Centre Number Candidate Number Name

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

ACCOUNTING

0452/03

Paper 3

October/November 2006

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use		
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
Total		

This document consists of 15 printed pages and 5 blank pages.

1 The following Trial Balance was extracted from the books of Salem Ahmed at 31 July

		1/2	For Examiner's Use
2		N.D.	1
		Do	For Examiner's
ing Trial Balance was extracted from the bo	oks of Salem Ah	med at 31 July	Use
-			The land
	\$	\$	Or.
Capital		62 000	82
Drawings	7 200		, co
Premises at cost	38 000		On
Fixtures at valuation	7 800		
Equipment at cost	5 000		
Provision for depreciation of equipment		950	
Provision for doubtful debts		130	1
Debtors	9 000		
Bad debts recovered		170	
Creditors		7 970	
Bank		4 755	
Stock 1 August 2005	10 260		
Sales		89 500	
Purchases	65 700		
Sales returns	1 100		
Carriage outwards	210		
Discount allowed	600		
Discount received		610	
Administration expenses	<u>21 215</u>		
	<u>166 085</u>	<u>166 085</u>	

Additional information

- During the year ended 31 July 2006 Salem took goods costing \$1260 for his own use. No entries had been made in the accounting records.
- 2 The provision for doubtful debts is to be maintained at 2% of the debtors.
- 3 Equipment is to be depreciated at 10% per annum using the reducing balance method.
- Fixtures were valued at \$7250 on 31 July 2006. No fixtures were bought or sold during the year ended 31 July 2006.
- Because of illness, Salem was unable to value the stock on 31 July 2006. Salem's gross profit margin is 25%.

REQUIRED

Prepare the Trading and Profit and Loss Account of Salem Ahmed for the year ended 31 July 2006.

The value of the stock on 31 July 2006 should be clearly shown in the Trading Account.

A Balance Sheet is **not** required.

Salem Ahmed Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 July 2006

Salem Ahmed Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 July 2006	For Examiner's Use
	COM
	1
[18]	

[Total: 18]

www.PapaCambridge.com 2 Amina Nawaz is a sole trader. Her financial year ends on 31 August. The trial prepared on 31 August 2006 showed a shortage on the credit side of \$1450. Amina en this in a suspense account.

The following errors were later discovered:

- Goods costing \$750, taken by Amina for her own use, had been debited to her 1 drawings account, but no other entry had been made.
- \$250 paid to Sabina Khan had been debited to the account of Robina Khan, another creditor, in the purchases ledger.
- \$150 received in cash from a debtor, whose account had been written off in 2005, had been debited to both the cash account and bad debts account.

REQUIRED

(a) Prepare the entries in Amina Nawaz's journal to correct the above errors.

Narratives are **not** required.

Journal		
	Debit \$	Credit \$
	•••••	
	•••••	
	•••••	

(b) Prepare the suspense account in Amina Nawaz's ledger to show the amendments. Start with the balance arising from the difference on the trial balance

www.PapaCambridge.com Where a traditional "T" account is used it should be balanced or totalled as necessary. Where a three column running balance account is used the balance column should be up-dated after each entry.

	Suspense account
	[5]
(c)	Using your answer to (b) state whether you consider that all the errors on Amina's books have been discovered. Give a reason for your answer.
	[2]

www.PapaCambridge.com Amina Nawaz has a large number of debtors. She is considering preparing monthly accounts for her sales ledger. She believes that this will help to locate errors if the balance fails to balance.

REQUIRED

(d)	State three advantages to Amina of preparing a sales ledger control account other than the location of errors.		
	(i) .		
	(ii) .		
	(iii) <u>.</u>		
			[3]
(e)	Expla	ain what is meant by a contra entry in connec	ction with control accounts.
			[2]
(f)			
		Item	Entry in sales ledger control account
	(i)	Sales returns	credit
	(ii)	Bad debts	
	(iii)	Provision for doubtful debts	
	(iv)	Interest charged on overdue account	
		<u> </u>	

[3]

[Total: 22]

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3 The accounts maintained by non-trading organisations such as clubs and societies use different terms to those used in the accounts of a trading business.

REQUIRED

www.PapaCambridge.com (a) Complete the following table to name the equivalent terms used by a non-trading organisation.

The first one has been completed as an example.

	Trading business	Non-trading organisation
(i)	Cash book	Receipts and Payments Account
(ii)	Net loss	
(iii)	Capital	
(iv)	Profit and Loss Account	

[3]

The treasurer of El Nil Sailing Club maintains a full set of accounting records. The following account appears in the ledger of El Nil Sailing Club.

2005 Aug 1 2006 July 31	Balance b/d Income & Expenditure	\$ 750 4500	2005 Aug 1 2006 July 31	Balance b/d Bank	\$ 300 5850
	Balance c/d	<u>900</u> 6150	2006 Aug 1	Balance b/d	6150 900

For candidates who are not familiar with the layout of the account shown above, an alternative presentation is provided.

Subscriptions account

	Debit	Credit	Balance
2005	\$	\$	\$
Aug 1 Balances	750	300	450 Dr
2006		====	= 400 0
July 31 Bank		5850	5400 Cr
Income & Expenditure	4500		900 Cr

REQUIRED

www.PapaCambridge.com (b) (i) Explain **each** of the following entries in the subscriptions account as it appears the ledger of El Nil Sailing Club. State where the double entry for **each** transaction would be made.

