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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/11

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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|--------|--------------------------------|----------|-------|
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1 Key

(a) C

(b) D

(c) B [1]

(d) D [1]

(e) B [1]

(f) A [1]

(g) B [1]

(h) A [1]

(i) B [1]

(j) C [1]

[Total 10]

- (a) Inventory (stock), trade receivables (debtors), other receivable (prepayment), bank, cash. (Any two, 1 mark each).
 - (b) Assets = capital (equity) + liabilities (or any variation of the correct equation) [1]

(c)

| | Capital | Revenue |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Repairs to workshop windows | | √ (1) |
| Installation of alarm system | √ (1) | |
| Storage shelves for tools | √ (1) | |

[3]

| | | | My | |
|----------------|------------------------------|---|----------|-------------|
| Page 3 | 3 | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version | Syllabus | V |
| _ | | IGCSE – October/November 2011 | 0452 | 2 |
| (d) (i) | Sale | es (debtors, receivables) [ledger] | | a Cambridge |
| (ii) | Non | ninal (general) [ledger] | | 90 |
| | | | | 20 |
| (e) (i) | sing ente ente ente | or of addition in trial balance or ledger account, le entry, ering item on wrong side ering transaction twice on same side of ledger, ering different credit and debit amounts. Yone description, or an actual example of one of the | | [1] |
| | (, ,,, | , one decomplian, or an actual example of one of the | , | r.1 |
| (ii) | Orig | inal entry | | [1] |
| (f) Per | rcenta | age of net profit to revenue = (125 000 – 85 000 – 25 000 (1) / 125 000 (1) = 20.00 % (1)OF | | [3] |
| (g) Bal | lance | per bank statement = balance per cash book + unp = 2 400 (1) + 860 (1) = 3 260 (1) (Actual figure only) | · | [3] |

(h) Share capital = ordinary shares $120\ 000 \times 0.25 = 30\ 000$ (2) + preference shares $10\ 000 \times 1.00 = 10\ 000$ (2) = 40 000 [4]

[Total: 20]

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| 3 | (a) | | | | | | | Moloch Cash book | | | | |
|---|-----|---------|--------------|---------------------|-----------|-------|-----|---------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| | | Date | Details | Discount Allowed | Cash | Bank | | Date | Details | Discount Received | Cash | Bank |
| | | | | \$ | \$ | \$ | | | | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| | | October | | • | · | · | | October | | | · | • |
| | | 1 | Balance b/d | | 650 | 3 200 | (1) | 5 | Purchases (not Andrews) | | 2 880 (1 |) |
| | | 3 | Justin | 10 (1) | | 390 | (1) | 7 | Wages | | 630 (1 |) |
| | | 6 | Munira | . , | | 150 | | | • | | • | |
| | | 7 | [Cash] sales | ; | 3 650 (1) | | | | | | | |
| | | | Totals | 10 | 4 300 | 3 740 | | 7 | Balance c/d Totals | | <u>790</u> 4 300 | 3 740 3 740 |

Notes: Total reversal – no marks

Award 1 mark for both correct opening balances

Narrative and correct amount for mark

No marks for balances carried down or totals

+ 1 mark for correct dates (but disregard any date where no mark allocated to that entry)

[8]

| Page 5 | Mark Scho | | | | Syllabus | 3 | de la | |
|-----------------|--|----------|---------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|------------|------|
| | IGCSE – C | Octobei | r/Novem | 1ber 2011 | 0452 | | 200 | 1 |
| o) | | Reve | enue (sa | ıles) accoun | t | ` | (1) (1) | 2. |
| · | | 1.00 | 31140 (00 | October | | | | 100 |
| | | | | 4 | Hercules | 800 | (1) | 1 |
| | | | | 7 | Cash (not sales) | 3 650 | (1) | |
| | | | ' | | accept cash book | (| | ` |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | Р | urchase | s account | | | | |
| Octobe | er | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Cash [book] | 2 880 | (1)OF | | | | | |
| | (not Andrews) | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | Dicco | ount room | eived accour | nt. | | | |
| | | DISCO | Juni rece | erved accour | IL | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | Disc | ount allo | wed accoun | t | | | |
| Octobe | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Total [for week] | 10 | (1)OF | | | | | |
| | allow cash book | | | | | | | |
| | not Justin | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | ŀ | Hercules | account | | | | |
| Octobe | | | | | | | | • |
| 4 | Sales | 800 | (1) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Justin a | account | | | | |
| •••••• | | | | October | | | | • |
| | | | | 3 | Bank | | (1)OF} | |
| | | | | 3 | Discount | 10 | (1)OF} | |
| | | | | | | | | boo |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Munira | account | | | | |
| ••••• | | | | October | | | | • |
| | | | | 6 | Bank | | (1)OF | |
| | | | | | accept cash book | (| | [9 |
| Nata: 4 | Many anna fishings fish | | مطارين (ه / | ا حدوسه و | ا - ا - ا - ا | و مناجلات ما | سالم نام | 4- |
| | Allow own figures fro | | | e errors nav | e been made in ca | aicuiating | j aiscou | ınts |
| | t narrative and figure rk for correct dates | e ior ea | on mark | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| + 1 ma | | | | | | | | |
| + 1 ma | rk for any reversal | | | | | | | |
| + 1 ma | | | | | | | | |
| + 1 ma No ma | | | | | | | | [2 |

