## MARK SCHEME for the October／November 2015 series

## 0452 ACCOUNTING

0452／21
Paper 2，maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates，to indicate the requirements of the examination．It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks．It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners＇meeting before marking began， which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers．

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1 (a)


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(b) (i) $\$ 316$ (1)
(ii) Mariam Soliman (1)
[2]
(c)

| Transaction | Document | Book of prime (original) entry |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| August 9 Goods | Sales invoice | (1) | Sales Journal | (1) |
| 13 | Returns | Credit note | (1) | Sales Returns Journal |
| 24 | (1) |  |  |  |
| Payment | Cheque (OR <br> Paying in book) | (1) | Cash book | (1) |

(d)

Mariam Soliman
Shahid Ayub Account


Three column running balance presentation acceptable
$+(1)$ for dates
[Total: 23]

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2 (a)
Grace Zindi
Income Statement for the year ended 31 July 2015

|  | \$ |  | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income from Clients (28500 (1) + 3400 (1) ) |  |  | 31900 |
| Commission receivable (7600 (1) +250 (1)) |  |  | 7850 |
|  |  |  | 39750 |
| Wages | 21600 | (1) |  |
| Rates and Insurance ((3900 (1) - 300 (1)) $\times 3 / 4$ (1)) | 2700 |  |  |
| General Expenses | 990 | (1) |  |
| Heat and Light | 710 | (1) |  |
| Provision for Doubtful Debts ( $1 \% \times 3400$ ) | 34 | (1) |  |
| Depreciation motor vehicles (12500-4500 (1) $\times 20 \%(1)$ ) | 1600 |  |  |
| Depreciation office equipment (11400 + 6900 (1) - 14500 (1)) | 3800 |  | 31434 |
| Profit for the year |  |  | 8316 |

(b)

Grace Zindi
Capital Account

+(1) For dates
Three column running balance presentation acceptable
(c) Revenue for the year is matched against the costs of the same period (1)

Example
Either Insurance prepaid at year-end was deducted
Or Commission receivable outstanding at year-end was added
Or Amount owing from clients at year-end was added (1)
(d) The business is treated as being separate from the owner (1)

Example
The proportion of rates and insurance relating to the owner's flat was excluded from the business expenses (1)
[Total: 26]

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3 (a) Physical deterioration
Economic reasons
Passage of time
Depletion
Any 2 reasons (1) each
(b) The depreciation is calculated on the net cost price (1) and the same amount is written off each year (1)
(c) The same percentage is written off each year (1) but it is calculated on the net book value of the asset (1)
(d) Ensures that non-current assets are shown at more realistic values (1)

Ensures that the profit for the year is not overstated (1)
(e) Accruals (matching) (1)

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(f) (i)

## Natasha Salim

Machinery Account

| 2013 | \$ |  |  | 2014 | Balance c/d | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct 1 | Bank | 4000 | (1) | Sept 30 |  | 10000 |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan 1 | ABC Machines | 6000 | (1) |  |  |  |
|  |  | 10000 |  |  |  | 10000 |
| 2014 |  |  |  | 2015 |  |  |
| Oct 1 | Balance b/d | 10000 | (1)OF | Feb 1 | Disposal | 4000 |
|  |  |  |  | Sept 30 | Balance c/d | 6000 |
|  |  | 10000 |  |  |  | 10000 |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct 1 | Balance b/d | 6000 | (1)OF |  |  |  |

(ii)

Provisions for depreciation of machinery account

| 2014 |  | \$ |  | 2014 |  | \$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sept 30 | Balance c/d | 2000 |  | Sept 30 | Income |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Statement |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 800(1) + 1200 (1) | 2000 |  |
|  |  | 2000 |  |  |  | 2000 |  |
| 2015 |  |  |  | 2014 |  |  |  |
| Feb 1 | Disposal | 800 | (1) | Oct 1 | Balance b/d | 2000 | (1)OF |
| Sept 30 | Balance c/d | 2160 |  | 2015 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Sept 30 | Income |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Statement | 960 | (1) |
|  |  | 2960 |  |  |  | 2960 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 2015 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Oct 1 | Balance b/d | 2160 | (1)OF |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (2)CF |

Three column running balance presentation acceptable
(g)

|  | \$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2100 |  |
| Provision for depreciation | 800 | (1)OF |
|  | 2900 |  |
| Less Cost Price | 4000 | (1) |
| Profit/Loss (1) on disposal | 1100 | (1)OF |
| Accept alternative form |  |  |