The first one has been completed as an example.

	2005 Aug 1	Balance \$300 Explanation	This is the total subscriptions paid by members during the financial year ended 31 July 2005 which relate to	
		Double entry	the following financial year. Debit subscriptions account for year ended 31 July 2005	
	2005 Aug 1	Balance \$750		
		Explanation		
	2006	Double entry		
	July 31	Bank \$5850		
		Explanation		
	2006	Double entry		
	July 31	Income and Exp	penditure \$4500	
		Explanation		
		Double entry	[6]	
(ii)	Explain the significance of the \$900 shown at the end of the subscriptions account and state where this amount will appear in El Nil Sailing Club's Balance Sheet at 31 July 2006.			
			[2]	

www.PapaCambridge.com The treasurer of El Nil Sailing Club provided the following information relating year ended 31 July 2006. All receipts were paid into the bank and all payments made by cheque.

\$
6 300 debit
13 000
90
280
750
560
690
420

Additional information

- Details of the subscriptions are provided in the subscriptions account shown above.
- 2 At 31 July 2006 insurance prepaid amounted to \$150 and general expenses outstanding amounted to \$30.

REQUIRED

(c) Using the information above and the subscriptions account shown earlier in the question, prepare the Receipts and Payments Account of El Nil Sailing Club for the year ended 31 July 2006.

El Nil Sailing Club

Receipts and Payments Account for the year ended 31 July 2006
[10]

[Total: 21]

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David Parnell is a trader. His financial year ends on 30 September. He purchas following motor vehicles on credit from Peter Drury on 1 October 2004.

> Motor vehicle KUA 468 costing \$20 000 Motor vehicle VWU 503 costing \$16 000

www.PapaCambridge.com David Parnell decided that depreciation should be calculated on motor vehicles owned at 30 September each year at the rate of 25% per annum, using the straight line method. A full year's depreciation should be provided in the year of purchase, but no depreciation should be provided in the year of disposal.

On 1 April 2006 David Parnell decided that only one motor vehicle was required and he sold motor vehicle VWU 503 on credit to Remuera Traders for \$12 500.

REQUIRED

(a)	(i)	Name one accounting principle which is applied when fixed assets are depreciated.
		[1]
	(ii)	Explain why the accounting principle named in (i) is applied when providing for depreciation of fixed assets.
		[2]

- (b) Write up the following accounts in David Parnell's ledger for each of the years ended 30 September 2005 and 30 September 2006:
 - (i) Motor vehicles account
 - (ii) Provision for depreciation of motor vehicles account
 - (iii) Disposal of motor vehicles account

Where traditional "T" accounts are used they should be balanced at the end of each year and, where appropriate, the balance brought down on the first day of the following financial year. Where three column running balance accounts are used the balance column should be up-dated after each entry.

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(i)	Motor vehicles account	Use
		Use Con
		_
(ii)	Provision for depreciation of motor vehicles account	

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	(iii)	Disposal of motor vehicles account
		[16]
(c)	арр 30	ng your answer to (b) , state the entries in relation to motor vehicles which will ear in David Parnell's Profit and Loss Account for the year ended September 2006. State whether the Profit and Loss Account would be debited or dited for each entry.
		[2]

[Total: 21]

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www.PapaCambridge.com Maria Mafule is a sole trader. She sells leather goods to retail shops. Her finance 5 ends on 30 September. She provided the following information:

For the year ended 30 September 2006

	\$	\$
Sales cash	13 000	
credit	<u>47 000</u>	60 000
Purchases cash	5 000	
credit	<u>39 000</u>	44 000

At 30 September 2006

	\$
Stock	3900
Debtors	5200
Creditors	4200
Bank overdraft	2800

Maria decides to compare her liquidity position on 30 September 2006 with that on 30 September 2005.

REQUIRED

Workings

(a) Complete the table on the following page to show the ratios for Maria's business for the year ended 30 September 2006. You may use the space below for your workings.

Calculations should be correct to two decimal places for (i) and (ii) and should be rounded up to the next whole day for (iii) and (iv).

Place	the ratios you have calculated in	17 nto the box below.	For Examiner's Use
	Ratio	Year ended 30 September 2005	Year ended 30 September 2006
(i)	Current ratio	2.39:1	Year ended 30 September 2006
(ii)	Quick ratio	1.06:1	
(iii)	Collection period for debtors	34 days	
(iv)	Payment period for creditors	26 days	

[6]

(b)	For each of the following ratios suggest one possible reason which could account the change in the ratio between 30 September 2005 and 30 September 2006.	for
	Current ratio	
	Quick Ratio	
		[2]

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(c)	For each of the following ratios suggest two possible reasons which could accepte the change in the ratio between 30 September 2005 and 30 September 2006. Collection period for debtors (i)
	Collection period for debtors
	(i)
	(ii)
ı	Payment period for creditors
	(i)
	(ii)
	[4]
	ria Mafula is interested in comparing her results with those of another business and has ained the final accounts of some other businesses in the same city.
RE	QUIRED
(d)	Explain three factors which Maria should bear in mind when attempting to compare her results with the accounts she has obtained relating to other businesses.
	(i)
	(ii)
	(iii)
	[6]
	[Total: 18]

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