(d) A provision for doubtful debts is [an estimate of] the amount which a business may lose because of bad debts. [2]

[2]

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|--------|--------------------------------|----------|-----|----|
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- **(e)** Trade receivables \$8 200 @ 5% = \$410 (2)
- (f) By comparing (1) the amount of actual bad debts (1) with the provision made. (1) (or equivalent wording to convey correct meaning)

[Total: 26]

| 4 | (a) | Henrietta |
|---|-----|-----------------------------------|
| | | Trial Balance at 30 September 201 |

| \$ | \$ | |
|----------------|---|--|
| | 124 100 | (1) |
| 14 500 (1) | | |
| 77 000 (1) | | |
| | 2 800 | (1) |
| 1 100 (1) | | |
| 19 000 (1) | | |
| 26 500 (1) | | |
| | 25 000 | (1) |
| 15 600 (1) | | |
| | 1 800 | (1)OF |
| <u>153 700</u> | <u>153 700</u> | |
| | 14 500 (1) 77 000 (1) 1 100 (1) 19 000 (1) 26 500 (1) 15 600 (1) | 124 100 14 500 (1) 77 000 (1) 2 800 1 100 (1) 19 000 (1) 26 500 (1) 25 000 15 600 (1) 1 800 |

OF mark for suspense account if trial balance balances Must be in trial balance format – no marks for e.g. balance sheet layout [10]

(b)

| | Dr | Cr |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
| Suspense | 2 200 (1) | |
| Revenue (sales) | | 2 200 (1) |

| Drawings | 400 (1) | |
|----------|---------|---------|
| Suspense | | 400 (1) |

| Wages | 650 (1) | |
|-------------|---------|---------|
| Cash [book] | | 650 (1) |

Narrative, correct amount and on correct side for mark

[6]

[3]

(c) Henrietta
Suspense account

| | Difference on t/b | 1 800 (1)OF from 4(a) |
|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | (accept balance) | |
| <u>2 200</u> (1) | Drawings | <u>400</u> (1)OF from 4(b) |
| <u>2 200</u> | l | <u>2 200</u> |
| | 0.000 (4) | (accept Balance) |

[Total 19]

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- 5 (a) A non-current asset is an asset held for the long term for use by a business (1) and resale.(1) (Accept comments about allowing a business to earn revenue) (Do not accept just fixed asset)
 - (b) Depreciation
 - (i) Year 1 (3600 450)(1)/3(1) = 1050(1)OF
 - (ii) Year 2 1 050 (1)OF from (i)
 - (iii) Year 3 1 050 (1)OF from (i)

Only award component marks (max 2) in (i) if candidate gives NBV as their answer

(c) Queresh Income statement for the year ended 30 September 2011

Revenue (sales) 72 500 (1)
Less returns 800 (1)
71 700

Cost of sales

Inventory at 1 October 2010 6 000 (1)
Raw materials (purchases) 48 800 (1)
54 800
Inventory at 30 September 2011 7 600 (1)

Gross profit 24 500 (1)OF
Other operating income (6 500 (1) – 1 300 (1))
(accept rent receivable, award 1 mark for 7 800

with or without workings) 29 700

Expenses

Distribution expenses 2 580 (1) Administrative expenses (8 225 (1) + 375 (1)) 8 600

(award 1 mark for 7 850 with or without workings)

Other operating expenses 1 600 (1)
Depreciation (accept OF from year 1 only) 1 050 (1)OF
Finance costs 1 380 (1)

Profit for the year 14 490 (1)OF

(Do **not** award marks for rent receivable if shown as an expense, but you **may** award an OF mark for the profit for the year if arithmetically correct even if rent is included as an expense.)
[15]

(d) Depreciation should be included as a charge to the income statement so that the cost of the non-current asset is spread over the life of the asset or he is following the matching principle (1) and the profit is not overstated (accept accurate or realistic) or he is following the prudence principle (1). [2]

(e) Increase revenue, increase prices, reduce cost of sales, reduce (control) expenses. (any one)

[Total 26]

[2]

[5]

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6 (a)

| Vasco's garage | Xavier's garage |
|---|--|
| Workings: 124 000 - 114 700 = 9 300 (1) 9 300 / 124 000 (1) = | Workings: 80 000 - 60 000 = 20 000 (1) 20 000 / 80 000 (1) = |
| Answer: 7.5 % (1)OF | Answer: 25.0 % (1)OF |

[6]

(b)

| Vasco's garage | Xavier's garage |
|--|--|
| Workings: 9 300 – 5 600 = 3 700 (1)OF 3 700 / 20 000 (1) = | Workings: 20 000 - 12 000 = 8 000 (1)OF 8 000 / 60 000 (1) = |
| Answer: 18.5 % (1)OF | Answer: 13.3 % (1)OF |

Answer must be expressed as a percentage with or without % sign – answers expressed as decimals e.g. 0.2 (0.185) are not acceptable.

(c)

| | Increase | Decrease | No effect |
|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Percentage of gross profit to sales | | √ (2) | |
| Return on capital employed | √ (2) | | |

[4]

(d) Yes (1)

Reasons:

- 1 Selling car parts and opening a workshop would increase Vasco's profits (1)
- The percentage of gross profit to sales would increase as the profitability of selling parts is higher than selling fuel (1) [3]

(Not possible to award marks for comments about return on capital as not known)

[Total 19]

[6]