

	UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education
CANDIDATE NAME	
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE CANDIDATE NUMBER
AGRICULTUR Paper 3	E 0600/03 October/November 2008 1 hour 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen. You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid. DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

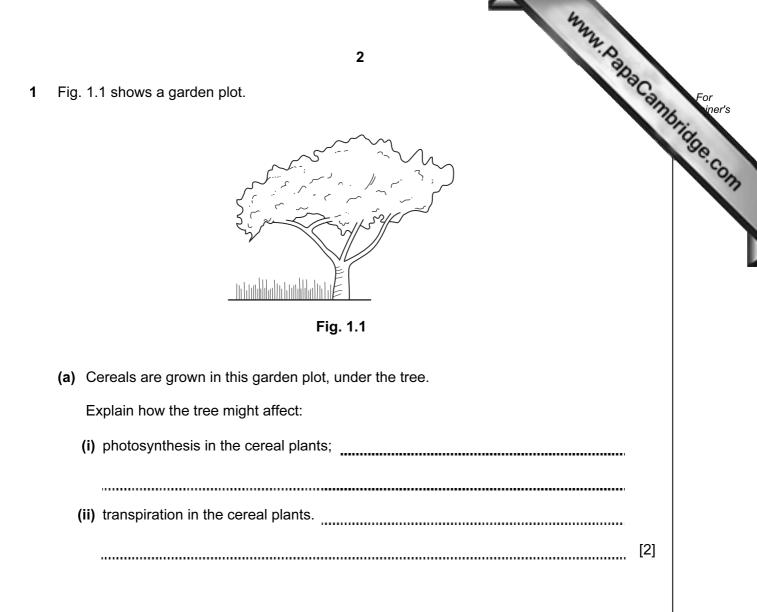
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

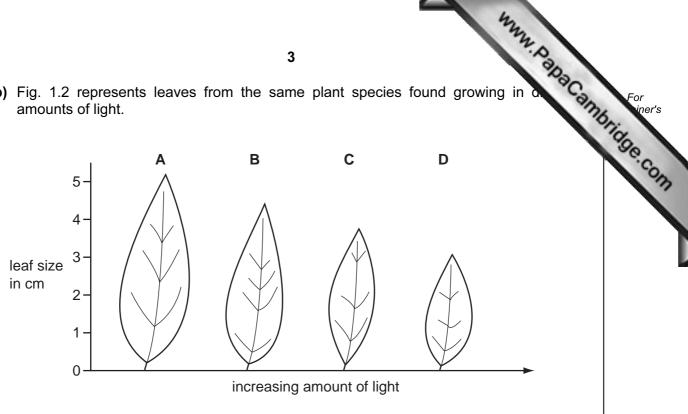
For Exam	iner's Use
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
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8	
9	
Total	

This document consists of 12 printed pages.





(b) Fig. 1.2 represents leaves from the same plant species found growing in The same p amounts of light.



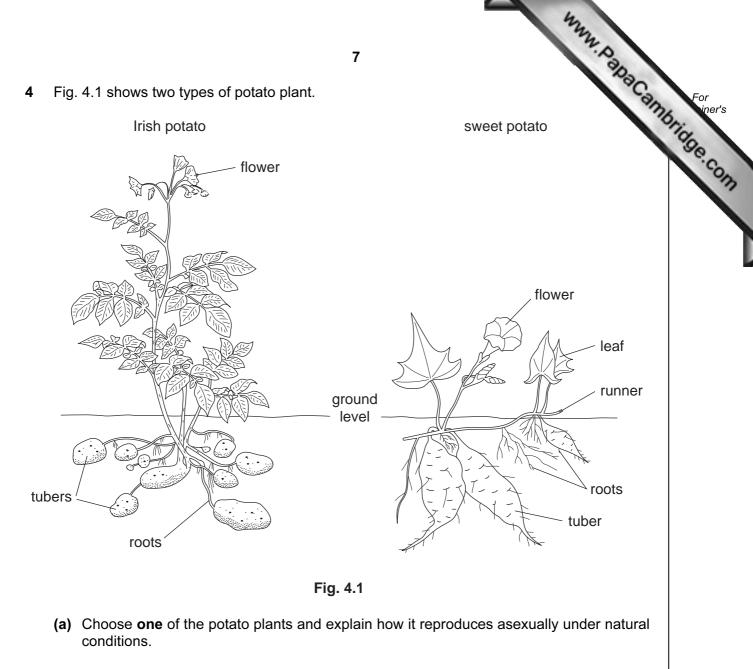


(i) Which condition produced the smallest leaf? [1] (ii) Name two conditions, other than light, that are essential for photosynthesis. 1 2 _____ [2] (iii) Name the main product of photosynthesis. [1]

