications (1) – entry vouchers etc (1). Posters (1) – seen around town (1). Internet (1) – site has links (1). VFR (1) – personal advice (1). 			
	1	TV adverts (1) – promotions (1).	1		

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				100
e)	Discuss the ways in which large visitor a new technology to improve the guest ex		9	1.3
	new technology to improve the guest ex	perience.		2
	Candidates should be aware that visitor att	ractions make use		(3)
	of new technology to improve the quality of	the visitor		AO4
	experience and to make their overall opera			(3)
	We should expect reference to both aspect			
	consideration of any of the following is perf	ectly valid:		
	The changing technology used by staff,	such as:		
	 booking systems 			
	 communication technology 			
	interactive exhibits			
	touch-screen tickets			
	• touch-screen access systems.			
	The visitors' experience of the role of te	chnology		
	such as:			
	 ICT resources for both staff and cu 	istomers, e.g.		
	Internet and touch-screens			
	exhibits			
	 viewing galleries 			
	• rides			
	simulation and virtual reality			
	 photography and sound effects use of robots in rides or exhibits and 	ad animated		
	figures	iu animaleu		
	 laser and computer-generated equ 	lipment		
	 film, music and lighting. 			
	Use level of response criteria			
	Level 1 (1–3 marks)			
	Candidates apply only limited knowledge a			
	and answers will be descriptive of types of			
	from either the attraction or visitor perspect	-		
	credit for the identification of appropriate ex Level 2 (4–6 marks)	amples.		
	Candidates apply some of their knowledge	and understanding		
	and will clearly attempt an analysis of at lea			
	lower end) or two applications of visitor attr	•		
	clearly indicating the improvement being a	ichieved.		
	Level 3 (7–9 marks)			
	Candidates use their knowledge and under	-		
	attractions to offer a clear discussion/evaluation which the use of new technology can held			
	in which the use of new technology can hel improved customer satisfaction and better			
	procedures. We should expect a valid reas	•		
	for the higher marks.			

Page	9 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	Syllabu 9395	Sen.	er -
(a)	The Healthcare Travel Exhibition and Congress is an example of a business tourism event. Identify the <u>fou</u> different types of exhibitor that attended the Singaporevent. Award one mark for the correct identification of each of the following, itemised on Fig. 4: I leading medical suppliers healthcare travel facilitators medical spas hospitals.	he 4	Atudent 1.1	ount
(b)	 Identify and explain two factors that are encouraging development of medical tourism in Asian countries. Fig. 4 is quite clear about this and we should award one for the identification of each of two valid factors and awa second mark for an appropriate explanatory comment at each, such as: Demand (1) – costs up to 90% cheaper than US UK (1). Rising standards of care (1) – adoption of new technology increasing (1). Credit all valid reasoning around these two points. 	mark rd a pout	1.3	AO2 (2) AO3 (2)
(c)	Many of the delegates attending the Singapore event stay at hotels that provide particular services for the business travel guests. In the table below, circle the services that are most likely to be important for busi travel guests. Award one mark for the correct identification of each of: Express check-out Wi-Fi internet.	ir <u>two</u>	1.3	AO1

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				°
	ss the reasons why many destinations want to ase business tourism.	6	2.1	"Ung
comp destin faster signifi 2.5 tir expec	rences, exhibitions and trade fairs are important onents of the tourism economy of many international ations. Furthermore, business tourism is growing at a rate than leisure tourism and, perhaps more cantly, the average conference delegate spends some nes more than the average holiday visitor. It is to be ted that many destinations will try and maximise their ess tourism receipts.		2.1	(2) AO4 (2)
<u>Use le</u>	evel of response criteria			
reaso Level select benef Level about	 1 (1–2 marks) will identify up to two appropriate ns, providing some detail but will be mainly descriptive. 2 (3–4 marks) can be awarded for an analysis of ed reasons, clearly indicating how the destination will it as a result of business tourism. 3 (5–6 marks) can be awarded for evaluative comment the significance/importance of particular reasons. The answers will have a reasoned conclusion. 			
	ne destination with which you are familiar, assess asons why it is popular with overseas visitors.	9	1.4.3	AO1 (3) AO3
If the	y the details must be specific to the destination chosen candidate writes in simply generic terms then 6 max will All attractions (natural and man-made) are valid.			(3) AO4 (3)
<u>Use le</u>	evel of response criteria			
Candi an ide featur (if pre concle Level Candi identi under explai the na Level Candi and ir	 1 (1–3 marks) dates identify some valid reasons for the popularity of entifiable destination. Information may be a list of es, explanations are incomplete and arguments partial sent) and lack coherent organisation or reasoned usions. There is little or no attempt to assess/evaluate. 2 (4–6 marks) dates identify a number of valid reasons relating to an iable destination and candidates will show an standing of the question and include nations/analysis of a number of these, clearly indicating ture of the appeal. 3 (7–9 marks) dates will show a clear understanding of the question include detailed identification and explanation of ular attractions, clearly indicating their relative 			