CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

9686 URDU

9686/02

Paper 2 (Reading and Writing), maximum raw mark 70

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2014 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2014	9686	02

1 5 Sentences clearly showing meaning of given words 5 × 1 mark

Sentence must not be lifted from the text. The meaning must be clear.

[5]

2 Synonyms $5 \times 1 \text{ mark}$

متر ادف

الفاظ

These should NOT be phrases. These MUST also be the correct grammatical part of speech.

5

If candidate writes two words and ONE is wrong – 0 marks

امير - پيپ والا ،مال دار ، دولتمند وغير ه متيجه - انجام شخص ـ فر ديا آدمي

شروع-ابتدایا

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2014	9686	02

3 Comprehension Questions. Suggested Answers

ا: پہلے پیرا گراف کے مطابق اگر حکومت نیکس نہ لے تو کیا ہو گا؟ تین با تیں لکھیے۔ حکومت نہیں چل سکتی۔(۱) اور کوئی ک ۲ جوابات: صحت یا تعلیم یاامن وامان کے لیے پیسے موجو د نہیں ہو گئے۔

> ب: مصنف نے کیوں لکھا ہے کہ "منظر بنسی آ جاتی ہے"؟ دومثالیں دیجے۔ (کچھ ٹیکس عجیب وغریب لگتے تھے(ا)۔ ٹوبی پر ٹیکس(ا)۔ داڑھی پر ٹیکس(ا

: ج نج (صرف امیر لوگ داڑھی رکھ سکتے بتھے (ایک)۔ کیونکہ داڑیوں پر ٹیکس لگا گیا تھاا(ایک

د: عد الت میں ملزم نے و کیل کی ٹو ٹی کیوں و کھائی؟ تین ہاتیں لکھیے۔ (و کیل کی ٹو پی میں نکٹ خیس تھا(ایک)۔(ٹو پی پر ٹیکس لگایا گیاتھا(ایک) و کیل کوشر مندہ کرنے یانچ کو بتائے(ایک) ھ: گاندھی جی لوگوں کو ساحل سمندر پر کیوں لے گئے؟ دوبا تیں لکھیے۔

(نمك كالنے كے ليے (ايك) ـ راج كے ظاف احتجاج كرنے كے ليے۔ (ايك) راج نے نمك پر فيكس لكايا (ايك) ـ ـ (ايك

د:عبارت کے مطابق گاندھی جی کے اس عمل کے کیااٹرات رونماہوئے؟ (انگریزوں کواحساس ہونے لگا کہ ہندوستان کے عوام اُن کو نکالناچاہتے تتھے۔(ایک)اور چندسال بعد برصگیر کو آزادی ملی(ایک

[Total: 15 + 5 for accuracy = 20 marks]

Page 4	nge 4 Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2014	9686	02

Quality of Language - Accuracy (Question 3)

5	Very Good	Consistently accurate. Only very few errors of minor significance. Accurate use of more complex structures (verb forms, tenses, prepositions, word order).
4	Good	Higher incidence of error than above, but clearly has a sound grasp of the grammatical elements in spite of lapses. Some capacity to use accurately more complex structures.
3	Sound	Fair level of accuracy. Common tenses and regular verbs mostly correctly formed. Some problems in forming correct agreement of objectives. Difficulty with irregular verbs, use of prepositions.
2	Below Average	Persistent errors in tense and verb forms. Prepositions frequently incorrect. Recurrent errors in agreement of adjectives.
0-	1 Poor	Little or no evidence of grammatical awareness. Most constructions incomplete or incorrect. Consistent and repeated error.

Note re questions 3 and 4: The five marks available for quality of language are awarded globally for the whole performance on each set of answers.

A concise answer, containing all mark-bearing components for content is scored on the full range of marks for language, i.e. length does not determine the quality of language mark.

An individual answer scoring 0 for content cannot contribute to the overall Quality of Language mark. This means that the total mark out of 5 available on the whole set of answers is reduced on the following scale:

Answer(s) worth a total of 2 or 3 scoring 0: reduce final assessment by 1 Answer(s) worth a total of 4 or 5 scoring 0: reduce final assessment by 2 Answer(s) worth a total of 6 or 7 scoring 0: reduce final assessment by 3 Answer(s) worth a total of 8 or 9 scoring 0: reduce final assessment by 4

Note: A minimum of one mark for Quality of Language should be awarded if there are any content marks at all (i.e. 0 language marks only if 0 content marks).

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2014	9686	02

4 Comprehension

ا: کن چیزوں سے زکوۃ کاموازنہ نہیں کیاجا سکتا؟ تین ہاتیں لکھیے۔ ان میں سے کوئی تین: خیرات نہیں۔ کیکس نہیں۔(ا)امداد نہیں۔(ا)عبادت گاہ کی آمدنی نہیں۔(ا) صدقہ نہیں(ا)

ب: مغرب میں لوگ ذکو ق کے بارے میں کیا مجھتے ہیں اور ان کی رائے غلط کیوں ہے؟ حساب کتاب کے ذریعے اس میں کوئی تبدیلی خبیں کی جاسکتی۔ (۱) ووسیجھتے ہیں کہ کسی متسم کا ٹیکس ہے (۱)

> ج: عمارت کے مطابق زکوۃ کے کیا مقاصد ہیں؟ (معاشرے میں فلاح وبہبود۔(۱)روحانیت پر اچھااٹر پڑنا۔(۱

د:عبارت کے مطابق زکوۃ اداکرنے والوں کو کن باتوں کا خیال رکھنا چاہیے؟ (زکواۃ کے مسائل سیکھنا۔(۱) نیت میں اخلاص پیدا کرنا۔(۱) سوچ سمجھ کر صبح جگہ پر اداکرنا۔(۱) دینے والے پر احسان نہیں۔(ا