	1333 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	4	
(c) (i)	4 Name two main areas within a plant to which the product of photosynthes move for storage or use. 1 2 [2]	For iner's
	1	1900
	2[2]	Con
(ii)	For a named crop, state the part of the plant which is eaten.	
	Name of crop	
	Part of plant eaten [1]	
(iii)	Describe two uses, other than food, to which some crop plants can be put.	
	[2]	
	[Total: 11]	

	Brie	efly desc	cribe a test to	o find the pH	of a soil.			aCar .
								Abrid
								WWW. Daba Cambridg
b)			2.1 shows t		in pH from a	field intens	sively grazed	and used for
					Table 2.1			
	У	ears	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
	sc	oil pH	5.0	7.5	7.0	6.0	5.5	5.25
	<i></i>							[1]
	(iii) (iv)	change	e in pH betw	een the year	s given in (ii) e land might o	cause the fa	all in pH betw	ccount for the [1] veen 2002 and
c)	(iv)	change Briefly 2006.	e in pH betwo	een the year	s given in (ii) e land might o	cause the fa	all in pH betw	ccount for the [1] veen 2002 and [2]
c)	(iv)	change Briefly 2006.	e in pH betwo suggest hov	een the year	s given in (ii) e land might o	cause the fa	all in pH betw	ccount for the [1] veen 2002 and [2]

		4334 ·	
		6	
(a)	Nam	ne a local weed and explain how it spreads in a crop or pasture.	Can
	wee	d	
	spre	6 ne a local weed and explain how it spreads in a crop or pasture.	
			[2]
(b)	Sug	gest why the plant you have named in 3(a) is a successful weed.	
			[2]
			[~]
(c)	-	ain why weeds should not be sprayed with herbicide:	
	(i)	just before rain;	
	(ii)	in windy weather	
	(11)	in windy weather.	[2]
			[_]
(d)		does planting crops with the correct spacing reduce the number of weeds found ving between the plants in the field?	
			[2]
(e)	Glyr	hosphate is a systemic herbicide (weed killer).	
()		Outline what you understand by the term systemic.	
			[2]
			[~]
	(ii)	What precautions should be taken when considering the use of a system pesticide on food crops?	
	(ii)	What precautions should be taken when considering the use of a system	
	(ii)	What precautions should be taken when considering the use of a system	



Potato chosen _____ [2]

(b) The Irish potato can be infected by a fungus.

State the weather conditions which would encourage infection and the spread of fungus disease.

[2]

[Total: 4]

- 5
 (a) As the human population increases, more food is needed but less land is availa farming.

 (i) Name a type of livestock that does not require a lot of land to live off.

 [1]

 (ii) Suggest two reasons why this animal is well suited to providing meat.

