

#### **Cambridge Assessment International Education**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

ACCOUNTING

Paper 2

MARK SCHEME

0452/23

May/June 2019

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 120

#### **Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2019 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

#### **Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- · marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the
  question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

© UCLES 2019 Page 2 of 14

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

© UCLES 2019 Page 3 of 14

Question							Ans	swer							Marks
1(a)	Annabel Cash Book									13					
	Date 2019 April 1 8 21 25 30  2019 May 1  + (1) tota + (1) dat	Details  Balance Ellie Caleb Bank Carly Balance  Balance	b/d c/d b/d	(1) (1) (1) (1)	Disc. \$ 9 6	Cash \$ 150 200 350 54 (1)OF	Bank \$ 441 310 294 1003 2048	Date 2019 April 1 15 25 27 30  2019 May 1	Details  Balance Ed Cash Operating Caleb (dis Bank charg Balance	chq)	(1) (1) es (1) (1) (1)	Disc. \$ 12	Cash \$ 296 54 350	Bank \$ 988 468 200 310 82 2 048 1003 (1)OF	
1(b)				docum	ent			person i	ssuing the	docum	ent				
			-	invoice				Ed			(1)				
			_	debit n	ote			Annabel			(1)				
				credit n	ote			Ed			(1)				
				statem	ent of acc	count		Ed			(1)				
1(c)	A debit no	ote is sent by	/ the cı	ıstomer	to the su	pplier (1)	to ask fo	or a reduct	ion in an inv	oice/wh	en god	ds are re	turned (1	l)	
		ote is sent by		upplier t	to the cus	stomer (1	) to notify	y of a redu	ction in an i	nvoice/a	ccept ı	returns/ad	ccept req	uest for	

© UCLES 2019 Page 4 of 14

Question	Answer	Marks
1(d)	To notify the customer of the amount outstanding/to remind the customer of the amount due To summarise the transactions for the month To provide the customer with a copy of their account for checking purposes  Any 1 reason (1)	1

Question			Answer		Marks			
2(a)	NS Musical Society Subscriptions account							
	Date Details 2018	5 9	Date Details 2018	\$				
	Feb 1 Baland		00 Feb 1 Balance b/o					
	Jan 31 Incom expen Balan	diture <b>(1)</b> 3 0	Jan 31 *Bank/Cash 200	(1) (1) 3 050				
			2019	3 300				
			Feb 1 Balance b/o	d <b>(1)</b> 200				
	+ (1) dates	·						

© UCLES 2019 Page 5 of 14

Question	Answer		Marks
2(b)	NS Musical Society Receipts and Payments Account for the year		11
	2019   Subscriptions   (1)OF   3 050   Feb   1   2 560   2019   Jan   31	Details       \$         Balance       b/d       (1)       780         Rates       (1)       2 000         Insurance       (1)       700         Concert expenses       (1)       1 610         Musical Instruments       (1)       1 050         *Missing amount       (1)       2 000         8 140       8 140	
	+ (1) dates		
2(c)	Item	\$	6
	Concert	950 (1)	
	Insurance	2 400 (1)	
	Rates	600 (1)	
	Depreciation of musical instruments 10% × (3600 + 2100 – 120(1))	558 <b>(1)OF</b>	
	Sale of musical instrument	20 (1)	

Question	Answer	Marks
2(d)	The total amount receivable from members each year would increase by \$600 The annual surplus for the year would increase by \$600 This total receipts would increase by \$600 per annum if all the members paid their subscription in full each year This would reduce the overdraft by \$600 The existing overdraft would have only been \$430 if the theft had not occurred Membership may fall if the annual subscription is increased  Or other suitable comments Any 3 comments (1) each	3

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Question	Answer					Marks		
3(a)	Jamal							
	Manufacturing Account for the year	ended 28 Febr	uary	2019				
		\$		\$				
	Cost of materials consumed	•		•				
	Purchases of raw materials	45 680						
	Less Purchases returns	1 030	(1)	44 650				
	Carriage on raw materials	_	,	3 240	(1)			
	3			47 890	_			
	Closing inventory of raw materials			4 150				
	,			43 740	(1)			
	Direct wages 29 750 (1) + 3040 (1)			32 790	( )			
	Prime cost			76 530	(1)OF			
	Factory overheads				` ,			
	Indirect factory wages	18 750						
	Operating expenses $(8250 + 550)$ (1) $\times$ 75% (1)	6 600						
	Insurance $(3200 - 800)$ (1) $\times$ 75% (1)	1 800						
	Depreciation – factory machinery	8 800	(1)					
	loose tools	330	(1)	36 280	_			
				112 810	(1)OF			
	Closing work in progress			3 3 1 0	(1)			
	Cost of production			109 500	(1)OF			