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4 (a)
Moses and Tobias Lyambo
Corrected Statement of Financial Position at 31 October 2015

|  | \$ | \$ | \$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Non-current assets |  |  |  |  |
| Premises at cost |  |  | 80000 |  |
| Fixtures and Equipment at book value |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 101700 | (1) |
| Current Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Inventory |  |  | 6950 |  |
| Trade Receivable |  | 5200 |  |  |
| Provision for doubtful debts |  | 130 (1) | 5070 |  |
| Bank (1500-70) |  |  | 1430 | (1) |
| Cash |  |  | 500 | (1) |
|  |  |  | 13950 | (1)OF |
| Total assets |  |  | 115650 |  |
| Capital and liabilities |  |  |  |  |
|  | M lyambo | T lyambo | Total |  |
| Capital Accounts | 65000 | 35000 | 100000 | (1) |
| Current Accounts - |  |  |  |  |
| Balance | (2000) | 3500 (1) |  |  |
| Share of Profit | 9000 | 9000 (1) |  |  |
|  | 7000 | 12500 |  |  |
| Drawings | 8000 | 5500 (1) |  |  |
|  | 1000 (1) | 7000 (1) | 6000 | (1)OF |
|  |  |  | 106000 | (1)OF |
| Current liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Trade Payables |  |  | 8520 |  |
| Other Payables |  |  | 1130 | (1) |
|  |  |  | 9650 | (1) |
| Total Liabilities |  |  | 115650 |  |

## Accept current account calculations outside statement

(b) Introduce more capital

Obtain long-term loan
Mortgage premises
Or other suitable way
Any two ways (1) each

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(c) Introduce more capital

Obtain long-term loan
Mortgage premises
Or other suitable way
Any two ways (1) each
(d)

|  | Increase | Decrease | No effect |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sale of surplus equipment | $\checkmark(1)$ |  |  |
| Delay payment to credit suppliers |  |  | $\checkmark$ (1) |
| Paying surplus cash into bank |  |  | $\checkmark(1)$ |
| Writing off a bad debt |  | $\checkmark$ (1) |  |


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5 (a)
Kelbrook Limited
Extract from Statement of Financial Position at 30 September 2015

|  | $\$$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Equity and Reserves |  |  |
| Ordinary Share Capital | 90000 | (1) |
| General Reserve (4000 (1) + 2000 (1) | 6000 |  |
| Retained Earnings (5500 (1) +2500 (1)) | 8000 |  |
|  | 104000 |  |

(b)

| Workings | Current ratio |
| :---: | :---: |
| $(5100+8500):(6100+4300+1400)$ <br> $13600: 11800(1)$ | Answer to two <br> decimal places |
|  | $1.15: 1$ (1) |
|  |  |


| Quick ratio |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Workings | Answer to two <br> decimal places |
| $8500:(6100+4300+1400)$ | $0.72: 1$ (1) |
| $8500: 11800$ (1) |  |
|  |  |


| Return on capital employed (ROCE) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Workings | Answer to two |
| 9000 \} $\times \underline{100}$ | decimal places |
| $90000+6000+8000\}$ (1) |  |
| OR | 8.65\% (1) |
| $9000 \quad \times 100$ |  |
| $102200+13600-11800\}$ (1) 1 |  |


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(c) Ratio has fallen

Current assets only just cover the current liabilities
May have problems in meeting debts when they fall due
Is below the generally-accepted "benchmark"
Or other suitable comments based on answer to (b)
Any 2 points (1) each
(d) Change from positive bank balance to overdraft/increase in overdraft/reduction in bank balance
Increased expenditure on inventory/increase in inventory
Purchase of non-current assets
Repayment of long-term loan
Increase in current liabilities
Decrease in trade receivables
Any 1 reason (1)
(e) Increase the profit

Reduce the capital employed
Any 2 reasons (1) each
(f) (i) $\frac{8500}{45000} \times \frac{365}{1}$ (1) $=69$ days (1)
(ii) On average credit customers are taking 9 days more than is allowed This may affect the ability of the business to pay current liabilities This may affect the ability of the business to take advantage of opportunities when they arise
Or other suitable comments based on answer to (f)(i)
Any 2 points (1) each
(g) On average are taking 22 days more than is allowed to pay credit suppliers This may be caused by the credit customers taking too long to pay May result in further supplies being refused

## Or other suitable points

Any 2 points (1) each