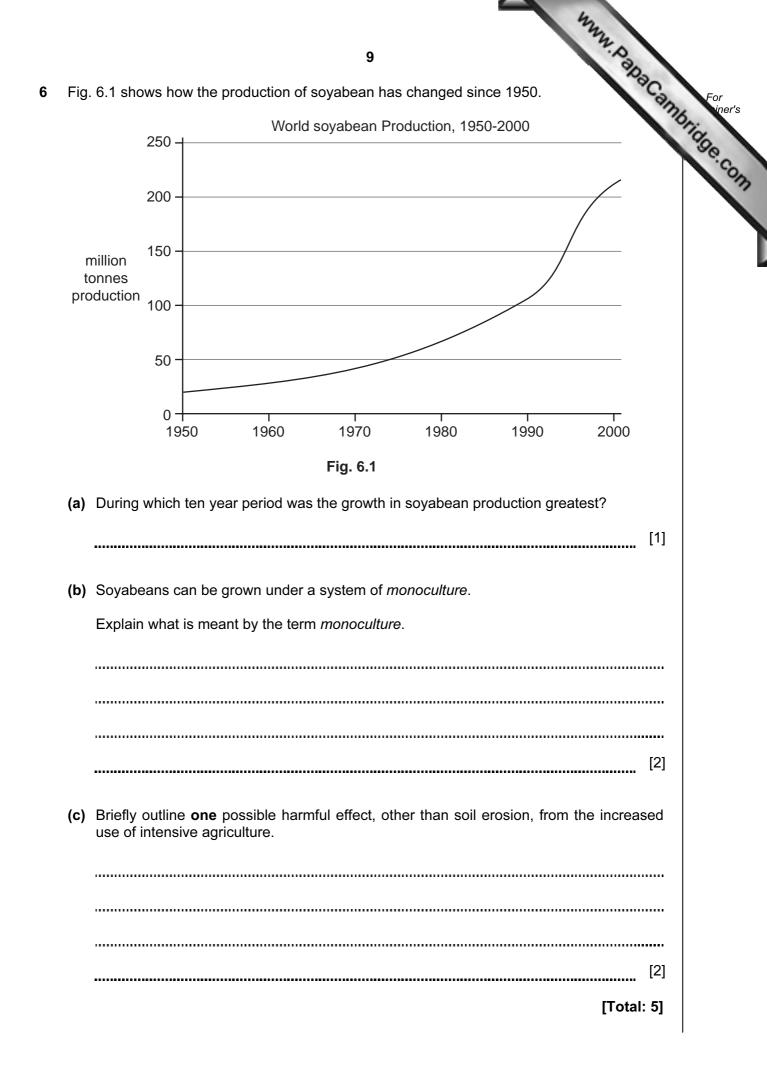
 [2]
 - (b) Fig. 5.1 shows some land in Africa that has suffered from the effects of soil erosion.



Fig. 5.1

Briefly describe two possible causes of such erosion.

1 ______ 2 _____ [4] [Total: 7]



www.papaCambridge.com 10 Fig. 7.1 shows a water catchment area. 7 Fig. 7.1 (a) Explain the term water catchment area. [2] (b) Suggest how the following techniques might help to conserve ground water. (i) mulching (ii) minimum tillage [2] (c) Explain the roles of the following in water treatment. (i) settlement (ii) having a covered dark holding tank in a high position [4] [Total: 8]

11 (a) For a named type of animal you have studied, state three characteristics th would select for when breeding to get improved offspring. name of animal 1	
(a) For a named type of animal you have studied, state three characteristics the would select for when breeding to get improved offspring.	aCann
name of animal	
1	
2	
3	[3]
(b) Farmers frequently use artificial insemination (A.I.) on their livestock.	
(i) Give two advantages of A.I. to the livestock farmer.	
1	
2	
(ii) Briefly explain the terms:	<u> [</u> 2]
genotype;	
phenotype.	
	[2]
(c) Many farm animals and crop plants give high yields but have poor disease resistance for a named animal or crop plant describe how a breeding programme could be to improve the disease resistance.	
name of crop or livestock	
outline breeding programme	
	 ГЛЛ
	_ [4] : 11]

	Mar Mar	
	12	
(a)	The owner of mixed farm has money to spend on fencing.	C2
	12 The owner of mixed farm has money to spend on fencing. The choices are: 1. fence around the vegetable garden; 2. fence around a paddock for goats. Discuss the economic factors that need to be considered in making a decision between choices 1 and 2	
	Discuss the economic factors that need to be considered in making a decision between choices 1 and 2.	on
		 [3]
(b)	Farms X and Y cover the same area of similar farmland.	
	Farm X had an input of US\$ 20,000 and a profit of US\$ 1500.	
	Farm Y had an input of US\$ 100,000 and a profit of US\$ 6000.	
	Which farm would you expect to be intensive? Give a reason for your answer.	
	······	[~]
(c)	Which farm made most profit per US\$ 100 of input? (Show your workings).	
		L—1
(d)	Give two reasons why, when considering the purchase of a farm, you should look more than one year's input and profit.	at
		[4]
	[Total: 1	1]

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