© UCLES 2019 Page 8 of 14

Question		Answer				Marks
3(b)	Income Statement (Trad	Jamal ing section) for the y	ear ended 28 Februa	ary 2019		7
	Revenue Less Sales returns Cost of sales Cost of production Purchases of finished goods Closing inventory of finished goods Gross profit		\$ 143 500 (1)OF 2 250 (1)  109 500 (1)OF 12 400 (1) 121 900 8 900 (1)	141 250		
3(c)	Error	effect on cost of production	effect on gross profit	effect on profit for the year		6
	Returns of finished goods to the supplier, \$1 200, had not been recorded	no effect	understated	understated		
	Operating expenses accrued were \$850 not \$550	understated (1)	overstated (1)	overstated (1)		
	Salesman's commission, \$1 850, had been included in indirect factory wages	overstated (1)	understated (1)	no effect (1)		

© UCLES 2019 Page 9 of 14

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	Shen Rates account	9
	Date 2018 Mar 31 Bank Bank Bank Peb 1 Balance b/d (1) Balance	
	Commission receivable account	
	Date 2018   Details   \$ Date 2018   \$ Date 2018   \$ Balance b/d (1) 210   Mar 1 Aug 31 2019   \$ (1) 95   \$ (2) 40   \$ (2)	
	Jan 31         Income statement         209         Jan 31         Balance         c/d         114           2019         Feb 1         Balance         b/d (1)OF         114         419	
	+ (1) dates	
4(b)	$\frac{(25850 - 5150)}{(1890 + 2040)/2} = \frac{20700 \text{ (1)}}{1965 \text{ (1)}} = 10.53 \text{ times (1)}$	3

© UCLES 2019 Page 10 of 14

Question	Answer	Marks
4(c)	If answer to 4(b) is below 11.50 times Unsatisfied (1) Goods are not being sold as quickly as in the previous year/lower sales/increased inventory (1)	2
	If answer to 4(b) is above 11.50 times Satisfied (1) Goods are being sold more quickly than in the previous year/increased sales/decreased inventory (1)	
4(d)	Increase sales activity/higher sales Reduce level of inventory	2
	Or other suitable point Any 2 points (1) each	
4(e)	To apply the principle of prudence To ensure that the profit for the year is not overstated To ensure that the inventory/current assets are not overstated To apply the principle of consistency To apply the principle of accruals (matching)	2
	Any 2 reasons (1) each	

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Question	Answer							
4(f)			overstated	understated		4		
	curr	rent assets at 31 January 2019	✓					
		ss profit for the year ended 31 nuary 2019	✓		(1)			
	сар	oital at 31 January 2019	✓		(1)			
		t of sales for the year ending 31 luary 2020	✓		(1)			
	prof 202	fit for the year ending 31 January 20		✓	(1)			

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)(i)	$\frac{7250}{118000} \times \frac{365}{1}$ } (1) whole formula = 22.43 = 23 days (1)	2
5(a)(ii)	Improve credit control Issue invoices and statements promptly Offer cash discount for prompt payment Charge interest on overdue accounts Refuse further supplies until outstanding balance is paid Invoice discounting and debt factoring	2
	Any two methods (1) each	

© UCLES 2019 Page 12 of 14

Question	Answer	Marks
5(b)(i)	$\frac{6600}{94000} \times \frac{365}{1}$ } (1) whole formula = 25.63 = 26 days(1)	2
5(b)(ii)	If answer to 5(b)(i) is less than 30 days Is deprived of the use of the money within the business earlier than previously Relationship with trade payables may be improved May be entitled to cash discount Will avoid being charged interest on overdue accounts  If answer to 5(b)(i) is more than 30 days Has use of money for a longer period Relationship with trade payables may deteriorate Will lose cash discount May be charged interest on overdue accounts  Any 2 points (1) each	2
5(c)(i)	$\frac{(118000-94350)}{118000}\times\frac{100}{1}=\frac{23650}{118000}\times\frac{100}{1}$ } whole formula (1) = 20.04% (1)	2
5(c)(ii)	$\frac{9900}{118000} \times \frac{100}{1}$ } whole formula (1) = 8.39% (1)	2
5(c)(iii)	Either $\frac{14100}{271000  \text{(1)}} \times \frac{100}{1} = 5.20\%  \text{(1)}$	2
	Or $\frac{9900}{271000 \text{ (1)}} \times \frac{100}{1} = 3.65\% \text{ (1)}$	

© UCLES 2019 Page 13 of 14

Question	Answer				Marks
5(d)	Raj Statement of corrected profit for the year ended 31 March 2019				7
	Draft profit for the year before corrections			\$ 8 550	
		Increase in profit \$	Decrease in profit \$		
	Error 1	180 <b>(2)</b> *			
	Error 2		2 400 <b>(2)</b> *		
	Error 3		300 <b>(2)</b> *		
		180	2 700	2 520	
	Corrected profit for the year			6 030_(1) <b>OF</b>	
	* (1) for position and (1) for amount				

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