> ھ: 'ٹائتھ' کے کہتے ہیں؟ دوبا تیں لکھیے۔ (آیدنی یااناج کاد سوال حصہ (۱)جوعیسائی ادارے کوماتاہے (ا

و:عبارت کے مطابق ذکوۃ اور 'ٹاکیتھ' میں کیا فرق ہے؟ (فلاح وہبیو د کے لیے نہیں۔(۱)عیسائی رہنمائوں اور پادریوں کے لیے استعال ہو تا تھا۔(۱) جواب میں دونوں چیز وں کا تذکر وضر وری ہے۔

[Total: 15 + 5 for accuracy = 20 marks]

Page 6	Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2014	9686	02

Quality of Language – Accuracy (Question 4)

5	Very Good	Consistently accurate. Only very few errors of minor significance. Accurate use of more complex structures (verb forms, tenses, prepositions, word order).
4	Good	Higher incidence of error than above, but clearly has a sound grasp of the grammatical elements in spite of lapses. Some capacity to use accurately more complex structures.
3	Sound	Fair level of accuracy. Common tenses and regular verbs mostly correctly formed. Some problems in forming correct agreement of objectives. Difficulty with irregular verbs, use of prepositions.
2	Below Average	Persistent errors in tense and verb forms. Prepositions frequently incorrect. Recurrent errors in agreement of adjectives.
0-	1 Poor	Little or no evidence of grammatical awareness. Most constructions incomplete or incorrect. Consistent and repeated error.

Note re questions 3 and 4: The five marks available for quality of language are awarded globally for the whole performance on each set of answers.

A concise answer, containing all mark-bearing components for content is scored on the full range of marks for language, i.e. length does not determine the quality of language mark.

An individual answer scoring 0 for content cannot contribute to the overall Quality of Language mark. This means that the total mark out of 5 available on the whole set of answers is reduced on the following scale:

Answer(s) worth a total of 2 or 3 scoring 0: reduce final assessment by 1 Answer(s) worth a total of 4 or 5 scoring 0: reduce final assessment by 2 Answer(s) worth a total of 6 or 7 scoring 0: reduce final assessment by 3 Answer(s) worth a total of 8 or 9 scoring 0: reduce final assessment by 4

Note: A minimum of one mark for Quality of Language should be awarded if there are any content marks at all (i.e. 0 language marks only if 0 content marks).

Page 7	Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2014	9686	02

5 Comprehension Essays

These are marked according to published mark grid s on page 7 and 8

Material MUST be drawn from both passages. Maximum of 7 items from one passage

دوسرى عبارت	پېلى عبارت
اسلام کاایک بنیادی ستون۔ ز کوة دینااسلامی فرض۔	منکس حکومت کی طرف سے ہے۔
فیکس اور ز کواة میں بہت فرق ہے۔	حکومت کو چلانے کے لیے ہے۔
ز کوۃ فیکس نہیں ہے۔	اس کے بغیر حکومت نہیں چل سکتی۔
دیے سے پہلے خاص ہاتوں کا خیال رکھناضر وری ہے۔	نہ دینے پر قانونی سزائیں۔
ز کوۃ دینے والے کوبر کت ملتی ہے۔	آيدني كامقرره حصه -
ز کوۃ فلاح و بہبود کے لیے۔	نائتھ ایک خاص فشم کا نیکس سمجھا جاتا تھا۔
روحانی اثر پڑتا ہے۔	موجو دہ دنیاہے متعلق
آخرت ہے متعلق۔	

Candidates need to give own opinion and justify/explain it.

Response should be only 40 words long so not much detail can be given.

Award 2 marks for own opinion, 1 mark for one reason – 3 marks for 2 reasons. [5]

[Total: 15 + 5 for accuracy = 20 marks]

[Total for Paper 2: 70 marks]

[10]

Page 8	Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2014	9686	02

Response to the passage (Question 5)

This should be marked as a mini-essay according to the variety and interest of the opinions and views expressed, the candidate's response to the original text stimulus, and their ability to express a personal point of view.

Additional guidance on marking specific questions will be given to examiners.

5	Very Good Varied and interesting ideas, showing an element of flair and imagination, a capacity to express a personal point of view.
4	Good Not the flair and imagination of the best candidates, but work still shows and ability to express a range of ideas, maintain interest and respond to the issues raised.
3	Sound A fair level of interest and ideas. May concentrate on a single issue, but there is still a response to ideas in the text.
2	Below Average Limited range of ideas; rather humdrum. May disregard the element of response to the text, and write a largely unrelated free-composition.
0–1	Poor Few ideas to offer on the theme. Banal and pedestrian. No element of personal response to the text. Repeated error.

Quality of Language – Accuracy (Question 5)

5	Very Good	Consistently accurate. Only very few errors of minor significance. Accurate use of more complex structures (verb forms, tenses, prepositions, word order).
4	Good	Higher incidence of error than above, but clearly has a sound grasp of the grammatical elements in spite of lapses. Some capacity to use accurately more complex structures.
3	Sound	Fair level of accuracy. Common tenses and regular verbs mostly correctly formed. Some problems in forming correct agreement of objectives. Difficulty with irregular verbs, use of prepositions.
2	Below Average	Persistent errors in tense and verb forms. Prepositions frequently incorrect. Recurrent errors in agreement of adjectives.
0-	1 Poor	Little or no evidence of grammatical awareness. Most constructions incomplete or incorrect. Consistent and repeated error.